The DAILY COMMERCIAL, published by the Commercial Printing Company, corner Fifth avenue and Smithfield street, opposite Postoffice.

RUSSELL ERRETT, Editor.

☞ TERMS OF THE DAILY: Single copy, 3 cents; delivered by carriers (per week) 15 cents; subscribers by mail (per year), $10 00, postage pre-paid.

☞ Communications designed for publication should be addressed to the Editor.

☞ Letters on Business, Subscription, &c., address COMMERCIAL, Pittsburgh.

The Weekly Commercial, a large sheet containing all the Current News, Miscellaneous, Literary and Scientific Intelligence, and Valuable Reading for the family.

TERMS OF THE WEEKLY: Per Year (52 issues), $1 75; in Clubs of Twenty and over, $1 25; postage pre-paid; one copy gratis to the getter up of the Club. *The money must always accompany the Order, and in no instance can these terms be deviated from.*

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The Pittsburgh Commercial.

VOL. XII. PITTSBURGH, MONDAY MORNING, JULY 19, 1875. NO. 267.

The Daily and Weekly Commercial.—NEWSPAPER DECISIONS.—1. Any one who takes a paper regularly from the Postoffice—whether directed to his name or another's, or whether he has subscribed or not—is responsible for the payment.

2. If a person orders his paper discontinued, he must pay all arrearages, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made, and collect the whole amount whether the paper is taken from the office or not.

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FIRST EDITION.

FOREIGN NEWS.

BY THE ATLANTIC CABLE.

England.

ANNUAL DINNER OF COBDEN CLUB—SPEECHES BY AMERICANS.

LONDON, July 17.—At the annual dinner of the Cobden Club at Greenwich to-night, Michel Chevalier, the French political economist, presided. The Marquis of Hartington proposed the Chevalier's health, and presented him with a gold medal.

Mr. Forster, in reply to the toast, "Our Guests," referred to the Americans present, whom he could hardly call foreigners.

Mr. Forster introduced Gen. McDowell, who declared that America had nothing to be ashamed of in the way of free intercourse with the world. Every one coming there met with a hearty welcome and was granted equal privileges.

Nathan Appleton, of Boston, alluded to the approaching Centennial Exhibition at Philadelphia, and said he thought that Europe mistook its meaning, which principally was that of a union between the Northern and Southern States. He trusted Europeans would take the opportunity of visiting the exhibition, and that the next meeting of the Cobden Club would be held in Philadelphia.

The dinner closed with a vote of thanks to the Chairman. The American guests were cordially received.

THE AMERICAN RIFLEMEN AT WIMBLEDON.

LONDON, July 17.—The American riflemen began shooting at Wimbledon to-day. In consequence of rain, the match for the American cup was postponed until Wednesday next. The first consest was for the St. Leger sweepstakes, at 200 yards range. Each competitor has seven shots, and the possible score is thirty-five. There are several hundred competitors. Of the Americans Fulton has already scored thirty-five; Gildersleeve, thirty-four; Yale, thirty-three; Canfield, thirty-one, and Dakin twenty-seven. The shooting is still in progress. If Fulton's score is equaled the match will be shot off next week.

LONDON, July 18.—John Rigby, of the Irish team, tied J. Fulton in the shooting for the St. Leger stakes yesterday, making thirty-five points. The contest will be finished to-morrow.

Lord Wharncliffe entertained the American team at dinner to-day, at Wimbledon. Lady Wharncliffe, Lieutenant Colonel Phillips, Mr. Mildmay, Captain Peel and a number of other prominent persons were present. No speeches were made. The captains of the English, Irish and Scotch teams have petitioned the Council to permit the American to shoot the same as their teams and compete for the Elcho shield. The Americans concur in the application. No answer has yet been given by the Council.

TWELVE THOUSAND PERSONS IN HYDE PARK PROTEST AGAINST THE PRINCE OF WALES GRANT.

LONDON, July 18.—A meeting was held in Hyde Park to-day, to protest against the grant for the Prince of Wales' visit to India. Twelve thousand persons were present. Mr. Bradlaugh made a violent speech, and concluded by offering a resolution of a similar character. The resolution was adopted almost unanimously. Eight persons who voted against it were set upon by the crowd, and the police had to interfere for their protection.

DEATH OF LADY FRANKLIN.

LONDON, July 19, 5:30, A. M.—Lady Franklin, widow of Sir John Franklin, died last night.

Germany.

SUBMISSIVE CATHOLIC CLERGY TO BE PROTECTED.

LONDON, July 17.—A special dispatch from Berlin says the German Government has ordered that declarations of submission by Catholic clergymen to the new laws shall be kept strictly secret, to secure them from persecution by the Ultramontanes.

VON ARNIM ILL AT CARLSBAD.

Von Arnim has arrived at Carlsbad, his health in a precarious condition.

ELECTIONS IN BAVARIA.

BERLIN, July 17.—After a close contest at Wurzburg, the Liberals obtained a majority in the Electoral College, and it is now believed the Liberal ticket will be victorious throughout Bavaria.

Spain.

CROWDING THE CARLISTS.

MADRID, July 17.—The Carlists, under Poinles, are retreating upon the Amezuai Mountains toward Estella. They are pursued by Generals Quesada, Tello and Loma.

THE CARLISTS AT PUYCERDA.

SAN SEBASTIAN, July 18.—The Carlists are bombarding Puycerda.

Marine News.

LONDON, July 17.—Steamship Italia, from New York, arrived out.

PLYMOUTH, July 18.—Steamer Cimbria, from New York, arrived.

European Markets.

LONDON, July 17. 5 P. M.—Consols for money 94 1-16; for account 94⅛. United States bonds—5-20's, 1865, 106¾; do 1867, 107; 10-40's, 104¾; new 5's, 102¾. Railroad stocks—Erie 13½; preferred 26; New York Central 91.

PARIS, July 17.—Rentes 65 francs.

FRANKFORT, July 17.—United States bonds—5-20's 1862, 98¼.

ANTWERP, July 17.—Refined petroleum 23¾ francs.

LIVERPOOL, July 17.—Cotton quiet; middling upland 7d; Orleans 7⅛d. Sales of 6,000 bales, including 2,000 for speculation and export and 3,500 American. Flour—Extra State 22s. Wheat—No. 2 to No. 1 spring 9s@9s 7d. Corn 33⅛s. Pork—Western 73s. Lard 58s. Cheese 55s. Refined petroleum 9d; spirits do. 7¼d.

DONALDSON AND HIS BALLOON.

The Aeronauts Supposed to Have been Drowned in Lake Michigan.

CHICAGO, July 17.—Nothing has been heard from the two gentlemen who left this city in the Barnum balloon last Thursday evening. The general opinion this morning is that they were swept into the lake by the terrific storm of Thursday night. There are some, however, who still believe that the aeronauts are safe, though they have met some misfortune.

A GLEAM OF HOPE.

CHICAGO, July 17.—A special to the Chicago *Times*, from Goshen, Indiana, says that yesterday morning a balloon was seen passing over that city in an easterly direction. It was high in air and the parties in it were cheering. Whether it was Donaldson or some other aeronaut, is not known.

THOMAS GOES UP ALONE.

CHICAGO, July 17.—Up to midnight nothing further has been heard from the balloon party. A second assension was made this afternoon. This time the balloon contained only Mr. Thomas, Barnum's press agent. It bore away to the northwest. Nothing has been yet heard from it.

CHICAGO, July 18.—In regard to the missing balloon which left this city last Thursday afternoon, incoming vessels give the following statements, which seem to prove that the aeronauts have been drowned in Lake Michigan. Captain Furlong, of the steam barge New Era, reports seeing, about fifty miles northeast of Chicago, a life preserver, with the straps pulled out, floating in the water, and something near by which looked like the basket. He did not make it out exactly, not getting near enough. He had not heard of the missing balloon. Captain Costello, of the schooner Queen of the West, reports that Saturday evening he saw something like a balloon sticking out of the water about four miles from Grosse Point. He could not get near it. The captain of a lumber vessel, arrived to-day, reports seeing a floater, wearing a gray coat, about forty miles from Grand Haven. The balloon sent up yesterday landed safely.

NEWS SUMMARY.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Probabilities for To-Day—In the Lower Lake region and Middle States, higher barometer, northerly to easterly winds, clear or partly clouding and cooler weather than on Sunday, except possibly rain areas in Virginia.

There were five cases of sunstroke in Cincinnati on Saturday, two of which were fatal.

The United States Circuit Court, at Chicago, has decreed that the Wabash and Erie Canal of Indiana be sold.

Base ball—At Boston, Bostons 6, Chicagos 0. At Hartford, Hartfords 14, Philadelphias 5. At New York, St. Louis 10, Mutuals 4.

The steamers City of Berlin, Montana and Celtic, from Liverpool, and Aragon, from Bristol, have arrived at New York; and the San Marcos and Marathon, from Liverpool, at Boston.

A strong, well armed and equipped body of Uncapapa Sioux are on the war-path in the Black Hills. From Indian sources it is learned that they have had two encounters with white men, miners, and killed seven in one and three in another party.

The London and Westminster Bank has reduced its dividend from twenty per cent. per annum to ten per cent. per annum. Their losses on bad bills, &c., owing to recent failures, have used up half their reserve fund. Other leading banks have suffered severely of late from similar causes, but it is some satisfaction to know that the bulk of the large failures has fallen upon institutions so well able to meet the losses.—*Philadelphia Ledger.*

NEW YORK CITY.

Ramblings in the Metropolis—Walking up Broadway—Places of Historic Interest—Trinity Church—Graves of Alexander Hamilton, Robert Fulton, Albert Gallatin, Charlotte Temple and Others.

Special Correspondence of Pittsburgh Commercial.

NEW YORK, July 16, 1875.

We have now been four days in this great city, where we formerly lived, after an absence of five years. The city was then so beautiful, and presented such a finished appearance, in the thickly settled portions, that one would think that no change could have been made for centuries. But five years have wrought wonderful changes. Fine business blocks, such as would be considered magnificent, even along side of some of the best business blocks of our little town of Pittsburgh, have been torn down and replaced by grand and stately stone and marble edifices of beautiful architecture. New buildings have been erected on what were, five years ago, public or private squares. The homely stone and brick walls, which formerly surrounded the smaller parks and squares, such as Washington, Madison, Union and Battery, have been removed, and they are now bordered with cement walks, of which also the cross paths and roads are formed. The drives in many of them are now of the Nicholson pavement; but the worn ruts and depressions already prove that it is greatly inferior to the Belgian pavements, of which most of the streets of the city consist. The Belgian pavement is made of granite or other hard rock, squared and set on edge in parallel rows, and is much more durable than the old cobble stone of Pittsburgh.

Business in the city is not so dull as one would expect at this season of the year. Merchants are hopeful, and anticipate a good fall trade. The hotels appear to be doing a good business. The lists of arrivals in most of them, as registered, are quite large. This is always a pretty fair sign of good business, even during the pleasure season. But I will write more definitely of the business prospects another time. I have thought it would be interesting to the readers of the COMMERCIAL to make short notes of my walks in New York, and accordingly I started out this morning (Friday) to do Broadway, and send you the following as the result of my first ramble:

Castle Garden is a familiar name, and well known as the place of arrival and departure of emigrants. It is situated at the junction of the North and South rivers. It was originally a fortification, and at one time was used as a place of amusement, and was probably the largest audience room in the world. Jenny Lind made her first appearance in America at Castle Garden. The Commissioners of Emigration have their office here, and so well is it regulated that it is very difficult now for sharpers to impose upon "Fritz" when he lands in this country. Indeed, I found it impossible to get inside, notwithstanding I told everybody I met as door keepers that I was a stranger and desired admittance to get a view of the bay. It was no use; no body had any authority to admit strangers, nor could anybody tell me who had authority. I remained at the Castle, however, for some considerable time; finally a line was formed outside at the exit of one of the gates, on either side. This was a signal that a vessel had arrived, and the immigrants were coming. Here they come from the Fatherland, brown and weary looking, as if they had just left the fields and workshops of the old country, and hurriedly tied up their bundles, filled their knapsacks and packed their chests to seek new homes in America.

The lines which were formed on either side of the exit gate were composed principally of the friends of the immigrants, and all along the lines were happy greetings; yet it was a sad scene to a stranger—tears of joy are almost as sad as tears of sorrow to a lonely spectator, himself a stranger in a strange place. Poor Fritz! He looks hard worked and tired! May he find a hearty welcome and plenty of honest labor in the land of the free.

It is now 11:30 o'clock A. M., and we start on our walk up Broadway. We first take a glance at the Battery parks, which surround Castle Garden, at the foot or near the foot of Broadway. They consist of twelve acres, and are of the crescent form, having beautiful lawns, artificial stone walks, and a profusion of shrubbery and stately shade trees. It is a pleasant place of resort, and affords an excellent opportunity to visitors for inhaling the sea breeze. It affords also a delightful view of Quarantine and the bay. As we looked out toward the sea, we saw two steamers sailing majestically into port, to gladden the hearts of other friends, who were already on hand to form the lines at the exit gate. Good sea bathing can also be had on the borders of this park; there are plenty of bath boats for either sex.

No. 1 Broadway is the old Kennedy house. It is famous as having been successively the residence of Lord Cornwallis, General Clinton, Lord Howe and General Washington, during the War of Independence. It was erected in 1760 by Captain Kennedy, who returned to England previous to the Revolution. Talleyrand is also said to have passed some of his time under its roof.

Near this house the statute of George III. stood in the Bowling Green, before the Revolution, and many anxious hearts gathered in the Kennedy house to witness its destruction from the windows. Robert Fulton died in a house he built near this spot in the Bowling Green. Arnold also resided in this neighborhood when he concocted treason with Major Andre at the Clinton's—where he made his headquarters at the time. General Gage's headquarters in 1765 were also in a small low building now known as the Atlantic Garden. But there is so much of historic interest recorded in connection with No. 1 Broadway, that to exhaust the subject would require volumes, so we pass on, and find nothing notable except solid blocks of fine business buildings until we come to Trinity church; and who has not heard of Trinity church, New York? It stands on the west side of Broadway, at the head of Wall street, like a mighty sentinel standing guard over the bulls and bears on 'Change. The present edifice, being the third erected on the spot, is a fine gothic structure of brown stone. It was seven years in building, and was completed in 1846. It is 192 feet in length, 80 feet in breadth, and 60 feet in height. The interior has a cathedral-like appearance, and like all the edifices of wealthy corporations and individuals in New York, is massive, substantial and rich, rather than ornamental, showy and shoddy. Among the many relics carefully preserved by the church is an elaborate chancel service of silver, presented to the corporation by Queen Anne.

The finest view in New York can be had from the steeple of Trinity church. The tower is open to the public at all hours, and a fee of twelve cents entitles you to a view from the steeple at an elevation of 320 feet from the ground. We paid our money and commenced ascending toward Heaven by way of Trinity church, on foot. Up, up we went, winding round and round a stone stairway, until we reached the first landing place, where we have a fine view of the interior of the church. Again we continue on our winding way, now on wooden steps, until we reach the belfry, with its solemn chimes. We have not yet looked down, but the consciousness that we have been ascending long enough to be considerably above *terra firma*, makes us dizzy, and although we did not "go up in a balloon" with Professor Donaldson, we are far enough up to appreciate the feelings of Smythe, of the Allegheny *Mail*, and don't blame him for wanting to come down again. But here are some ladies who have had the courage to go to the top, and I *must* go without a murmur. Now we have reached the last resting place, said to be three hundred and twenty feet from the street, where we gain a magnificent panoramic view of all we have left below us, which fully repays our toilsome tour of many weary steps. The variegated scene stretches out in every direction, with constantly changing and new beauties, as we change our look out. North and south Broadway stretches away in the distance, with its teeming multitudes and its numberless vehicles, reminding one of Dean Swift's travels in Lilliput, so small does everything appear below. Eastward is Wall street, immediately below us, affording a view of the Treasury building, and further on the Custom House, the Wall street ferry and the East river, together with a beautiful view of the New York bay in the southeast, Sandy Hook, the Highlands of Neversink, and the coast of Staten Island.

Turning westward, we have a fine view of the classic Hudson, with Jersey City and Hoboken, with its beautiful walks, its distant hills and valleys, reminding one of the well-known legends of the Hudson. Sleepy Hollow is there, and the legend of poor Rip; Sunny Side and sweet memories of Irving involuntarily arise; N. P. Willis and Cooper and Morse were wont to wander along the grassy slopes of the Hudson, and the famous Beecher is now at Peekskill. But we have been long enough in the steeple; we will descend and take a stroll among ye ancient graves in ye churchyard.

Our first report is growing too long, and we can only speak of a few of the most notable graves here. Many of the inscriptions are so time-worn that it is now impossible to decipher them. The first plain marble monument that caused us to stop and reflect, was that of the well-known American statesman, Alexander Hamilton, whose works we have so much admired—and who has not read the *Federalist*? No writer since Hamilton and Madison—political writer—has written so wisely and so well upon the current political affairs of this nation. Why not linger awhile over the grave of Hamilton? At least *one* stranger's tears have fallen on his tomb. The following inscription is read with much difficulty: "Alexander Hamilton: Erected in memorable respect for "The Patriot of Uncorruptible Integrity, The Soldier of Brave Valour, The Statesman of Consummate Wisdom, Whose talents and virtues will be admired by grateful posterity long after this marble shall have mouldered into dust. He died July 12th, 1801, aged 47."

On a plain stone slab lying near Hamilton's monument is the following inscription:

"Eliza, daughter of Philip Schuyler, widow of Alexander Hamilton, born at Albany, August 9th, 1757, died at Washington, November 9th, 1854, interred here."

Passing by the tomb of the brave Lawrence, we stop awhile at the vault of Albert Gallatin, and transcribe the following:

"In memory of Albert Gallatin, son of John D. Gallatin, and of Sophia Albertina Rolaz Du Rosey, his wife; he was born at Geneva, Europe, 29th January 1761; landed in America 14th July 1780; died at Astoria New York, 12th August 1849. Deeply imbued with the bold and liberal spirit of the times, he came to America admidst the scenes of our Revolution; and with very many years of public service in Congress, and in executive offices of the highest trust, at an advanced aged he withdrew to private life, and passed the remainder of his days in philosophical studies and literary pursuits, and went down to the grave universally honored."

Philip Carney, of the late war, is buried in the vault of John Watt. Robert Fulton is also buried here in a family vault, but has no inscription to mark his grave.

Some of the inscriptions are very long, and some are very brief; here is one of the latter class: "Here Lyes Beujamin Grand."

The oldest grave that I observed was the following: "Here Lyeth the body of Anne Churcher, died May the 14, 1691, aged 17 years and 3 quarters, buryed May 16, 1691.

But we must not pass by the following: "Here Lyes the body of Mr. William Bradford, printer, who departed this life May 23d, 1752, aged 92 years: He was born in Leicestershire, in Old England, in 1660; and came over to America in 1682, beofore the city of Philadelphia was laid out; he was printer to this government for upwards of 50 years; and being quite worn out with old age and labour, he left this mortal state in the lovely hopes of a blessed immortality.

"Reader reflect how soon you'l quit this stage:
You'l find but few attain to such an age.
Life is full of pain. Lo! here's blessed rest,
Prepare to meet your God, then you are blessed."

By the side of Mr. Bradford's grave on a plain stone is the following:

"Here Lyeth the body of Elizabeth, wife to the said William Bradford, who departed this life July 8, 1731, aged 68 years."

There are hundreds of family vaults, with a capacity of thirty or forty burials, marked only by a plain stone slab, which lies on the ground. When a burial is to take place, they dig down to the door, open it, deposit the body and cover it up again, resod it, and soon all trace of the door disappears. Robert Fulton, Philip Carney and many other persons of note are buried in these vaults. The following is the style of inscription on the stone: "De Peyster vault, 1763."

Our letter is already too long, and we have just come to the most interesting, because the saddest grave of all—poor Charlotte Temple. We will commence our "walk up Broadway" here to-morrow, and begin our next report with Charlotte Temple's grave.

CAROLUS.

INDIAN TERRITORY.

The Ross-Downing Feud Resulting in Murders—General Council of Seminoles—Probable Rejection of the New Constitution—Union Agency Established near Muscogee—Splendid Crops of Wheat and Corn.

MUSCOGEE, July 17.—The contest for paincipal Chief of the Cherokee Nation is getting more exciting every day. The contestants are Wm. P. Ross and Oncetella. The election takes place in August. Within the past sixty days sixteen men and two women have been murdered in the Cherokee Nation. This has been done in a population of less than 20,000 souls, and most of these murders have been committed by reason of quarrels growing out of feuds existing between the Ross and Downing parties. Jesu Freman, Mr. Bissry, Jack Doubletooth and Dick Fields, all prominent Downing men, have been shot. The last named was shot in church at Tahlequah. He was the Auditor of the Nation.

The General Council of the Seminole Nation is now in session at We Wo Ka. It is thought they will reject the new Constitution reported by the Grand Council at Okmulkee. Their action foreshadows the fate of that instrument with other nations of the Territory.

Major Ingalls has located agency buildings and a farm for a union agency of all the civilized tribes near this place, and buildings are now being erected, at a cost of some ten or fifteen thousand dollars.

The wheat crop now harvesting is the largest ever gathered in this country. It is estimated that it will yield twenty-two bushels per acre. For want of suitable mills, the wheat will be shipped to Eastern markets. Seasonable rains have nearly matured a splendid crop of corn in all parts of the Territory.

HAVANA.

British Schooner Captured with Contraband Cargo—Insurgents Take Two Forts.

HAVANA, *via* KEY WEST, July 17.—The Spanish man-of-war Churruca chased a British schooner into Hayti, when the authorities found her with a contraband cargo. The British Consul is making an examination of the matter.

The insurgents have captured two forts near Baracoa, together with their garrisons.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, July 17, 1875.

THIRD-CLASS MAIL MATTER—TEST SUIT IN THE UNITED STATES COURT.

A case involving the constitutionality of the amended postage law has been brought in the United States Circuit Court for this district. A gentleman offers a book for mail transmission to Philadelphia from this city. Postage at old rates being affixed and being refused, he applies for a *mandamus* to compel the postmaster to receive the package. The argument of the applicant is that the Sundry Civil Appropriation bill, into which an amendment increasing the rate on third-class mail matter was inserted, was not a bill for raising the revenue; that the amendment did provide ways and means for raising revenue; that the Senate has no constitutional authority to originate measures for that purpose, that being the sole perogative of the House; and that the postal amendment, having originated with the Senate and been grafted on the bill which was one for revenue purposes, is unconstitutional.

PREPARATIONS TO RECEIVE THE TEAM.

The Rifle Association of this city have adopted a programme for the reception of the American team, which includes a trip down the bay to meet the steamer on the return of the team, a procession up Broadway and a banquet in the evening. A suitable testimonial will be presented to each member of the team.

FAILURE OF TEA MERCHANTS.

The *Daily Bulletin* announces the failure of T. J. Daly & Co., tea merchants. Their creditors are mostly bankers. Bad China debts and losses in this city are the cause of the failure, which, according to the general impression, is not heavy.

HOMICIDE ON HESTER STREET.

John Murrillo was fatally stabbed this afternoon by Joseph Frango, at 215 Hester street.

FIRE ON ROSE STREET—LOSS $30,000.

A fire to-night damaged the premises occupied by Fahnestock's map printing establishment, the printing offices of Preston and Ross, the bookbindery of Eckhard, the cutlery factory of Seymour & Co., the printing office of the New York *Weekly* and the mailing agency of James Brady, on Rose street. Loss thirty thousand dollars.

NEW YORK, July 18, 1875.

MAN KILLED BY HIS SON.

James Bailey, employed by the Central Railroad Company, residing at 421 West Thirty-fourth street, was to-day shot and instantly killed by his eldest son, James L. Bailey. The father and son had quarreled, when the latter drew a revolver and fired. He then walked out into the street and gave himself into the custody of a passing policeman, to whom he acknowledged the crime and was locked up.

TELEGRAPHIC PERSONALS.

Brigham Young's wife Emeline died on Saturday.

Don Pablo Arosemena has been elected President of Panama.

George Brown, the oarsman, is to have a public monument at Halifax.

Secretary Belknap and party left Omaha, for the West, Saturday morning.

Henry H. Holt, Lieutenant Governor of Michigan, sailed from New York last Saturday, on his trip to Egypt and Palestine.

Sewell & Co., of New Brunswick, who suspended some time ago, and whose liabilities exceeded one million, have made a settlement with their creditors and will resume business.

Inducements Offered

For cash and to prompt men on flour, groceries and general merchandise, at the Checkered Front.

SECOND EDITION.

THURMAN INTERVIEWED.

He Utterly Condemns the Financial Plank of the Ohio Democratic Platform.

During the Campaign He Will Say Nothing to Discredit the Convictions of a Lifetime.

BALTIMORE, July 18.—Senator Thurman, of Ohio, has been for several days the guest of Senator Davis, of West Virginia, at Deer Park Hotel, on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad. Yesterday a reporter of the Baltimore *Gazette* interviewed Senator Thurman on the financial plank of the Ohio Democratic platform. Judge Thurman talked quite freely on the situation in Ohio and his own relations to it, which he thought had been misunderstood. In reply to inquiries, he said: "The Democratic party in Ohio is divided on the currency question. The financial opinions contained in the Columbus platform should only be regarded as an expression of local opinion, and nothing could be more unjust than to attempt to charge, on this account, that the Democratic party, as a national organization, is animated by a spirit of inflation. In all times of commercial depression the cry of 'more money' is raised, the present period being no exception. Inflationists are to be found in both political parties, and it is very unbecoming for Republican journals to denounce the Democracy as an inflation party while so prominent a Republican as Judge Kelley is haranguing the iron-workers of Ohio in favor of his 3.65 bond scheme and greenback heresies." He also referred to other Republican leaders who have been first and foremost in defense of greenbacks as the best currency the world ever saw.

Touching the desire for Republican success in the present Ohio canvass in the interest of Democratic principles, Senator Thurman said: "No man who comprehends the political situation and hopes for the success of the Democratic party at the next Presidential election should desire a Republican victory in Ohio, in the foolish belief that such a result will contribute to a Republican defeat in 1876. Nothing could be more erroneous. Democratic defeat in the approaching State election is simply suicidal. It is true that serious errors were inserted in the platform. I did my best to avoid the threatened evil, but because others disagreed with me I see no reason why I should bolster up the Republican party. If errors have been committed in Ohio, they can be corrected; they need not be the excuse for greater ones. The Republican party in Ohio is also divided on the currency question. The financial plank in their platform can be construed to mean hard or soft money, and prominent Ohio Republican Congressmen are in favor of more greenbacks."

Replying to the charge that he evinced a lack of moral courage in not denouncing the inflation plank of the Columbus platform at the ratification meeting, he said: "The place and time were not opportune. It is a great injustice to condemn one for opinions never uttered. I have said or done nothing to warrant the charges brought against me. My record in the Senate is before the country, and on that record I yet stand. I am to make my first speech of the campaign at Mansfield, Ohio, July 31, and shall then announce my disagreement with the financial provisions of the platform, and throughout the campaign I shall say nothing to discredit the convictions of a lifetime."

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 17, 1875.

COMMISSIONER SMITH MAKES AN ADDITIONAL DEFENSE OF HIMSELF AND SECRETARY DELANO.

The Commissioner of Indian Affairs says the inquiry into Red Cloud Agency affairs is in the hands of competent gentlemen, with instructions to take the freest range and find whatever wrong exists. The statement that these alleged frauds have been frequently reported to him without receiving attention, he pronounces absolutely false. Charges similar to those now made, quite as serious and rather more bitter, were made against this agency eighteen months ago, when the Secretary of the Interior immediately required an investigation through a commission, of which Bishop Hare was made chairman. This Commission made a thorough investigation into the charges. Bishop Hare and Mr. Hinman, of the commission, are officers of the Protestant Episcopal Church, which, by accepting this agency and nominating the agent, has become morally responsible to the Government and before the people for his honest administration of affairs.

It would be monstrous to suppose that such a commission would desire to cover up any frauds. Their full and unanimous report to the Commissioner not only completely exonerates Agent Saville from wrong intent, but declares that the charges against the agent were mean, both in their origin and their spirit. Their report says "That some of the affidavits which seemed to reflect most upon the character of the agents were such partial statements that they amounted to culpable *suppresio veri*, and some of the testimony on which were based the most damaging attacks upon their administration was the testimony of a well-known deserter and thief. Facts cited to the discredit of the agents which were gleaned at the agencies during their absence, and which they then had no opportunity to account for, were, when brought to their notice, satisfactorily explained. Practices which were irregular were shown to have been unavoidable in the peculiar circumstances in which these agents were placed, and transactions which at first sight seemed suspicious, and to which criminal intent had been imputed, were shown to have been characterized by entire good faith, to have been carried on in broad daylight and, where not justifiable, to have been not wrong-doing but mistakes of men new in office, where peculiarly the incumbent can learn only from experience." The Commission indorse the replies of the agents in all their material points, and give as the result of their prolonged investigation into the points touched upon in Mr. Walker's report and the result also of their intercourse with the agents and their personal observation of men and things at the agencies, the entire relief of Agents Saville and Howard from the suspicions cast upon their characters and their administration, and the earnest conviction that "these gentlemen have performed their duties during a time of graet trial and in the midst of great embarrassments, with energy, honesty and entire fidelity to the interests of the Government and the Indians, and that they deserve the confidence and commendation of the Department."

On this report by persons whose judgment and findings he had a right to deem competent and every way reliable, the Commissioner has acted. Respecting the Paxton contract for beef at the Red Cloud Agency, which the Commissioner is charged to have fraudulently made in March last, he states that it was made by him in strict conformity with law and, as the records abundantly show, on the advice and recommendation of the Board of Indian Commissioners, after careful inquiry by that Board into the facts and necessities of the case. As to the other and indefinite charges of fraud or connivance with wrong-doing in any way on his part, Commissioner Smith makes the most positive and comprehensive denial, and says he desires nothing so much just now as the severest scrutiny of his official acts by fair-minded men.

Respecting the charge against Secretary Delano of complicity with frauds at the Red Cloud Agency, the Commissioner says it is but the simplest act of fairness for him to state that he has no knowledge of any such complicity on the part of that officer, and knows of nothing tending to show it. On the contrary, so far as he knows, the action of the Secretary in all matters pertaining to the Red Cloud Agency during the past year, has been only ordinary official routine action of the Department upon matters submitted by the Indian Office, generally approving the suggestions of the Commissioner, and never in any way dictating or even making suggestions as to purchases or contracts or pecuniary transactions of any sort.

INTERNAL REVENUE APPOINTMENTS.

The following internal revenue appointments have been made: Gaugers—Thos. T. Davis, Seventh Indiana district; Enoch Stillwell, First Missouri; John W. Lane, Second Kentucky; James McElroy, Seventeenth Pennsylvania. Storekeeper—Webster W. Castro, Seventh Indiana.

JUDGE FISHER'S FRIENDS TO THE RESCUE.

A delegation of friends of District Attorney Fisher have gone to Long Branch to secure his retention in office. Those who wish him removed are equally earnest in the other direction.

Libel Suits Against the Baltimore "American."

BALTIMORE, July 17.—In the Court of Common Pleas yesterday, orders for three libel suits, in the names of Governor James Black Groome, State Treasurer Barnes Compton, and State Comptroller Levin Woodford, who compose the Board of Public Works, were filed against the proprietors of the Baltimore *American*. The damages laid aggregate $60,000.

NEW HAVEN.

Reply of Professor Marsh to Commissioner Smith's Last Statement.

NEW HAVEN, July 18.—Professor Marsh pronounces the attempted explanation, published yesterday, by Commissioner Smith in regard to affairs at the Red Cloud Agency, a characteristic trick of the Indian Bureau. The old report cited by the Commissioner is the only one of a large number on file in the Interior Department that was favorable, and it is now well known that the special commissioners who made it, owing mainly to the short time they were at the agency, were mistaken on several points, and some at least of these gentlemen have since informed the Department to this effect. The report refers to a different set of transactions from those observed by Professor Marsh, and his investigations had no connection whatever with those made by this commission or any other. To attempt to meet his evidence by quoting an old report, is entirely avoiding the real issue and misleading the public. The charges Professor Marsh has made are distinct and specific, and supported by independent testimony. Until these charges, which affect the Department as well as Agent Saville, are disproved of, the Professor thinks a general denial by the Commissioner will avail but little.

BLAIRSVILLE.

Escape of Six Prisoners from Indiana Jail—Burglary and Incendiarism at Brownstown—Child Fatally Scalded.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

BLAIRSVILLE, PA., July 17, 1875.

Six prisoners, confined in jail at Indiana, dug out last Thursday, in daylight, and escaped to the woods. They have not yet been captured.

Last night thieves entered the dwelling of George Johns, in Brownstown, the family being absent, and carried all the clothing down stairs. They then set fire to the carpet, which was burned, together with a fine bureau and some pictures and chairs. The window glass was broken by the heat, but the bed in the room was not injured. The windows, shutters and door were closed, and all the rest of the doors in the house were open. The fire went out of itself. If the building had caught, there would have been a large fire, as it is situated next to a planing mill and in a row of frame dwellings. There is no clue to the perpetrators.

A child of David Nesbit was fearfully scalded this afternoon, by upsetting hot tea at the dinner table. The child's recovery is doubtful.

WHEELING.

Two Destructive Storms—The Boat Race on Saturday.

WHEELING, July 18.—A terrific storm of rain and wind visited this city and vicinity yesterday morning at daylight. Telegraph wires were prostrated in all directions, trees were torn up by the roots, fences were destroyed and corn and grain badly damaged by being beaten to the ground. The rain descended in torrents. The gale lasted for over half an hour. Another storm nearly as fierce, but of shorter duration, passed over the city at twelve o'clock last night.

In the single scull race between Corcoran, of the Hegner Club, and Manton, of the Nail City Club, yesterday, the latter won by forty yards. The distance pulled was three miles, and the time twenty-four minutes.

CRIMINAL RECORD.

Arrest of Albany Brokers.

ALBANY, July 17.—William M. Squires, of the firm of T. W. Squires & Son, broders, of this city, also C. W. Squires, son of T. W. Squires, were arrested last evening and both committed to jail in default of bail. William claims that he can establish the fact by New York brokers, that all their transactions were legitimately and honestly conducted, and that all deposits alleged to have been made in New York by their house, were made.

Another Alleged Long Point Robber Caught.

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., July 17.—A. M. Bridgeman, supposed to be one of the men implicated in the murder of Engineer Eames and the attempted robbery of the express at Long Point, Illinois, was arrested last night about twelve o'clock in the Wabash bottoms, near Oak town, Indiana, and brought to Terre Haute this morning. He answers the description of the larger of the two still at large.

Bound over to Next Term.

OMAHA, July 17.—Joseph Newell, who shot and killed County Commissioner Mc Gonegal at Lowell, Neb., a few days since, was bound over to-day till the next term of court, in bonds amounting to $4,000.

Arrest and Arraignment of Part of the St. Louis Whisky Ring.

ST. LOUIS, July 17.—The following persons were brought before the United States District Court to-day, on a capias issued under the indictments just found in the whisky cases by the Grand Jury: Fred. W. Ballman, Edward O'Hara, H. A. Thias, E. B. Frazer and Gerhard Bensburg, for failing to remove the stamps from empty liquor casks; Alfred Bevis, E. B. Frazer, Wm. R. Jonett, for illicit distilling; Wm. R. Jouett, for removing and concealing liquors; Finley Robb, storekeeper, for failing to efface stamps and for receiving unlawful fees and doing other unlawful acts. All the defendants waived an argument, pleaded not guilty and gave bail in from three to ten thousand dollars. Other persons against whom indictments have been found will be brought before the court as soon as found.

Mountain Meadow Trial To-Day.

BEAVER, UTAH, July 17.—More witnesses are being subpœnaed, as it is very undecided whether the authorities will accept Lee's statement, which is now completed, thinking he will not tell the whole truth. If they do not, he will be put on trial on Monday.

Waddy Thompson Landed in Memphis.

MEMPHIS, July 17.—Waddy Thompson, who has figured so extensively in several *habeas corpus* cases in Missouri, arrived here this afternoon, in charge of Sheriff Anderson. Owing to the illness of Thompson, Sheriff Anderson permitted him to remain at the house of a friend, in charge of an officer, until Monday, when he will be brought before the Criminal Court for trial, he having forfeited his bond of $10,000 for his appearance here some weeks since.

Homicide Near St. James, Mo.

ST. LOUIS, July 17.—The *Evening Dispatch* has a special from St. James, Mo., stating that two men, named Wolf and Costello, had a family difficulty at Dry Fork farm, three miles from St. James, and that Wolf stabbed and killed Costello.

Desperate Attempts of a Woman to Commit Suicide.

INDIANAPOLIS, July 18.—A lady named Sallie Childs, from Virginia, made three attempts to commit suicide by throwing herself under a train on the Bellefontaine Railroad yesterday, but was rescued.

Wife-Murder Near Ironton.

CINCINNATI, July 18.—The *Commercial's* Ironton, Ohio, special says Taylor Fortner, a desperate character residing at Bear Creek, Ky., three miles from Ironton, quarreled with his wife yesterday and, after nearly chopping her in pieces, took to the woods. He was pursued and captured, after a desperate resistance, while attempting to cross the Ohio river, and is now in Greenup jail. The woman is still living, but cannot recover.

The Louisville Revenue Defalcation.

LOUISVILLE, July 18.—The revenue officials have been closely at work in the Collector's office, examining into the late defalcation. The amount will be much larger than at first supposed—probably not less than $75,000. The evidence that Jackson's death was by suicide is accumulating.

CASUALTIES.

Death from Sunstroke at Indianapolis.

INDIANAPOLIS, July 17.—A man named J. Schulzefiger, died from the effect of a sunstroke at General Streight's lumber yard, this afternoon. His people live at Batesville, Indiana.

Sunstroke and Coal Oil Explosion at Indianapolis.

INDIANAPOLIS, July 18.—The first fatal case of sunstroke this season occurred here yesterday. The victim was John Schwetzeberger.

Lizzie Mead, fourteen years old, was fatally burned yesterday by the explosion of a can of coal oil.

FIRE RECORD.

Memphis—$4,000.

MEMPHIS, July 17.—Wares' drug store, on Charleston avenue, burned this morning. The loss is $4,000; insured in the Globe of Chicago, and Home of Memphis.

St. Louis—$60,000.

ST. LOUIS, July 18.—The extensive furniture factory of Mitchell & Co., corner of Lucas avenue and Twenty-fourth street, was totally destroyed by fire between three and four o'clock this morning. A large amount of material and finished stock were also destroyed. The loss is estimated at $60,000; insured for about $40,000, but the names of the offices are not ascertained. The flames orginated in the middle of the first floor, and as every sparks of fire about the factory had been extinguished early in the evening, the cause of the conflagration is a mystery.

CENTRAL AMERICA.

Bloody Riot in San Miguel Incited by Priests—Many Lives Lost and One Million Dollars' Worth of Property Destroyed.

PANAMA, July 8.—Advices from San Salvador state that a dreadful riot took place at San Miguel, a town of forty thousand inhabitants in the southern part of the Republic. A great deal of discontent has been excited against the Government by its refusal to allow a pastoral of the Bishop of Salvador, written in hostility to the laws, to be read in the churches. There had also been considerable hostile feeling among the lower classes, owing to some regulations requiring dealers to use a new market-place. While things were in this condition, a priest, named Palacios, preached a violent sermon against the constituted authorities, on Sunday, the 20th ult. That evening the mob arose, attacked the cabilao and liberated some 200 prisoners. They then proceeded to assault the small garrison, and took the cuartel, killed Generals Espinosa and Castro, cut the former to pieces and threw the pieces at each other, split the skull of General Castro and threw him over a wall, where he was picked up by his mother and died in three days. The garrison were nearly all assassinated, and many prominent citizens killed. After this the fanatical mob set fire to some sixteen houses with kerosene. Before the town was entirely destroyed it fortunately happened that Her British Majesty's ship Phantom was at La Union. She landed her marines, which allowed the garrison there, united with some troops from Amapala, in Honduras, to march to the relif of San Miguel and put down the mob. The curate Palacios at last accounts was arrested, with others that had participated in the outbreak, and a good many of the inferior rioters had been shot by order of President Gonzalez, who had arrived with troops. With the houses destroyed and pillaged, the damage is estimated at one million dollars, and commercial failures are looked for in consequence. The country has been declared in a state of siege, and President Gonzalez is taking measures to establish order and bring the perpetrators of this disgraceful outbreak to punishment. The *Diario*, the official paper of the State, and all the public prints abound in indignation against the priests who were the instigators of this savage and sanguinary affair, the Capelutar Vicar, for the edict published by his order, and Jose Manuel Palacios, ex-Canonigo of the Cathedral of San Salvador. The municipality of this city asked to have the said Palacios removed, but the Curia Ecclesiastica paid no attention to the petition. He was continually exciting hatred between the lower and the well-to-do classes, and the result has just been described. One curious and incredible discovery was made after the murderous affair was over, and that was that on the persons of some of the dead rebels were found passports, which read, when translated, "Peter—Open to the bearer the gates of Heaven, who has died for religion. [Signed] George, Bishop of San Salvador," and sealed with the seal of the Bishopric of San Salvador.

INDUSTRIAL AND BUSINESS NOTES.

Several manufactories in Williamsport, Pa., are reducing the hours of work, owing to dull times.

Over 70,000 feet of lumber is required for the floors of the new machine shops at Stevens' Point, Wis.

The Milburn Wagon Company, of Toledo, O., made a single sale lately of 1,200 wagons to go to Galveston, Texas.

The strike of hands in the lumber yards of Dubuque, Iowa, has ended by the men asking for work again at the old wages.

The shipments of coal over the Huntingdon and Broadtop Railroad up to July 10th show an increase over shipments at same date last year of 39,405 tons.

Work is progressing rapidly on the Utica, Ithaca and Elmira Railroad, and in the course of a few months will be entirely completed from Cortland to Elmira.

The Beem Patent Manufacturing Company, of Cincinnati, with a capital stock of $50,000, was incorporated last week. The object is to "manufacture and deal in various mechanical articles, and buy and sell patent rights to such articles."

All the mills at Glenham, Dutchess county, N. Y., have resumed operations. The company have at present received four car loads of wool, and are expecting 250 car loads of coal during this month. The majority of the hands are now employed unloading and storing the carpet machinery, just imported from England, and to be placed in the new mill to be erected at Groveville, for which a new dam is now being built, the old one having been partially destroyed by ice during the past winter.

Rumor has it that beginning with August the Pennsylvania Railroad will begin to declare its dividends quarterly. This would be but falling in with the custom of our large corporations, which aim to make their stock the investment fund of their locality. The quarterly dividends from a convenience have become a necessity, or at least a popular demand, and we have no doubt but that the prudent and intelligent management of the Pennsylvania will meet it.—*Philadelphia Press, 17th.*

A correspondent writing from Tenmile, Washington county, Pa., says: "The southeastern corner of Amwell township is the scene of excitement. The farm of Smith Bros. is supposed to be underlaid with a vein of silver ore. Prospecting was commenced on the 6th instant by a small party, headed by a gentleman who designates the spot where the "precious article" is supposed to be concealed by an implement upon which the ore is said to exercise a supposed influence. The boring, which was commenced, we are informed, will be continued, but to what extent remains for further developments."

The Pottsville, Pa., *Miners' Journal* of the 16th inst. says: The quantity of coal sent from this region the last week was by rail 98,174 tons—canal, 20,633 tons, for the week 118,807 tons, against 4,720 for the corresponding week last year. Increase, 114,087 tons. The supply sent from all the regions for the week was anthracite 430,441 tons; bituminous 72,452; for the week, 502, 893 tons, against 514,530 tons for the corresponding week last year. Decrease, 11,637 tons. The supply sent from all the regions so far this year foots up 8,965,157 tons, against 12,472,621 tons to to same period last year. Decrease, 3,497,464 tons. The decrease in anthracite is 3,610,021 tons.

Some recent reports of the closing of cotton mills at Lawrence, Mass., and the suspension of business at the extensive manufactories at Cohoes, New York, have had a very discouraging effect with those disposed to see a bright side in the near future. Notwithstanding these unfavorable reports, and they are probably true as far as they go, there are, nevertheless, some favorably items, holding out encouragement for the hopeful. For instance, we notice in the Boston papers that business is comparatively good in Biddeford and Saco. The mills are all running and considerable building is going on. The Mauchaug Company of Sutton is running full time, employing over five hundred hands, and wages have been twice raised to offset the reduction made during the panic.

Important to Grocers.

Advance on White River and other flours also on sugars. See advertisement of T. C. Jenkins, Checkered Front.

Flour Higher.

ADVANCE ON

WHITE RIVER

And other Brands.

Sugars excited. Higher on nearly all grades.

Circulars, with prices in full, sent to Dealers free of charge, by mail.

☞ No Retail House Connected.

Five Hundred Mile Walk.

SPRINGFIELD, MASS., July 18.—William H. Dutcher completed a walk of five hundred miles in five days, twenty-three hours and twenty-five minutes, at North Adams, on Saturday, walking the last mile in ten minutes.

Economy Is Wealth.

Consumers can save money and always have good bread by using White River Flour.

☞ *Advertisements on this page, under the several heads of* WANTED, FOR SALE, FOR RENT, *&c., will be inserted at transient rates only*—TEN CENTS *per line for each insertion. No advertisement less than* FIFTY CENTS.

WANTED.

WANTED—TO ADOPT—A HEALTHY Male Infant, two weeks old, is offered for adoption. Apply at once at Twelfth Ward Hospital, Twenty-eighth street, Pittsburgh. tf

WANTED—BOOKKEEPER—AN EXPERIENCED Bookkeeper, who is willing to make himself generally useful, at a moderate salary. Address "R," Commercial office.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—SMALL HOUSE—ON Sarah street, Mount Washington, Thirty-fifth ward. Lot 144x125. Fruit Trees, Grapevines, &c. Rent low to a good tenant. Inquire at Commercial office.

FOR RENT OR SALE—NEW TWO-STORY Frame House, with Bay Window, containing 6 Rooms, Vestibule and Hall, Water in Kitchen; Lot 45x200, with Grapevines, &c., located on Grandview avenue, Mount Washington, Thirty-fifth ward, commanding the finest view in the city. Rent moderate to a good tenant. For particulars, &c., apply to E. ABEL, Commercial office.

FOR RENT—A HANDSOME BRICK Dwelling House, on Cliff street. Parlors, Dining Room and Kitchen on first floor; Gas, dry Cellar, 3 Bedrooms and finished Attic, Water and modern improvements. The Lot extends from street to street. Will be rented reasonable. Possession given immediately. For particulars apply to WM. EVANS, Commercial office.

FOR RENT—DWELLINGS—THE Three-story Brick Dwelling House, No. 152 Center avenue, containing 9 large Rooms, with Gas and Water and good yard. House in best of order throughout. Apply at 154 Center avenue. Also, two Dwellings on Center avenue, each of 5 Rooms, finished attic and good cellar, both in first rate order. Rent, $20 00 per month. Apply as above.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—OAK TANNED LEATHER Belting, Rubber Belting and Hose, at THORP & DUNN'S, 144 Water street.

FOR SALE—A TWO-STORY DWELLING, No. 132 Fayette street, Allegheny City containing 8 Rooms, Stable and Carriage House. Inquire on the premises.

FOR SALE—TWENTY-TWO NEW and second-hand Engines and Boilers, 2 Portable and 1 small Upright; also, 1 Saw Mill, with Portable Engine. T. CARLIN, corner of Lacock and Sandusky streets, Allegheny.

FOR SALE—SECOND-HAND MACHINERY—3 Planers and Matchers, 1 Surfacer, 1 Large 3-side Molder, 1 Power Mortiser, 1 8x20 Engine, 1 No. 2 Sturtevant Fan. M. B. COCHRAN & CO., 121 Liberty street.

SALE—5 YEAR OLD BAY Filly Annie L., 15½. Green, but only needs to be seen by any judge to convince them that she is a coming 2:17 trotter. Come and see her. Address Lock Box 400, Maysville, Ohio.

FOR SALE—ENGINES AND BOILERS—New and Second-hand, of all sizes, Stationary and Portable, from 2 to 60-horse power, now on hand. JAMES HILL & CO., corner Marion avenue and P., Ft. W. and C. R. R., Allegheny, Pa.

FOR SALE—THREE NEW DOUBLE-FLUE Boilers, 20x36; twelve Portable Boilers, from 12 to 20 horse power; Engines from 4 to 80 horse power; one Hoisting Engine and Boiler. ANDERSON, MAXWELL & PORTER, 40 Park Way, Allegheny.

FOR SALE—LAND—ONE THOUSAND Acres of Timber and Mineral Land, in Fayette county, on the line of the Pittsburgh, Washington and Baltimore Railroad. For price and particulars inquire of W. D. WOOD & CO., 111 Water street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

FOR SALE—LARGE STOCK OF NEW and good SECOND HAND BOILERS in complete order. County Inspector's certificate of test with each boiler. Repairing done promptly at the West Point Boiler Works, No. 13 Water street. R. MUNROE, Successor to WATSON & MUNROE.

FOR SALE—NO. 245 ALLEGHENY avenue, Allegheny city. The House is nearly new, has 10 Rooms, is well planned and the neighborhood first-class. The Lot is 23 feet 9 inches by 140 feet deep to paved street or alley. Will be sold low and very accommodating terms. Apply to THOS. F. STEWART, corner Fifth avenue and Wood street.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—FOR APPROVED property, 3-4 of an acre of Land on Negley avenue, Pittsburgh; also, 97½ acres of Land eight miles from the city of Pittsburgh, one-half mile from station on the A. V. R. R. The Land is Superior Farming Land, all under fence, lays very nicely, almost all level, and would suit a gardener, etc. There is a two-story House and good Stable, good Spring of Water, etc., on the premises. Also, 50 acres of Land in Moon township, Allegheny county, at a low price. For further particulars inquire of ED. WITTISH, Beaver Falls, or every Tuesday morning, at 91 Grant street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

FOR SALE OR TO EXCHANGE FOR CITY OR ALLEGHENY CITY PROPERTY—The beautiful homestead of John Scott, Jr., on Pine Creek, 2½ miles from Etna Station, West Penn Railway. The property consists of 76 acres of ground in a high state of cultivation. One fine dwelling of 11 rooms, another dwelling of 4 rooms, with barns, stables and other outbuildings, with three of the best orchards of all kinds of choice fruits in Western Pennsylvania. Price $40,000. The buildings and improvements alone are worth full $20,000.

Also a few of those fine 5 and 10 acre lots are yet unsold. Will also be sold cheap, or exchanged for city property. Apply to

THOS. F. STEWART,
Fifth avenue and Wood street.

DIVIDENDS.

☞ UNITED SAVINGS BANK.—The Board of Directors have this day declared a Dividend of (4 per cent.) 4 PER CENT. out of the earnings of last six months, payable on demand.

W. R. BROWN, JR., Cashier.

Pittsburgh, July 13, 1875.

☞ FIFTH NATIONAL BANK—DIVIDEND—The Directors of this Bank have this day declared a Dividend of FIVE PER CENT. out of the profits of the last six months, payable on demand, free of tax.

L. HALSEY WILLIAMS, Cashier.

Pittsburgh, July 8, 1875.

☞ OFFICE MONONGAHELA NAVIGATION COMPANY—The Board of Managers of the MONONGAHELA NAVIGATION COMPANY have this day declared a Dividend of TWO DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS ($2 50) PER SHARE on the Capital Stock, payable at the office of the Company, No. 94 Diamond street, on and after Thursday, the 15th inst.

W. BAKEWELL, Treasurer.

Pittsburgh, July 8, 1875.

☞ MANUFACTURERS AND MERCHANTS' INSURANCE COMPANY—Office 87 Wood street—The Board of Directors of this Company have this day declared a Dividend of FOUR DOLLARS PER SHARE, out of the earnings of the last six months, two dollars payable on demand, and two dollars to be credited on Stock Notes.

JAS. M. KENNEY, Secretary.

Pittsburgh, July 6, 1875.

☞ DIVIDEND—OFFICE OF THE CASH INSURANCE COMPANY—The Directors of this Company have this day declared a Dividend of EIGHT PER CENT. ($4 00 per share), out of the earnings of the last six months, payable on demand.

JOSEPH T. JOHNSTON, Secretary.

Pittsburgh, July 6, 1875.

☞ DIVIDEND NO. 20—OFFICE OF THE PEOPLE'S INSURANCE COMPANY—No. 100 Fourth avenue—The Board of Directors of this Company have this day declared a Dividend of THREE DOLLARS PER SHARE, free of taxes, out of the earnings of the last six months, payable forthwith.

WM. F. GARDNER, Secretary.

Pittsburgh, July 6, 1875.

☞ OFFICE UNION INSURANCE COMPANY, No. 116 SMITHFIELD STREET—The Board of Directors have this day declared a Dividend of FIVE PER CENT. (or $2 50 Per Share), on Capital Stock, out of the profits of the last six months, payable forthwith.

J. W. J. McLAIN, Secretary.

Pittsburgh, July 6, 1875.

☞ DIVIDEND—THE DIRECTORS of the PEOPLE'S NATIONAL BANK have this day declared a Dividend of FOUR PER CENT., payable on demand.

F. M. GORDON, Cashier.

Pittsburgh, July 6, 1875.

☞ DIVIDEND—PITTSBURGH AND ALLEGHENY BRIDGE CO., (Hand street.)—The Managers of this Company have this day declared a Dividend of FIVE PER CENT. on the Capital Stock, out of the profits of the last 6 months, payable forthwith by the Treasurer at the Citizens' National Bank.

R. H. WILSON, Secretary and Treasurer.

Pittsburgh, July 5, 1875.

☞ ALLEGHENY NATIONAL BANK.—The Directors of this Bank have this day declared a Dividend of 4 PER CENT. on the Capital Stock out of the profits of the last six months, payable forthwith.

W. McCANDLESS, Cashier.

Pittsburgh, July 2, 1875.

☞ TRADESMEN'S NATIONAL BANK.—DIVIDEND.—The Directors of this Bank have this day declared a Dividend of FIVE PER CENT., payable on demand.

CYRUS CLARKE, JR., Cashier.

Pittsburgh, July 1, 1875.

☞ DIVIDEND—ARTISANS' DEPOSIT BANK.—The Board of Directors of this Bank have this day declared a Dividend of FOUR (4) PER CENT. out of the profits of the past six months, payable on and after July 15th.

J. F. STARK, Cashier.

Pittsburgh, June 30, 1875.

NOTICES.

☞ TEACHERS WANTED.—There will be a meeting of the Board of Directors of WILKINS SCHOOL DISTRICT at the BRADDOCK SCHOOL HOUSE, Wilkins township, on FRIDAY, JULY 23D, INST., at 3 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of electing Teachers for the Schools of the District.

HENRY R. CHALFANT, Secretary, Turtle Creek, Pa.

☞ OFFICE OF INSPECTOR OF GAS AND GAS METERS FOR ALLEGHENY COUNTY.—Desiring that the public should more generally avail themselves of the advantages of this office, I would give notice to persons desiring to have their Meters Tested to leave their orders at the office of their respective Gas Companies, or at my office, corner of Twenty-third and Smallman streets, and they shall receive prompt attention.

R. H. SMITH, Inspector.

POLITICAL.

HEADQUARTERS ALLEGHENY COUNTY REPUBLICAN EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE, LINCOLN CLUB ROOMS,

☞ A MEETING OF THIS COMMITTEE will be held at headquarters on

Tuesday, July 20th, 1875, at 2:30 P. M.

A full attendance is requested.

RUSSELL ERRETT,
Chairman.

Pittsburgh, July 16th, 1875. SM

THE ST. JAMES HOTEL,

CINCINNATI,

Will be sold at Private Sale July 20, 1875.

PROPOSALS will be received up to noon of the 24th inst. This fine Hotel contains 110 Sleeping Rooms, furnished. The entire house has lately been remodeled.

TERMS—One-third cash, balance in two equal payments, in 9 and 18 months. For further particulars call on or address

BUCKWALLER & CAMPBELL,
Attorneys, &c.,
Nos. 63 and 65 West Fifth street,
Opp. Fountain, Cincinnati, O.

Flour! Groceries! Timothy Seed!

We are now prepared to give quotations on Timothy Seed for the early Fall Trade.

ALLEN KIRKPATRICK & CO.,
Wholesale Grocers and Seed Dealers,
271 LIBERTY STREET.

RITER & CONLEY,

SUCCESSORS TO JAMES M. RITER,

BUILDERS OF

Oil Tanks, Blast Furnaces, Siemen Furnaces

ROLLING MILL STACKS, IRON ROOFING

And all kinds of SHEET IRON WORK

Also, Copper Work of Every Description.

OFFICE AND WORKS, 55 AND 56 WATER STREET,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

NWF

Atwood & McCaffrey,

NO. 50 TO 60 THIRD AVE., BETWEEN MARKET AND FERRY STS.

Wrought and Cast Iron Pipe, Malleable and Cast Iron Fittings, Brass and Iron Valves and Cocks, Lubricators, Whistles, Tools, &c.

ROLLING MILLS, BLAST FURNACES, COAL AND COKE WORKS, OIL REFINERIES AND MANUFACTORIES GENERALLY, PROMPTLY FITTED UP BY EXPERIENCED WORKMEN

MTG

REMOVAL!

D. & F. S. WELTY,

Successors to WELTY BROS.,

IMPORTERS, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

Carpetings, Oil Cloths, Mattings,

WINDOW SHADES, &c.,

Nos. 115 and 117 FEDERAL STREET,

Caldwell's New Building ALLEGHENY CITY, PA

NEWTON WATER WORKS.

NEWTON, MASS., 1875.

TO IRON FOUNDERS.

Proposals for Cast Iron Water Pipes and Special Castings.

SEALED PROPOSALS for Water Pipes and for Special Castings, indorsed "Proposals for Cast Iron Water Pipes," will be received at the office of the Water Commissioners, in Newton, until 12 o'clock M., of TUESDAY, THE 27TH DAY OF JULY, 1875.

The person or persons to whom the contract may be awarded will be required to attend at this office, with the securities offered by him or them, and execute the contract within five days from the date of the award (exclusive of Sundays), and in case of failure or neglect so to do, he or they will be considered as having abandoned it, and as in default to the said City of Newton.

The delivery of the Pipes to commence on the 20th day of August, 1875, and to be continued with regularity until the contract is completed.

N. B.—The prices must be WRITTEN in the bid, and also stated in FIGURES, and all proposals will be considered informal which contain bids not called for in the advertisement. Permission will not be given for the withdrawal of any bid or proposal.

Bidders will state the price in the following proposals for each separate item of the Pipes and Castings. These prices are to cover all the expense of manufacturing and delivering at either of the railroad stations in the said City of Newton, the Pipes and other Castings, as set forth in the form of agreement.

Straight Pipes are to be at least 12 feet long.

All the Pipes and Castings are to be coated by Dr. Angus Smith's process.

Bidders are requested to state whether their bids must be considered a whole, or whether any part thereof may be accepted.

Bidders are required to state in their proposals their names and places of residence, and the names of all persons interested with them; and if no other person be so interested, they shall distinctly state the fact; and, also, that the bid is made without any connection with any other person making any other bid or proposal for the above work, and that it is in all respects fair and without collusion or fraud. Each proposal shall be accompanied by the undertaking, in writing, of two responsible persons resident in Massachusetts, with their respective places of business or residence, to the effect that if the contract be awarded to the person making the bid, they will, on its being so awarded, become bound as his sureties for its faithful performance; and that if he shall fail to complete the execution of a contract therefor within the required time, with security for its performance approved by said Commissioners, they will pay to the City of Newton any damages that may be occasioned to said city by such failure.

The adequacy and sufficiency of the sureties offered are to be determined by the Water Commissioners aforesaid.

The Engineer's estimate of quantities required is as follows:

189 tons of 24-inch Pipe, class c.
215 tons of 24-inch Pipe, class B.
381 tons of 20-inch Pipe, class B.
1,045 tons of 20-inch Pipe, class b.
1,177 tons of 16-inch Pipe, class c.
197 tons of 16-inch Pipe, class B.
574 tons of 12-inch Pipe, class c.
160 tons of 12-inch Pipe, class B.
978 tons of 8-inch Pipe, class c.
356 tons of 8-inch Pipe, class b.
1,834 tons of 6-inch Pipe, class B.
330 tons of 4-inch Pipe, class B.
200 tons of Special Castings.

These quantities are considered as approximate, and the Water Commissioners, therefore, expressly reserve the right of increasing or diminishing the same, not exceeding thirty per cent. of the amount of Straight Pipe.

The amount of security required is Five Dollars per ton.

The Commissioners also expressly reserve the right to reject any or all bids.

Proposals will be received for the whole or any part of the above.

ROYAL M. PULSIFER,
FRANCIS J. PARKER,
ROBERT R. BISHOP,
Water Commissioners.

"Are You Going to Chautauqua?"

Now is your time to avail yourself of a cheap ride through the beautiful "Allegheny Valley" to the famous Summer Resort,

"LAKE CHAUTAUQUA."

The ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD has made a reduction in rates—ONLY $5 00 FOR THE ROUND TRIP, good to return until July 26th inclusive (during the encampment of the Duquesne Greys at that place).

Steamers leaving Mayville on arrival of trains, afford facilities for reaching all the Hotels on the Lake.

Apply for tickets at Union Depot, or No. 78 Fifth avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

DAVID McCARGO,
General Superintendent.

J. MORTON HALL,
General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

DISSOLUTION.

Notice is hereby given that the CRAWFORD MANUFACTURING COMPANY was dissolved, by mutual consent, on the 30TH DAY OF JUNE, A. D. 1875, by R. J. McCLURE retiring. The business will be conducted, as heretofore, under the same firm name by the remaining partners, who have taken R. J. McClure's interest.

CRAWFORD MFG. CO.

In retiring I cordially recommend the Crawford Manufacturing Company to the old patrons and the Jobbing Trade in general.

R. J. McCLURE.

CITY TAXES, 1875.

CITY TREASURER'S OFFICE,
PITTSBURGH, July 1, 1875.

Notice is hereby given that the Duplicates of City, Poor, School and Business Taxes and Water Rents for the year 1875 have been placed in my hands for collection by the several persons authorized to assess the same.

A discount of 5 per cent. will be allowed on all Taxes and Water Rents paid on or before August 1, 1875.

All Taxes and Water Rents remaining unpaid after August 1, 1875, will be placed in the hands of Collectors, with 10 per cent. added for expenses of collection.

For the accommodation of Taxpayers, the Office will remain open on Saturdays until 8 o'clock P. M.

Statements of amounts of Taxes will be furnished on application at Desk No. 1.

C. L. MAGEE,
City Treasurer.

MWF

REMOVAL.

THOS. WIGHTMAN & CO.,
43 Wood St., opposite St. Charles Hotel.

WINDOW GLASS,
OF ALL SIZES, CUT TO ORDER.
VIALS, BOTTLES, AND DEMIJOHNS.
FRUIT JARS,
OF OLD AND RELIABLE PATENTS.

Prices to suit times. Quality and Style equal to any made in the country.

USE SAWYER'S BARBERS' SOAP

INSURANCE.

SOLID INDEMNITY.

ASSETS.

Atlas, - - - $ 511,000
Glens Falls, - - 701,000
Penn Mut. Life, - 5,000,000

Property Insured Against Fire or Loss or Damage by Lightning.

JOHN D. BIGGERT, AGENT,
61 Fourth Avenue.

1875. April. 1875.

NEW SPRING STYLES

SILK AND FUR HATS!

FOR

Wholesale & Retail Trade.

JUST RECEIVED AT

Palmer's Hat House,
151 WOOD ST.

NICKEL AND SILVER PLATING.

Mansfield & Co.

ARE PREPARED TO DO ALL KINDS OF

Nickel and Silver Plating

AND

POLISHING,

In the most prompt and satisfactory manner, and at reasonable rates.

No. 13 Second Avenue,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

County, State and Poor Taxes

FOR 1875.

On and after the 1st day of MAY, 1875, said Taxes can be paid until the 1st day of AUGUST, with

DEDUCTION OF FIVE PER CENT.

for prompt payment to all persons paying the whole amount of their Taxes.

There will be no reduction allowed during the month of August. There will be

TEN PER CENT. ADDED

to all Taxes remaining unpaid on the 1st day of SEPTEMBER, 1875.

SAMUEL KILGORE,
Treasurer of Allegheny County.

MORRISON, BARE & CO.,

PAPER MERCHANTS,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Book, News and Tea Paper,

And dealers in all kinds of WRITING and MANILLA PAPERS, CARDS, CARD BOARDS, TAGS, COVER PAPERS, STATEMENTS, BILL HEADS, LETTER HEADS, ENVELOPES, &c. All kinds of

PRINTING PAPERS

MADE TO ORDER AT OUR MILL.

Warehouse No. 101 Third Avenue,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

WM. B. HAYS & SON,

PORK PACKERS.

BACON, MESS PORK, DRIED BEEF, LARD, LARD OIL, CARBON OILS,

CURERS OF THE CELEBRATED

STAR-ANCHOR BRAND EXTRA SUGAR-CURED HAMS.

281 and 283 LIBERTY STREET.

1p

Flour and Feed.

2,000 bbls. Choice Brands Flour,
300 bbls. Choice Rye Flour,
1,000 Sacks Corn Meal,
50 bbls. Pure Cider Vinegar,
50 tons Bran,
50 tons Chop Feed,
200 boxes Cheese.

I have in Store the largest assortment of choice brands Family and Bakers' Flour in the market, and am daily receiving large lots of Butter and Eggs and Country Produce, and which I offer to the trade at low figures.

JOHN A. FINNEY,
112 SECOND AVENUE.

1p

GLASS SHADES,

FOR WAX WORK AND ORNAMENTS.

J. P. SMITH, SON & CO.,
☞ Near Sixth street. 189 LIBERTY ST.

$57. 50 PER QUARTER. NO EXTRAS. Media Academy for Boys, 12 miles from Philadelphia. 10 Instructors. S. C. Shortlidge, (Harvard A. M.) Media, Pa.

The Commercial.

MONDAY, JULY 19, 1875.

Republican State Nominations.

FOR GOVERNOR,
JOHN. F. HARTRANFT.
FOR STATE TREASURER,
HENRY RAWLE.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET.

FOR SHERIFF,
RICHARD H. FIFE, Mansfield.
FOR RECORDER,
RALPH J. RICHARDSON, City.
FOR REGISTER,
JOSEPH H. GRAY, City.
FOR CLERK OF THE COURTS,
WM. H. McCLEARY, City.
FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONERS,
JOHN McCLELLAND, West Deer,
AUGUSTUS BECKERT, City.
FOR CONTROLLER,
HENRY WARNER, Allegheny City.
FOR DIRECTOR OF THE POOR,
JAMES W. BELL, Robinson.

MR. DISRAELI, the British Premier, declares that the British system of Parliamentary representation "is the admiration of the world." The world, in his view, is bounded by the outlines of Great Britain.

THE New Yorkers are all sure that the population of their city is 1,500,000, but the recent census taken under State authority puts it at less than 1,200,000. There never was a census, yet, that came up to people's expectations.

THE coinage for the fiscal year at the three coinage mints, Philadelphia, San Francisco and Carson, amounts as follows: gold, $34,000,000; trade dollars, $6,000,000; subsidary silver coin, $5,000,000; minor coinage, $250,000.

MR. HUGH McCULLOCH does not expect the return of the Democracy to power within the present century. At least we infer that from his prophecy that our National Debt will disappear before the next century comes in.

A TEST case has been instituted in the United States Circuit Court of New York, involving the question of the constitutionality of the new Postage law increasing the rates on transient papers, packages and other third-class mail matter.

NOTHING could more plainly indicate the stagnation of trade in Great Britain than the immense amount of money accumulating in the Bank of England. This institution, it is said, has now the largest amount of coin and bullion it has ever had in its vaults since its foundation.

JAPAN is about to construct two blast furnaces, fitted with the Whitwell hot-blast, Wrightson's patent charging apparatus, and all the modern appliances, at the Heygori mines, in the northern part of that country, for the purpose of smelting an ore containing fifty per cent. of metallic iron.

THE Leavenworth *Commercial* says the wheat crop of Kansas, which is now about harvested, is beyond all doubt the largest ever raised in the State. There will be millions of bushels to spare after breading the people. The Kansas City *Times* estimates the surplus for export at fully ten million bushels.

THE fellows who lately met in North Carolina and called themselves a Cotton Congress, appear to have been railroad schemers in disguise. Their great object was, not to advance the cotton interest, but to get the National Government to build three great railroads for their benefit. If Cotton is King, it ought to build its own railroads.

THE contest over the right of the Baltimore city government to appropriate money for sectarian uses is progressing through the courts. The Baltimore *American* says: "Several of the institutions affected by the recent injunction laid by Judge PINKNEY against the payment of the city appropriations to such charities, have submitted their answer and applied for the dissolution of the injunction."

THE *Post*, some days since, innocently inquired what good reason could be brought against electing PATTERSON to the Sheriffalty. There is one all-sufficient reason—he is a Democrat. Isn't that enough? And now, what good reason is there against FIFE's election? He is as good a man as PATTERSON ever was or is likely to be, and has the decided advantage, besides, of being a Republican.

THE excitement in the wheat market still continues, and the speculation will probably not stop until there is a collapse. Europeans are the chief buyers, and orders and shipments are very large, in view of a prospective deficiency in the crops of that quarter of the world. This forward movement, while of great advantage to farmers, shippers and carriers, is likely also to have an inspiring effect upon other departments of trade.

THE imports at New York last week amounted to $6,641,229. The total imports since January first amount to $194,098,555, against $230,431,431,477 for the corresponding period of last year. The produce exports during the week were $5,013,248. The exports of produce since January first, this year, amount to $132,955,398, against $158,635,219 in 1874. The specie exports for the week reached $1,962,221. The total specie exports during the year aggregate $57,122,632, against $32,142,503 in 1874.

WE GET an inkling of what the new Democratic secret society is, in the following from the Washington *Star:*

"The new organization has no party or national lines, and is rather local in its character, having for one of its main purposes opposition to the policy of granting State or municipal aid to sectarian institutions. It embraces men of all politics and nationalities in its membership, but is understood to be anti-Catholic. It is claimed that the order has already a membership of some fifteen thousand voters in Baltimore, and that it will be a power in the coming election in Maryland."

AN OHIO Liberal, who went off with the Democracy in 1872, does not like to feed upon husks any longer. In a recent interview he said:

Myself and other Republicans helped the Democratic party into power in Ohio, and what have we gained by it? A disgraced Legislature, a declaration in favor of financial ruin and rascality, and a disgusting alliance between the Democratic party and the Catholic priesthood. Henceforth count us out, or rather count us with the Republican organization, in which, whatever we still believe to be wrong, we will endeavor conscientiously to set right. But no more Democracy for us.

THE domestic exports from Philadelphia for the fiscal year just closed amounted to $28,588,019, of which $11,279,481 went in American vessels, and $17,308,538 in foreign. The exports of petroleum were 3,662,247 gallons crude, 55,411,629 gallons refined, and 1,830,696 gallons naptha and benzine. The largest shipments were to Belgium, Germany, Netherlands, England, Italy, France and Denmark. The exports of breadstuffs were $7,457,884, and of provisions $4,678,730, the latter a heavy increase. Of these the largest exports go to England and Ireland. The shipments of other articles show a large variety in the trade.

GOVERNOR HENDRICKS, of Indiana, has at last, after a great deal of coaxing and prodding, consented to take part in the Ohio campaign, but, as we learn from the Cincinnati *Gazette*, he has fixed the time for his advent in the latter part of September, by which time the campaign will be nearly over. THURMAN, ALLEN, PENDLETON and other possible Presidential candidates will have made their blunders and taken their positions. Then HENDRICKS will canter into the ring, and with a speech made up of their several hints, will hope to carry off the laurels, such as they are. Shrewdly planned. But "the best laid schemes o' mice and men gang aft aglee."

SOME time ago we gave an outline of the case in which Father ROUSSELLOT, a Roman Catholic priest of Montreal, by order of his Bishop, refused to allow the body of one of his deceased parishioners to be buried in consecrated ground. The case was tried in Montreal, and decided in favor of the friends of the deceased. The Church appealed from this decision to the Privy Council of England, and that body has sustained the action of the Canadian court. The priest, however, declines to recognize the authority of the Council, and has written a defiant letter in which he says:

"This day I do not recognize more than in 1869 the right of the civil authorities to interfere in questions which belong only to ecclesiastical domain, and notwithstanding my deep respect for our gracious sovereign and my perfect submission to her authority in everything that belongs to civil matters, I am and will always be obliged to refuse sepulture to J. Guibond in consecrated ground so long as my bishop forbids me to grant it."

PROFESSION AND PRACTICE.

The Chicago *Times*, which has been a Democratic paper from the start, and is therefore qualified to bear witness as to the character of its party, says that its distinguishing feature is that it never practices what it professes. It says:

"The two most distinguishing characteristics of that combination of American politicians who, about the time of Andrew Jackson's first election to the Presidency, were dubbed in derision the Democratic party, were these: First, their vehement professions of liberal political principles; second, their persistent practice of illiberal and monarchical principles. They professed to hold the liberal doctrine that all men are equally endowed with imprescriptible rights of life and liberty to pursue happiness. They practiced directly the contrary doctrine, by maintaining with religious zeal as well as political tenacity the claim by one portion of men of a right to hold another portion in slavery. They professed to reject the patriarchal or paternalistic theory of political government, but to assert the contrary theory of individual liberty and responsibility; but in practice they repudiate the latter and convey the former into the form and substance of laws. They profess with most voluble vehemency to believe in the principles of local self-government, the denial of which in practice was the cause of the rebellion and separation of the American colonies from England; but in practice they never even pretended to apply that principle further than to deny the powers of the Washington agency to intefere in the domestic politics of the several Commonwealths—in the latter the principle of local freedom was rejected, and that of a centralization or paternal despotism applied with all vigor. Thus in every domain of political action, that party with a double face—a face of profession opposed to a face of practice—professed to hold one political theory while its representative men habitually practiced just the contrary political theory.

"It is a remarkable fact that the professional politicians who still worship at the decayed shrine of the old Jackson party idolatry continue to be distinguished by the same contradiction on most subjects, between profession and practice. They continue to preach a political doctrine squarely the opposite of that on which they proceed, whenever they get a chance to apply in political practice."

This is a picture drawn by a Democratic hand, and is faithful to the life. The high-sounding professions of "Reform" and of a sincere desire to bring about a healthy change in the body politic, which this party put forward in 1873 and 1874, and to all of which it has since, in practice, given the lie, are evidence of the truth of what the *Times* asserts. The Democrats have never attained to power in any place without increasing the public burdens and disgracing the American name; and they have invariably sneaked into office under pretences exactly the reverse of this practice. It has but one aim—plunder; but one principle—office; and to carry this aim and principle into effect, it feels free to promise anything or profess anything that will carry it through. The end, with it, justifies the means; and it has never failed to belie all its fair pretences when the people have been foolish enough to trust it. If it be true that a burnt child dreads the fire, surely the people of this nation have suffered enough from their contact with the Democracy to dread it any shape it may assume. There is an old proverb that, if a man cheats me once, it is his fault; if he cheats me twice, it is *mine*. If the people allow themselves to be again cheated by this political fraud, the fault will assuredly be their own.

MR. BICKEL, a Philadelphia Councilman, some time ago made a speech in Councils charging that the entire newspaper press of Philadelphia was subsidized by the Reading Railroad Company. The newspapers were indignant, of course, and demanded that BICKEL should either prove or retract his wholesale charge, or metaphorically have his nose pulled; whereupon BICKEL explains that, upon reading the editorials of a sheet which he does not name, he came to the conclusion that it must have been bought, and that he based his charge upon that conclusion.

This is a very lame explanation, indeed; but it is about on a level with the explanations that lie at the bottom of wholesale charges, generally. The newspaper press, in this instance, was the object of the charge, and has therefore been able to bring its author to book; but the newspaper press, itself, or those portions of it which delight in sensational surprises, very frequently gives currency to the same kind of charges, and with as little reason to back them. Many a public man has been denounced as corrupt and unworthy, by papers of this class, with as little substantial cause as BICKEL had for his slander; and no one has ever been able to challenge the libelers successfully, because the papers that libeled them have persistently concealed the real facts from the public. When the papers themselves are libeled, however, the circumstances alter the case, materially.

THE *Bulletin of the Iron and Steel Association* learns that a stock company, composed of English capitalists, has organized under the name of the Southern States Coal, Iron and Land Company, with a capital of $500,000, for the purpose of purchasing and developing important mineral properties in Tennessee. Certain tracts have been secured by agents of the company which are said to be among the best mineral bearing properties in that region; the Battle creek estate, at the junction of Battle creek and Tennessee river; the Cumberland Mountain property, in the Sequatchie Valley; and a tract on the French Broad river, not far from the Tennessee river, respectively containing large deposits of limestone, coal and brown hematite and specular iron ores, and collectively embracing about 166,000 acres of land. It is proposed to develop the manganese, which is found in large quantities on the land of the company; to erect coke ovens and supply fuel to neighboring markets; to construct fire brick works, and ultimately to build iron smelting furnaces furnished with the latest improvements.

A COMMITTEE of the Board appointed by the President to investigate the mechanical, physical and chemical properties of the alloys of the useful metals has established headquarters at the Stevens Institute of Technology, Hoboken, New Jersey. The committee desire to obtain records of all experiments which have hitherto been made in this direction, and to secure such exact information as may assist further researches. These records should embody a statement of the precise chemical constitution of each alloy examined, as obtained both by synthesis and subsequent analysis. The departments of physics and of chemistry in the various colleges and universities and schools of engineering ought to be able to render valuable aid, and their co-operation is earnestly requested.

THE Postmaster General, it is said, thinks of issuing an order discontinuing the free delivery of postal matter in cities containing less than 100,000 inhabitants. According to the best of our information, based upon the number of names in the directories and the number of SMITHS in each city, there *are* no cities in this country containing so small a number of inhabitants as one hundred thousand. The whole thing can be made plain to the Postmaster General, if he will only take time to listen to the demonstrations. Detroit, for instance, took a census, lately, which made her population 98,504; but, satisfied that this was erroneous, immediately took another, which gave her 102,398. Putting the two together, her present population is 200,902.

THE latest report from the Department of Agriculture shows an improvement in the cotton crop in every cotton State but Texas, the increase over last year averaging about six per cent. It is expected that this increased supply will bring down the prices of the raw material to a living basis with manufacturers. In Manchester and in Lowell, in Brunn and in the Southern cotton factories, the demand is for cheap cotton. It is significant that factories established in the very heart of the cotton districts, where the price of raw material is of more consequence than the rates of wages, sustained a comparatively greater loss of dividends than our great Northern factories where the wages rolls amount to such formidable sums. A few weeks more will probably determine the future of this important textile industry for some time to come.

There is a family in Fauquier county, Virginia, near Warrenton, the members of which bear the following extensive names: (1) Americus Vespucius Kosciusko Marstella, (2) Whigoletta Democrata Marstella, (3) God Help Cyrus Marstella, (4) Cora Nora Maurice Marstella, (5) Cyrus God Help Marstella, and (6) Stella Mars Marstella. These are equal to the old Puritan names of England. It proves the wonderful vitality of the human organization that their owners survived their babyhood.

GENERAL AND PARTICULAR.

Professor Tice's July perturbation closes to-day.

Santa Cruz is the rum name of California's Long Branch.

Have you seen anything of Donaldson and his balloon?

China is preparing to establish legations and consulates abroad.

The experiment of carrying letters on the street cars is to be tried at Cleveland, Ohio.

The grasshoppers have forsaken Minnesota entirely, going no one knows whither.

Marriage at the revolver's mouth is not valid. So the New York Supreme Court decides.

Hundreds of houses and stores in Richmond, say the local papers, are placarded "For Rent."

The "stone age" of the Pacific coast is to be represented at the Centennial by several tons of specimens.

Collapse. The population of Duluth, Minn., is only a little over 2,900, a shrinkage of 2,000 since 1872.

A Lynchburg hotel fell, the other day. Blobbs suggests that it was crushed by the landlord's heavy charges.

Crop reports from Dakota are very encouraging. The wheat yield will be this year about 7,000,000 bushels.

The city of Richmond has been indicted for allowing the refuse of the gas works to pass into the James river.

So far this year there have been two and a quarter million tons less of coal mined and marketed than in 1874.

The American Steamship Company of Philadelphia will carry peaches to Europe this season in refrigerators.

It is said that the lumber trade of Chicago is more active than at any other point east of the Rocky Mountains.

Ex-Solicitor Banfield of the Treasury Department is hopelessly insane and in a lunatic asylum in California.

Some anxiety has been occasioned in Washington by a report that the yellow fever has appeared at Norfolk, Va.

Serious damage is reported from various parts of the country as resulting from the severe rain storms of the past few days.

A half brother of Gov. Gaston, of Massachusetts, died suddenly, Saturday, at the poor house in Cass county, Michigan.

The latest educational statistics of England show a total of 7,257 schools in operation, with 1,006,511 children on the rolls.

An imposter has appeared near Galveston, Texas, who claims to be the Lord of Hosts. He should have chosen a different State.

A party of scientific gentlemen from the East leave Duluth, Minn., to-day for an examination of the recently discovered Mesaba iron range.

A movement is on foot among the leading merchants of Washington to establish a large oyster, fruit and vegetable packing establishment.

The army worm has appeared in Maine in large numbers, and the trees in a number of counties have been entirely stripped of their leaves.

Among the latest labor saving inventions is a patent painting machine, which is said to paint 600 laths of ordinary size for Venitian blinds in an hour.

Ex-Senator Carpenter, of Wisconsin, has just been retained in a case in Florida involving the validity of railroad bonds to the amount of $4,000,000.

Twenty-nine trade-marks have already been secured in the Patent Office for the word "Centennial," as applied to various articles of manufacture.

An association has actually been formed in the British House of Commons for the better protection of men against the political claims of the other sex.

According to the census just taken, Rhode Island has two hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants, an increase of forty-one thousand in five years.

Ex-Senator Carpenter is again in luck. He has just been retained to prosecute Boss Tweed in the civil suit for $6,000,000 brought by the city of New York.

Baltimore is very rapidly becoming one of the chief centers of the coffee trade in this country. Sixty thousand bags have already been received there this month.

The Government will not lose a dollar by the defalcation of Deputy Collector Jackson, of Louisville, the full amount of the defalcation being secured by good bonds.

The most unfortunate of the stay-at-home classes are the school children, who know not what to do in vacation time, and their mothers, who know not what to do with them.

A New York census enumerator stumbled upon a "Jones" family whose children claim the alliterative names of John, Jonathan, Josiah, James, Job, Jane, Julia, Jerusha, and Jedediah.

A large and daring band of horse thieves is operating in the Arkansas Valley and along the Kansas border of the Indian Territory. The band numbers a hundred or more, and is thoroughly organized.

The Indiana Grangers have resolved that they will not buy certain farming implements because the manufacturers refuse to recognize the Grange agents, and will only sell through the old established agents.

A fifteen-mile flume has just been completed in Nevada at a cost of a quarter of a million dollars. It is intended to supply several mills and mines owned by its proprietors with the timber and fuel they need.

There is to be a grand reunion of soldiers in Indianapolis some time in September next. Grant, Sherman and Sheridan are to be invited, and it is intended to make it the largest meeting of soldiers held in that State since the war.

The prohibitory law is in full operation in the kingdom of Wadai, one of the newly discovered kingdoms in the interior of Africa. One of the worst offenses is the drinking of beer. Neither the King nor his subjects are allowed to touch it.

PERSONAL.

The friends of Bowdoin College are making great efforts to raise $10,000 for the establishment of a Longfellow Professorship in honor of the poet.

Thomas Moore, the poet, stopped for several weeks nearly a century ago, in a house in Norfolk, Va. The building is still standing, and the inhabitants of the city talk of celebrating the centennial.

J. N. Ostrom, stroke and captain of the victorious Cornell crew, is a carpenter by trade, and has supported himself at the university by working at the bench, helping about the farm and taking care of one of the buildings.

Mrs. Lincoln's mental condition is unchanged, and the Superintendent of the Batavia, Ill., institution where she is does not regard the prospect of her recovery as very encouraging. Her son Robert visits her weekly, and every possible provision is made for her comfort.

A Sioux City gambler, to escape arrest, stripped and, with his pocketbook between his teeth, took to the river. His strength or skill not proving adequate to the passage, however, he was obliged to open his mouth in order to call for help, and his pocketbook, containing $1,000, went to the bottom.

The Governor of Kentucky and several friends were arrested the other day for playing croquet in the State House grounds at Frankfort, and it wasn't done in jest, either, for the matter was prosecuted, and two of the parties fined $1 each, the other two, however, being mulcted only one cent each.

OHIO NEWS.

Sandusky has broken ground for new water works.

The new school building at Uhrichsville will cost $35,000.

Thomas Hennely, a young man of Cleveland, has mysteriously disappeared.

During the year ending April 1, 1875, forty-eight persons died in Summit county, who ranged in age from seventy to one hundred years.

Mr. Seelye, of Cleveland, has received news of his daughter's death in Calcutta, where she had been for four years past a missionary physician.

Rev. George Leiter, an active Evangelical minister of the Lutheran Church, died suddenly of heart disease at his daughter's house in Salem on Monday afternoon. His residence was in Congres. He had just partaken of a hearty supper.

Eliza Aspinal, a young lady eighteen years old, was seriously if not fatally injured, on Tuesday, while working at a machine in the woolen mill of Conklin & Co., at Delphos. Her dress caught in a rapidly revolving wheel, drawing her body around the shaft several times before it could be stopped.

The slate business is pretty good in Lehigh county, Pa. Last week there were shipped from Slatington 423 squares of roofing slate, 313 cases of school, 32 cases of mantels, and 3 cars of paving slate; from Walnutport, 35 squares of roofing; from Treichler's 70 squares of roofing, and 50 cases of school; from Franklin station, 700 squares of roofing and 11 cases of school.

BOOKS WORTH READING.

A DICTIONARY OF RELIGIOUS KNOWLEDGE, by Rev. Lyman Abbott, assisted by Rev. T. J. Conant, D. D., and published by Harper & Brothers, New York. This most excellent work is for popular and professional use, comprising full information on Biblical, Theological and Ecclesiastical subjects, with several hundred maps and illustrations, containing over one thousand pages, and bound in different styles, and sold at prices ranging from $6 00 to $8 50. It was not intended by the publishers to take the place of McClintock and Strong's Cyclopedia and other works of a Biblical character, but to supply a much needed want, and especially the general reader and student with a popular Biblical and Ecclesiastical History. The peculiar features comprise (1) comprehensiveness.—It embraces every proper name and every important subject in the Bible; every modern denomination and every important ecclesiastical term. (2.) Catholicity.—It is written in the interest of no sect or party. The denominational articles have been revised by leading men in the respective denominations. (3.) Modern Character.—It is evangelical in spirit; it gives an impartial account of the latest phases of modern thought, both Christian and skeptical. (4.) Accuracy.—The proofs have been carefully read and reread, every Scripture reference carefully examined in proof, and the co-operation of Dr. Conant guarantees the trustworthiness of its Biblical scholarship. (5.) Popularity.—It has been prepared especially for popular use; all Greek and Hebrew words have been rendered, when referred to, into English equivalents; all Scripture references have been inserted in notes, avoiding thus the breaking up of the articles; there are full illustrations and many maps. (6.) Fullness.—There are added in an appendix tables of Biblical chronology, tables of weights and measures, harmony of gospels, chronology of prophets, table of prophecies, etc., etc. The work combines convenient size, reasonable price, and suits the people's need.

Mr. Abbott commenced this work in 1860, and every part bears evidence of his careful painstaking, supplemented by the scholarly revision of Dr. Conant, whose rare talents are universally conceded. It is admirably suited for the library of pastors with limited means, and superintendents and teachers in Sunday schools, theological students and others will derive valuable help by consulting it. In addition to the Dictionary proper, there is an index containing (1) all titles treated in the book; (2) all subject matters treated of under other titles; (3) all proper names and all important subjects referred to in the Bible, whether elsewhere treated in the book or not. By a very simple arrangement of type, the reader is able at once to know whether to turn over to an article or not. And where such a subject is not referred to in the body of the work, references to the principal passages where it is spoken of in the Scriptures are appended.

This valuable book is sold exclusively by subscription, the sole agent for Allegheny county being Mr. Samuel Ackley, 26 Carroll street, Allegheny city, a worthy young man, who is now canvassing for subcribers.

THE MEMOIRS OF GENERAL W. T. SHERMAN, written by himself, complete in two volumes, and published by D. Appleton & Co., New York, is a remarkable work in many respects, and has been for some time passing through the severest kind of an ordeal in the leading journals of the country. We have delayed mentioning this work at length for reasons not necessary to name here, and we apprehend its sale has not been hindered thereby, as we have already alluded to its merits in various ways. It was to be expected that a history relating chiefly to a civil war of such magnitude, would invite diverse criticisms, and give offense to companions and rivals in arms. A writer of like elements of character with General Sherman, would be apt to make record in his diary of stirring events in glowing language. Perhaps, if the incidents of his military career had been wholly written at a later period of life, many of the objectionable features would not likely have appeared. Aside, however, from all these things, since General Johnson, the distinguished Confederate leader, had given his version of the war, it seemed necessary that some one in a high position connected with the Union army should also present the facts and incidents of the war. Whatever defects these Memoirs may have, as to historical facts or the actions and services of leading officers, time will correct, and in future revisions the truth be presented.

The book shows the man, representing peculiar views, though written in a wining and popular style. His views on military affairs are worthy of consideration and will afford instruction to men of this class, as well as to civilians. His *abandon* style fascinates the reader. The General's life previous to 1861 was marked with some remarkable incidents, and his subsequent career is familiar to our readers, especially his grand march to the sea. The work has had a large sale, as it deserved, and we hope at some future day it will appear in one volume, cheap form, and it will likely occupy a place in many a household, which is unable to purchase it in its present form. Is is for sale at the book store of R. S. Davis & Co., of this city.

QUEEN MARY, by Alfred Tennyson, published by James R. Osgood & Co., Boston, and for sale by R. S. Davis & Co., of this city, has created a furore in the literary and artistic world of an unusual character. Tennyson's renown heretofore has chiefly rested upon his grand lyrics, and the production of this drama shows him to be master of other forms of poetic thought besides lyrical. It is hardly to be expected that his admirers will realize the same pleasure as in his grand, world-renowned lyrics, and this new role of the drama, while it may not add to his fame, will widely extend it. Doubtless interest will be enhanced in the fact that he has uttered his voice in poetry, on a subject so well done by Gladstone in prose. Its appearance is opportune, and it will tend to deepen the impression made on the English mind by the ex-Premier, and help to give pungency to the feeling on this side of the Atlantic on the same subject—the aggressive and bold movements of the Catholics on the public school and other questions.

Queen Mary, Elizabeth's sister, was the daughter of the Eighth Henry, and the time of her reign covers the rule of "bloody Queen Mary"—from 1583 to 1588—burden, including the burning of Cranmer, her efforts to introduce the Catholic religion, to retain her hold on the fickle fancy of Philip of Spain, while the English people and Elizabeth refused to tolerate papacy. The leading characters, including ladies-in-waiting, servants and common people, number nearly fifty, distributed through the five acts. The drama will no doubt soon be put on the stage, and the feeling on the grave historical questions it presents will be intensified. Tennyson makes much of the martyrdom of Cranmer, and no wonder! The verdict will be that this remarkable poem will not be so much admired because of its merits as a historical drama, as a study of history.

There are passages of great beauty, such, for instance, when Mary in her devotion to the Church of Rome and attachment to the heartless Philip of Spain, before her marriage was consummated, eloquently prays:

> Holy Virgin,
> Plead with thy blessed Son; grant me my prayer;
> Give me my Philip, and we two will lead
> The living waters of the Faith again
> Back through their widowed channel here, and watch
> The parched banks rolling incense, as of old,
> To heaven, and kindled with the palms of Christ.

That prayer reflects Mary's character, both as set forth in history and in drama. This remarkable poem will have a wide sale both in this country and Europe. The publishers deserve great praise for their enterprise in reproducing it. The English copy reached Messrs. Osgood & Co. on a Monday, and by Thursday following the entire book had been reset, the new plates made, and a large edition printed. This truly is American enterprise.

POLITICAL.

State.

The Clarion county Republican convention has been called for Monday, August 16th.

J. H. Ross, Esq., of York county, is highly commended for the position of nominee for State Treasurer on the Democratic ticket.

A correspondent of the McVeytown, Mifflin county, *Journal* is sure that Hon. Andrew Reed, of that county, is the right Democrat to nominate for Governor.

The Franklin *Repository* regards the prospects of electing the Republican county ticket, and giving a handsome majority for Hartranft, as decidedly favorable.

"Ex-Governor Bigler, of Pennsylvania, says he'll take the Democratic nomination for Governor of Pennsylvania. They'll have another 'rise up, William,' in our sister State, if he leads the Democracy."—*Cleveland Plain Dealer.* Yes, with all that the name implies. Rise-up-and-go-William-Allen; Get-up-and-dust-Bigler; two noble red men, these, bound for the setting sun.

The Democratic Standing Committee of Clinton county have changed the time of their county convention from September 7th to August 31st, in order to secure an expression of the people in selecting delegates to the State Convention.

The Bellefonte *Republican* is of the opinion that the Senatorial fight in the Thirty-fourth district is narrowed down to a contest between P. Gray Meek and Adam Hoy, with the chances largely in favor of Meek, who is the superior organizer.

Hon. Wm. J. Baer has been named for Senatorial delegate to the Erie convention by the Democrats of Somerset county, and John H. Uhl and John J. Hoffman, Esqs., have been chosen Representative delegates with instructions to vote for Hon. A. H. Coffroth for Governor.

The Republicans of Beaver county will hold their primary elections on the last Saturday in August, and their convention on the Monday following. The Democrats of the same county will elect delegates on Saturday, September 4, and hold their convention on Monday, September 6.

The Prohibitionists of Philadelphia met on Thursday evening, without public notice, and set up the following ticket: Judge Biddle, Republican nominee, is the candidate for Judge; Henry S. Hagert, Democratic nominee, is the candidate for Clerk of the Sessions; Henry Haines, "Reform" candidate for the same office in 1871, is the nominee for Recorder of Deeds, and John Shedden, a prominent leader in the Sovereigns of Industry, was nominated for City Commissioner.

General.

The Cincinnati *Enquirer* indorses the Toledo *Democrat* in protesting against Governor Tilden's appearance on the stump during the present campaign in Ohio. What a position for the Democracy of Ohio to be placed in. They occupy ground which compels them to repudiate and insult four-fifths of the leading men of their party.—*Toledo Blade.*

The anxiety of certain politicians in St. Louis to have the National Democracy hold its next Convention there is explained as follows by the Cincinnati *Commercial:* "St. Louis is the first choice of the greenback and grayback party. If the hard money Democrats of the East ventured to St. Louis, and talk their doctrines, they would be thought the strangest sort of cattle that ever got into the wrong woods pasture."

The *World* calls for a vigilance committee to put down crime in this city. Every once in a while our neighbor of the *World* loses his head, kicks over the traces, backs into the ditch, and upsets the Democratic apple-cart, just as it did in 1868. Think of the *World*, that makes every morning a hideous howling for "Home Rule," recommending a vigilance committee in the city of New York. Here's a city with 50,000 Democratic majority, and the *World*, their organ, screaming out, "Our municipal and State government is a failure; let's take the law in our own hands." This is Democracy with a vengeance. This hot weather has a very bad effect on some people.—*New York Commercial Advertiser.*

Two negroes divided the $5,000 reward paid by the State of North Carolina for Applewhite, the last member of the "Swamp Angel" gang.

A Double Danger Averted.

The inhabitant of a malarious region is threatened by a double danger. He is not only compelled to *breathe* miasma, but to *swallow* it, since it infects not only the atmosphere, but the water. The aerial poison threatens his system through the lungs and pores, the liquid through the stomach. Against this double peril there is but one protection, and that is to invigorate the entire body through the digestive and secretive organs. Ordinary tonics usually fail to accomplish this—Hostetter's Stomach Bitters never. In the tropics, where the diseases originated by malaria are of a far more malignant type than those originated by the same cause in the temperate zone, it enjoys immense and constantly increasing sales, and there is no portion of this continent where it is not the reigning specific for miasmatic fevers and disorders of the stomach, liver and bowels, proceeding from malaria and other causes.

E. F. Kunkel's Bitter Wine of Iron.

This truly valuable tonic has been so thoroughly tested by all classes of the community that it is now deemed indispensable as a Tonic medicine. It costs but little, purifies the blood and gives tone to the stomach, renovates the system and prolongs life. Everybody should have it.

For the cure of Weak Stomachs, General Debility, Indigestion, Diseases of the Stomach, and for all cases requiring a tonic.

This wine includes the most agreeable and efficient Salt of Iron we possess—Citrate of Magnetic Oxide, combined with the most energetic of vegetable tonics—Yellow Peruvian Bark.

Do you want something to strengthen you?
Do you want a good appetite?
Do you want to get rid of nervousness?
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Do you want to sleep well?
Do you want to build up your constitution?
Do you want to feel well?
Do you want a brisk and vigorous feeling?
If you do try KUNKEL'S BITTER WINE OF IRON.

I only ask a trial of this valuable tonic! Beware of counterfeits, as Kunkel's Bitter Wine of Iron is the only sure and effectual remedy in the known world for the permanent cure of Dyspepsia and Debility, and as there are a number of imitations offered to the public, I would caution the community to purchase none but the genuine article, manufactured by E. F. Kunkel, and having his stamp on the cork of every bottle. The very fact that others are attempting to imitate this valuable remedy, proves its worth and speaks volumes in its favor. Get the genuine. Sold only in $1 bottles. Sold by druggists and dealers everywhere.

259 TAPE WORM REMOVED ALIVE 259

Head and all complete in two hours. No fee till head passes. Seat, Pin and Stomach worms removed by Dr. KUNKEL, 259 North Ninth st. Send for circular, or ask your druggist for a bottle of KUNKEL'S WORM SYRUP. It never fails. Price $1. MWF&*

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FEDERAL STREET, ALLEGHENY
Very Des'rable New
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AT
MOST REMAKABLE LOW PRICES.

At 6¼c, Striped Linen Suitings.
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Black Hernanias and Grenadines,
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From Lowest to Finest Qualities,
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Either by the Yard, Full Piece, or More.
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This condition of the individual, distressing as it is, may, with a certainty, be cured by

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ALL forms of Venereal, Private and Chronic Diseases at the Girard Medical Dispensary, No. 83 Sixth avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa. The Proprietors are Regular Graduates of Medicine and Surgery, as Diploma at office will show, are longer engaged and the most successful, as their extensive city practice will prove. Age, with experience, can be relied on.

NO CURE, NO PAY.

Gleet, Stricture, Orchitis, Hernia, Syphilis, Gonorrhœa, and all urinary diseases, and Syphilitic or Mercurial affections of the Throat, Skin or Bones, are cured in the shortest possible time that will insure permanent relief. Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness and Impotency, as the result of self-abuse in youth, or excess in maturer years, and which produce some of the following effects, as emissions, blotches, debility, dizziness, nervousness, dimness of sight, cough, indigestion, constipation, despondency, confusion of ideas, aversion to society, loss of memory and sexual power, and which unfits the victim for business or marriage, are thoroughly and permanently cured. A medical circular relating to private diseases, sent in sealed envelope for one stamp. All communications confidential. Address

Girard Medical Dispensary,
No. 83 Sixth avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa. All medicines are prepared by the proprietor where nothing but the best of drugs are used. This enables us to cure the most difficult cases after all others have failed. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 8 P. M.; Sundays from 5 P. M. to 7 P. M.

A BOOK FOR THE MILLION!
MARRIAGE GUIDE.
A Private Counselor to the Married, or those about to marry, on the physiological mysteries and revelations of the sexual system, with the latest discoveries in the science of reproduction, preserving the complexion, &c. This is an interesting work of 260 pages, with numerous engravings, and contains valuable information for those who are married or contemplate marriage; still it is a book that ought to be under lock and key, and not left carelessly about the house. Sent to any one (post paid) for Fifty Cents. Address Dr. Butts' Dispensary, No. 12 N. Eighth st., St. Louis. MWF*

PRIVATE DISEASE—OFFICE NO. 194 PENN STREET, next door to St. Clair Hotel. For the cure of all diseases of a private nature in from two to four days, by an entirely new and safe treatment. Also seminal weakness, impotency and all other diseases of the genital organs and their prevention. A cure warranted or money refunded. Has Diploma in the office, and is a regular physician of twenty years' standing in this city, having cured 20,000 cases. Book and circular, 10 cents. Address DOCTOR W., 194 Penn street, Pittsburgh, Pa. Office hours from 9 A. M. till 8 P. M.

E. M. BUTZ,
ARCHITECT,
Removed to 64 and 66 Federal Street,
Over Girard Savings Bank, Allegheny, Pa.

RAILROADS.

PITTSBURGH, WASHINGTON AND BALTIMORE "SHORT LINE." CONNELLSVILLE ROUTE.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.
On and after SUNDAY, JULY 4th, 1875, Trains on this Road will Depart and Arrive from Depot, corner Grant and Water streets, as follows, Pittsburgh time:

DEPART.	ARRIVE.
Uniontown Ac. 6:35 a m	McKeesport Ac 6:45 a m
Through Mail 8:35 a m	McKeesport Ac 7:30 a m
McKeesport Ac 10:30 a m	W. Newton Ac 8:15 a m
McKeesport Ac 3:15 p m	Uniontown Ac 9:45 a m
Uniontown Ac 3:45 p m	Express 11:35 a m
McKeesport Ac 4:30 p m	McKeesport Ac 2:00 p m
W. Newton Ac 5:15 p m	Uniontown Ac 5:40 p m
McKeesport Ac 6:25 p m	McKeesport Ac 6:10 p m
Through Ex. 7:15 p m	McKeesport Ac 7:40 p m
McKee's Owl T11:15 p m	Through Mail 8:20 p m
McKee's Ch T. 12:45 p m	McKee's Ch T. 10:05 a m

Mail and Accommodation Trains daily except Sunday. Express Trains daily. Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars.
Save 75 miles travel. Washington City, Baltimore Philadelphia, New York and all points east.
General Ticket Office, 43 Fifth avenue.
E. K. HYNDMAN, General Superintendent.
SAML. C. HOUGH, Genl. Passenger Agent.
Corner Fifth avenue and Wood street.
General Ticket Office, 35 Fifth avenue.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD—
On and after SUNDAY, May 23d, 1875, trains will leave Union Depot, Pittsburgh, as follows:
CITY TIME.
MAIN LINE EASTWARD.
Pacific Express daily, except Monday, at 2:36 a. m., arriving at Harrisburg at 11:35 a. m., Philadelphia 3:35 p. m., New York 6:45 p. m.
Day Express daily, at 7:26 a. m., arriving at Harrisburg 2:55 p. m., Philadelphia 6:20 p. m., New York 9:15 p. m., Baltimore 6:35 p. m., Washington 8:17 p. m.
Mail Train daily, except Sunday, 7:41 a. m., arriving at Harrisburg 8:10 p. m.
Atlantic Express, daily, 12:31 p. m., arriving at Harrisburg 11:05 p m, Philadelphia 3:10 a m, New York 6:50 a m, Baltimore 3:05 a m, Washington 6:30 a m.
Philadelphia Express daily, except Sunday, 4:20 p m, arriving at Harrisburg 2:20 a m, Philadelphia 6:45 a m, New York 10:10 a m.
Fast line daily, at 7:41 p m, arriving at Harrisburg 3:45 a m, Philadelphia, 7:35 a m, New York 10:25 a m, Baltimore 7:35 a m, Washington 9:02 a m.
Wall's Accommodation, 6:06, 6:41, 10:21, 11:46 a. m. 2:41, 5:41, 6:11 and 11:11 p. m. Sunday, 12:51 p. m.
Brinton Accommodation, 5:01 and 9:26 p m. Sunday, 9:26 p m.
Wilkinsburg Accommodation . . . . . . 7:11 p m
Johnstown Accommodation . . . . . . 3:31 p m
MAIN LINE WESTWARD.
Trains arrive at Union Depot (city time) as follows:
Mail Train daily, except Monday . . . . . . 1:21 a m
Fast Line daily, except Monday . . . . . . 1:41 a m
Pittsburgh Express daily, except Monday . . 6:56 a m
Cincinnati Express daily . . . . . . 7:11 a m
Pacific Express daily . . . . . . 1:41 p m
Way Passenger daily . . . . . . 8:21 p m
Wall's Accommodation 6:36, 8:21, 9:01 a m, 1:21, 2:41, 5:46 and 7:51 p m. Sunday, 10:01 a m.
Brinton Accommodation, 7:36, a m, 7:11 and 11:11 p m. Sunday, 7:11 p m.
Wilkinsburg Accommodation . . . . . . 9:21 p m
Johnstown Accommodation . . . . . . 10:41 a m
SOUTHWEST PENN. RAILWAY.
Youghiogheny Express, except Sunday, 4:26 a m.
Connellsville Accommodation, daily, except Sunday, 6:06 p m.
Trains arrive from Connellsville at 9:41 a m and 6:46 p m.
WEST PENNSYLVANIA DIVISION.
From Federal Street Depot, Allegheny City.
City Time:
Mail Train, connecting for Butler . . . . . . 6:26 a m
Express, connecting for Butler . . . . . . 3:06 p m
Freeport Accommodation, 9:21 a m, and 5:01 p m.
Springdale Accommodation, 11:31 a m, 6:16, 8:41 and 11:21 p m. On Sunday at 12:51 and 9:21 p m.
Market Train for Butler . . . . . . 3:11 p m
Trains arrive at Federal Street Depot (city time):
Express, connecting from Butler . . . . . . 10:11 a m
Mail Train, connecting from Butler . . . . . . 5:51 p m
Freeport Accommodation, 8:06 a m and 1:36 p m.
Springdale Accommodation, 6:51 a m, 3:49, 7:11 and 11:16 p m. On Sunday at 9:51 a m and 7:01 p m.
Market Train from Butler . . . . . . 9:11 a m
The Excelsior Baggage Express Company will call for and check baggage from hotels and residences. Time cards and full information can be obtained at the ticket offices, No. 78 Fifth avenue and the Union Depot.
FRANK THOMSON, General Manager.
D. M. BOYD, JR.,
General Passenger Agent.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD
On and after MONDAY, May 24th, 1875. Trains will leave from and arrive at the Union Depot, Pittsburgh, (Pittsburgh Time,) as follows:

LEAVE.	ARRIVE.
1st Soda Wks Ac 6:55 a m	Night Express 6:00 a m
Buffalo Express 8:05 a m	Parnassus Ac 6:45 a m
2d Soda WksAc 10:50 a m	1st Soda Wks Ac 8:25 a m
Titusville Ex 3:10 p m	2d Soda Wks Ac 10:35 a m
Reynoldsville Ac 2:20 p m	Reynoldsville Ac 11:05 a m
Hulton Ac 4:55 p m	3d Soda Wks Ac 1:35 p m
3d Soda WksAc 6:00 p m	Titusville Ex 5:50 p m
Night Express 8:10 p m	Hulton Ac 7:25 p m
Parnassus Ac 11:00 p m	Buffalo Ex 8:55 p m

All Trains Daily, except Sunday.
Church Train—Leaves Soda Works at 8:35 a m, arriving at Pittsburgh at 10:10 a m. Returning, leaves Pittsburgh at 12:50 p m, arriving at Soda Works at 2:23 p m, stopping at all Stations.
Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars on Night Express between Pittsburgh and Mayville.
Buffalo Express north connects at Red Bank with trains on Low Grade Division for Brookville and Driftwood, making direct connections at Driftwood with trains on the P. and E. R. R. eastward to Williamsport, and westward to Emporium, Olean and all points on B. N. Y. and P. R. R.
Buffalo Express north and south, and Titusville Express north, connect at Red Bank with trains on Sligo Branch for Sligo and Clarion county.
Orders can be left with Excelsior Baggage Company, 78 Fifth avenue, for Baggage to be Checked from Hotels or Residences to destination.
Ticket Offices, No. 78 Fifth avenue and Union Depot.
DAVID McCARGO,
General Superintendent.
J. MORTON HALL,
General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILWAY, PAN HANDLE ROUTE.
On and after SUNDAY, May 23d, 1875, Trains will leave from and arrive at the Union Depot, Pittsburgh, as follows, Pittsburgh time:

DEPART.	ARRIVE.
Fast Line 2:15 a m	McDonald's Ac 6:47 a m
Pacific Express 7:42 a m	Cincinnati Ex 6:57 a m
Columbus Mail 7:37 a m	Washington Ac 8:32 a m
Washington Ac 8:52 a m	Steubenville Ac 9:27 a m
McDonald'sAc 10:57 a m	Pittsburgh Ex 12:02 p m
Pittsburgh Ex 2:12 p m	McDonald's Ac 2:52 p m
Steubenville Ac 3:42 p m	Washington Ac 3:52 p m
Washington Ac 5:12 p m	Columbus Mail 5:32 p m
McDonald's Ac 6:32 p m	Fast Line 7:12 p m
McDonald'sAc 10:37 p m	Southern Ex 7:32 p m
Sunday Church Train 12:47 p m	Sunday Church Train 10:02 a m

Fast Line and Pacific Express leave daily.
Fast Line and Cincinnati Express arrive daily.
All other trains will run daily, except Sundays.
Sleeping Cars, without change, to Cincinnati, Louisville, Indianapolis and St. Louis.
W. L. O'BRIEN,
General Passenger and Ticket Agent.
S. M. FELTON, JR., General Superintendent.
D. W. CALDWELL, General Manager.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILWAY, CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD.
On and after MAY 23, 1875, Trains will leave from and arrive at the Union Depot, Pittsburgh, City Time, as follows:

LEAVE.	ARRIVE.
Fast Line 2:12 a m	Atlantic Ex 2:22 a m
Erie and Ashtabula Ex 7:12 a m	Wheeling Ex 9:52 a m
Clev & W Mail 7:42 a m	Chicago Ex 12:37 p m
Chicago Ex 8:12 a m	Erie and Ashtabula Ex 2:42 p m
Clev & Whg Ex 1:42 p m	Cleveland Ex 3:52 p m
Pacific Express 2:52 p m	Chicago and St. Louis Ex 7:07 p m
Wheeling Ex 4:17 p m	Cleve & W Ex 7:37 p m
Erie & Wrn Ex 4:37 p m	Erie and Ashtabula Ex 11:37 p m
Depart from Allegheny.	Arrive in Allegheny.
Beaver Falls Ac 6:27 a m	Leetsdale Ac 7:27 a m
Leetsdale Ac 10:07 a m	Leetsdale Ac 7:37 a m
Leetsdale Ac 12:07 p m	Beaver Falls Ac 8:37 a m
Sharpsville and Ashtabula Ac 1:12 p m	Enon Ac 8:47 a m
Enon Ac 3:12 p m	Sharpsville and Ashtabula Ac 9:32 a m
Leetsdale Ac 3:32 p m	Leetsdale Ac 12:52 p m
Beaver Falls Ac 4:32 p m	Beaver Falls Ac 1:32 p m
Leetsdale Ac 5:27 p m	Leetsdale Ac 4:27 p m
Leetsdale Ac 6:12 p m	Leetsdale Ac 6:27 p m
Leetsdale Ac 10:57 p m	Fair Oaks Sunday Church 9:52 a m
Fair Oaks Sunday Church 12:42 p m	

Pacific Express Leaves Daily.
Chicago Express Arrives Daily.
Fast Line Leaves Daily, Mondays excepted.
Atlantic Express Arrives Daily, Mondays excepted.
All other Trains will Leave and Arrive Daily, Sundays excepted.
J. D. LAYNG,
General Manager,
F. R. MYERS,
General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

DRY GOODS.

SATURDAY, JULY 17,
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
165, 167 and 169
FEDERAL STREET, ALLEGHENY
EVERYTHING DESIRED FOR
LADIES, MISSES,
CHILDREN, INFANTS,
GENTLEMEN AND BOYS'
SUMMER WEAR,
Either in Ready-made, Outside or Undergarments, or materials by the yard, Furnishing Goods of every description, Shoes, Boots, etc.; in fact, everything worn by all ages, sexes or classes. Stock kept up full and complete to meet the large and active demands of our customers. Strictly but One Price throughout the entire establishment, and that always THE LOWEST.
SPECIALTIES TO-DAY.
A LARGE LOT OF
NEW SUN UMBRELLAS,
At Prices Without Regard to What They Would Have cost a Short Time Since.
FANS---ALL STYLES AND PRICES.
LADIES', MISSES AND CHILDREN'S
Summer Hats and Bonnets.
Flowers, Ribbons, Sashes, &c.
Embroideries, Laces and Trimmings.
Fancy Goods, &c., &c.

MILLINERY STRAW GOODS, &C.

MILLINERY
AND
STRAW GOODS!
THE PLACE TO BUY
Ladies', Misses' and Children's
Trimmed or Untrimmed Hats,
Ribbons, Flowers, Laces,
EMBROIDERIES, FEATHERS,
OR ANY OTHER
MILLINERY GOODS,
IS AT
R. H. PALMER'S,
105 MARKET STREET.

INSURANCE.

Federal Insurance Company,
OF ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.
FIRE.
Office—Corner Federal and Lacock Streets.
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Dr. W. J. LANGFITT, Vice President.
R. D. THOMPSON, Secretary.
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W. D. Peebles,
H. S. McGeary,
Henry Palmer,
E. S. Hartman.
WM. J. CARSON, General Agent.
MWF

People's Insurance Company,
OF PITTSBURGH.
Office, No. 100 FOURTH AVE., (English Buildings)
Insures against Loss or Damage by Fire on Dwellings, Stores and other Buildings; Furniture, Household Goods and Stocks of Merchandise.
Insures Marine and Inland Risks on Steamboats and Freight at as liberal rates as are consistent with security. Losses promptly adjusted and paid.
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Manufacturers and Merchants' INSURANCE COMPANY
87 WOOD STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa.
FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.
Capital, - - $250,000
ASSETS, $371,679 07, JANUARY 1, 1874.
JAS. I. BENNETT . . . . . . President.
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Western Insurance Company,
OF PITTSBURGH.
INCORPORATED APRIL, 1843.
CAPITAL - $225,000.
FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.
LOSSES PROMPTLY ADJUSTED AND PAID.
Office—First National Bank Building, corner of Fifth avenue and Wood street.
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Monongahela Insurance Co.,
OF PITTSBURGH.
INCORPORATED 1854.
Cash Capital, $175,000
Insures Against Fire and Marine Losses.
Office—NORTHEAST CORNER WOOD STREET AND FOURTH AVENUE, Second Floor, entrance on Fourth avenue.
WM. A. CALDWELL . . . . . . President.
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D. S. H. Gilmore,
James McCandless.

Citizens' Insurance Company,
OF PITTSBURGH.
Office—No. 131 SMITHFIELD STREET, second door from City Hall.
WM. BAGALEY . . . . . . President.
JOHN REA . . . . . . Secretary.
Insures Steamboats and Cargoes. Insures against Loss and Damage in the Navigation of the Southern and Western Rivers, Lakes and Bayous, and the navigation of the Sea.
Insures Against Loss or Damage by Fire.
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Strength is Security!
ASSETS JAN. 1, 1875, $12,500,000 GOLD.
ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF LIVERPOOL.
J. G. COFFIN & CO., Agents,
Cor. Third Avenue and Wood Street, Pittsburgh, Pa
MWF

MERCHANT TAILORS.

J. H. BUCHLON,
Merchant Tailor,
No. 54 SIXTH STREET,
Imports direct the FINEST GOODS, and can therefore sell lower than any other first-class house in the city.
MUHLANBRING is with this House.

MERCHANT TAILOR
B. TIEGEL,
NO. 53 SMITHFIELD STREET.
Just received, a Full Line of CLOTHS and CASSIMERES, FOR SPRING WEAR, AT LOWEST PRICES.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

SATURDAY EVENING, July 17, 1875.

The following is the weekly report of the condition of the New York associated banks, as received by wire to-day:

Loans, decrease	$1,308,000
Specie, increase	27,000
Legal tenders, increase	3,134,100
Deposits, increase	421,400
Circulation, decrease	53,200
Reserve, increase	3,055,350

—The following is the report of the Pittsburgh Clearing House for the week ending with July 17, 1875:

Exchanges	$1,995,230 67
Balances	870,175 99

—The local money market moves quietly and without any change. As a rule the banks are in funds and are carrying large balances, although not larger than is usual at this season of the year. The rates of discount continue as before reported, from 8 to 10 per cent. in bank and from 9 to 12 on the street and to other outsiders. Eastern exchange has been more abundant this week than for some time and is now passing at par between the banks.

—A correspondent writes us calling attention to what appears to be a discrepancy in the amount of deposits held by the national banks, as shown by the abstract of statements furnished by the Comptroller of the Currency. The abstract shows that the banks hold on deposit about $830,000,000, while in the table showing the composition of the reserve the amount of deposits against which a reserve must be held is given at about $723,000,000.

This apparent discrepancy does not exist in fact, but arises from the manner of calculating the amount of liability subject to reserve. In explanation we would state that among the items upon which a reserve is to be maintained are to be included unpaid dividends, deposits of every kind—whether individual or United States, or whether subject to check, or represented by certificates of deposit of any character, or by certified checks or cashier's checks, and also bank balances, that is, the amount due *to* other banks in excess of the amount due *from* other banks.

The total of these items may be reduced before computing the reserve by deducting the amount of exchanges for Clearing House.

On the total thus obtained a reserve of 25 per cent. must be held by banks in redemption cities, and 15 per cent. by all other banks.

Having computed the reserve it is allowable to deduct the amount held by the United States Treasurer, if not more than 5 per cent. of the bank's circulation. Of the remainder one-half at least *must* be in the vault of the bank in legal tenders, United States certificates or coin, and one-half *may* be with approved reserve agents in New York in case of banks in redemption cities. In case of other banks the proportion that *must* be held in the banks is two-fifths and the balance *may* be on deposit with approved reserve agents in any of the resumption cities.

Whenever the amount due from banks equals or exceeds the amount due to the same, both amounts are omitted from the computation and an amount in the hands of approved reserve agents in excess of one-half for redemption banks, and three-fifths for another banks, of the reserve remaining after deducting the five per cent. redemption fund with the United States Treasurer cannot be counted as available reserve. Nor can any amount in the hands of the United States Treasurer in excess of five per cent. of the circulation be so counted.

—Mr. Edward Atkinson, who has just concluded an interesting historical paper on the First Century of the Republic, in *Harper's Magazine*, makes the following statement of the currency question:

"The most essential tool of our trade, the medium by which all the exchanges that constitute our commerce are made, is the dishonored promise of the nation. Issued under the stress of war, it continues to inflict the curse of war long after peace and plenty have become assured. Of it may be said, as was said of the legal tender paper money of the Revolution, that it has polluted the equity of our laws and turned them into engines of oppression and wrong; that it has corrupted the justice of our public administration; that it has enervated the trade, husbandry and manufactures of our country; that it has gone far to destroy the morality of our people; and that it has done more injustice than the arms and artifices of the enemies of the Union, for whose subjugation it was issued."

—The Ohio Supreme Court has rendered an important decision involving the constitutionality of the statute known as the Worthington law, which provides in effect that State officers exceeding the limit of their powers under the law, such as in making contracts for labor to be performed, are individually liable and not the State, for such acts.

—The New Orleans City Council have been advised by the Mayor that the city is unable to pay the current expenses of government, together with interest on the city debt, and a resolution has therefore been offered and referred to the Committee of the Whole, with a "Whereas, a crisis has been reached in the financial affairs of this city involving the total suspension of all her functions as a government;" and further—

WHEREAS, This condition of things has placed the City Council in a position of grave responsibility which they can neither evade nor postpone, since under the late Constitutional amendment there can neither create a debt, nor evidence of a debt, without funds in the Treasury to meet the same. Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That, trusting in the forbearance of the public creditor, as well as in the support of the whole community, the Council declares its inability to meet the heavy demands for interest on the public debt, and is compelled to postpone the reservation and payment of same until such time as the receipts from taxes may justify a resumption.

OFFICE OF TRASK & STONE,
BANKERS AND BROKERS, NO. 7 NEW STREET,
NEW YORK, July 15, 1875.

To the Editor of the Pittsburgh Commercial:

As regards actual business on the Stock Exchange, we cannot see any improvement, operations being on as small a scale to-day as the average for the past week.

Atlantic and Pacific Telegraph, which was so weak yesterday afternoon, on account of sales of stock for a firm who were then compelled to suspend, rallied at the opening but afterwards fell off. It is said that arrangements looking to a consolidation of this stock with the Western Union Company are now in progress.

Lake Shore has manifested its usual firmness, and Western Union Telegraph keeps pace with it. Northwestern was strong during morning hours, but later reacted, in sympathy with the other market.

Pacific Mail acts very mysteriously, having been depressed to-day by free sales supposed to be on account of same parties who were conspicuous buyers yesterday.

The fact is the market generally is very mixed, and its present condition defies the most careful observer to make even a decent guess at the immediate future. Our correspondents are aware how little foresight can be based on a brokers' market, and how much less are we able to judge of the future of prices when matters are are as "mixed" as they are to-day?

Of the bond market we have little to report. In Tennessee bonds there is an improved feeling, although not a material advance in quotations. Railroad securities are steady with the exception of those of the Pacific roads, which have suffered a decline of 2 per cent. since last week.

Yours truly,
TRASK & STONE.

—The following table shows the prices of gold, Government bonds, railway stocks, etc., at the various sessions of the New York Stock Exchange during the day. Furnished by the Fifth National Bank, No. 16 Sixth street:

July 17, 1875.	10:30 A. M	11:30 A. M	12:30 P. M	1:30 P. M	2:30 P. M	3:00 P. M
Gold	114⅝	114¾	114⅝	114⅝	114¼	114⅜
U. S. 6's, 1881, coup.	122	....	121⅞			
5-20's, 1862	116¼	....	115⅞			
5-20's, 1864	117⅝	....	117⅜			
5-20's, 1865	120	....	119⅞			
5-20's, 1865, new	119⅝	....	118⅞			
5-20's, 1867, registered	120⅛	....	120			
5-20's, 1867	120⅜	....	120⅛			
5-20's, 1868	120⅝	....	120⅜			
10-40's	117⅝	....	117⅝			
10-40's, coupons	117¾	....	117⅝			
Currency 6's	122¾	....	122½			
New 5 per cents	115	....	115⅝			
Western Union Tel	79½	....	79⅝	79⅝	79⅝	79⅞
Quicksilver	15				15	
Pacific Mail	38½	38⅝	38⅜	38⅝	38⅜	38⅝
Panama					126	
Adams Express		99¾			99¾	
Wells-Fargo Express		82				
American Express		51½			55	
United States Exp's		44			45	
N. Y. Central		104	103⅝	103⅞		
Erie	15	15¼		15½	15⅜	15½
Michigan Central					65¾	
Michigan Southern	60	60⅛	60⅜	60⅜	60⅜	60½
Illinois Central		98			98	
Chicago & Northw'n	40½	40⅝	40⅝	41⅛	40⅞	40⅞
Do preferred	51½					
Rock Island	104⅛	104⅜	105⅝	105	104⅝	105⅜
St. Paul common	36	36	36	36	35	36⅛
Do preferred				58⅜	58⅝	
Fort Wayne					97¼	
Ohio & Mississippi		23⅝	23¾	23⅞	24	23⅝
Union Pacific	73	73¼	73⅝	72½		
Harlem		133½			133½	
Hannibal and St. Joe		25	25⅞		25⅞	
C. C. & I. C.		3⅜				
South Carolinas, Ap'l			32			
South Carolinas, July			32			
Missouri 6's			100⅜			

—The following is a report of the prices of leading stocks on the Philadelphia Stock Board, as received by wire at noon to-day:

	Bid.	Asked.
Pennsylvania Central, sales	5[illegible]	....
Reading, sales	55	....
United Cos. of N. J.	129¾	130
Oil Creek	9⅝	9¾
Lehigh Valley	6⅞	62
Allegheny Valley	....	92⅞
P. C. & St. L., m. b., sales	77⅞	....

[By Associated Press.]

Gold Closed at 114¼.

GOLD.

NEW YORK, July 17.—Gold opened at 114⅝, fell to 114⅛, recovered to 114⅜ and finally closed at 114¼. Borrowing rates were 3, 2 and 1½ per cent. per annum, and 1-64 per cent. per diem; loans also made flat and at 2 per cent. for carrying.

STOCKS AND BONDS.

Government bonds closed steady. In railroad bonds Union Pacific firsts advanced to 101⅞ and Chicago and Northwestern consolidated gold bonds to 82¾, with a brisk demand at the close. Union Pacific land grants brought 99. State bonds quiet but steady. Speculative shares opened from ⅛@⅜ per cent. above yesterday's closing prices, except Pacific Mail and Western Union Telegraph, which were unchanged. From then until 11:30 there was an advance of from ¼@1¼ per cent., the leading stocks having been Lake Shore, Northwestern, St. Paul, Rock Island and Hannibal and St. Joseph. In the next half hour there was a decline of from ¼@1⅛ per cent. led by Union Pacific, which sold down to 72⅝. In the afternoon Northwestern advanced to 41⅛ for common, and 53⅝ for preferred, St. Paul to 35⅝, preferred to 58, Lake Shore to 61, Harlem to 134, Rock Island to 105⅜, Union Pacific to 73¾, Pacific Mail to 38⅝, Western Union to 79⅞ and Ohio and Mississippi to 24⅛. The market closed active and strong, the closing quotations in many cases being the best of the day and week. Transactions at the Stock Exchange aggregate 116,000 shares, of which 12,800 were Erie, 34,800 Lake Shore, 12,200 Northwestern common, 2,300 preferred, 3,100 Erie, 10,000 Pacific Mail, 10,500 St. Paul common, 8,300 Ohio and Mississippi, 10,800 Western Union, 4,600 Union Pacific and 4,400 St. Joseph.

The following were the closing quotations:

STOCKS.

W. U. Tel. Co.	79⅞	St. Paul	36
Pacific Mail	38⅝	Do preferred	59
Adams Express	99¾	Wabash	5
Wells-Fargo Ex	79	Do preferred	18
American Ex	55	Fort Wayne	97¼
U. S. Express	45	Terre Haute	5
New York Central	103⅞	Do preferred	18
Erie	15½	Chicago & Alton	102¾
Do preferred	23½	Do preferred	106
Harlem	133½	Ohio & Mississippi	24
Do preferred	133½	C. C. & I. C.	3¼
Mich. Central	65¾	Burlington & Q	49
Lake Shore	60⅞	Hannibal & St. Jo.	25⅜
Illinois Central	98	Del. & Lack	121¾
Cleveland & Pitts	91½	Union Pac. stock	73
Northwestern	41	Atlantic & Pac. Tel	21
Do preferred	52⅝	Central Pac. bds	102⅛
N. J. Central	112	Union Pac. bds	102¾
Rock Island	115⅛	Bankers' Bills	487½

GOVERNMENTS.

U. S. coupons, 1881	121¾	5-20's, 1867	120¼
5-20's, 1862	115⅜	5-20's, 1868	120⅜
5-20's, 1864	117⅝	New 5's	115⅞
5-20's, 1865	118⅞	10-40's	117⅞
5-20's, 1865, new	120	Currency 6's	122¾

STATE BONDS.

Missouri 6's	100½	Virginia, new	37½
Tennessee, old	49	Virginia, old	37
Tennessee, new	49		

GENERAL MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL,
SATURDAY, July 17, 1875.

The week closed upon a quiet and rather inactive market to-day, the leading features in the aspect of commercial circles being unchanged since our last report. Grain continues quiet, transactions being as a rule in small lots. Flour was active in jobbing circles and somewhat firmer. Produce was quiet except in fruits and vegetables in which line there was the usual active trade. Groceries were quiet, with a steady but somewhat sluggish movement, principally through small purchases by retailers. Provisions were in good request, and firmer; we note a slight advance in shoulders and breakfast bacon, with hams stiffening up somewhat but not quotably changed. Petroleum was quiet; crude shows a little recovery from the downward movement of the week, while refined went still lower. Dry goods, wool, lumber and building materials, and general merchandise are quiet and unchanged.

The New York *Shipping List* says that "the continued activity of the export trade in grain, and a sharp rise in prices of wheat and flour, have been the leading features in the produce markets since our last, though the outward movement of petroleum, especially to Baltic ports, has made gratifying headway. All the indications now point, in a most unmistakable manner, to a continued good foreign demand for our surplus cereals, and other food staples, since the stocks in Europe are not only running low, but the private and published advices leave scarcely a doubt that the crops of the Continent and the United Kingdom will fall considerably short of the usual average. In Western and Central Europe they are having an excessive rain fall at a period when fair weather is absolutely indispensable for maturing and gathering crops. Already serious damage has been sustained by the growing cereals in the principal agricultural districts, and even under the most favorable conditions from this on, there is little doubt there will be a good market for all the wheat and corn we may have to spare. Under this prospect, there has been an advance during the last few days of fifteen to twenty cents per bushel on wheat, and one dollar per barrel on shipping flour. The Western farmers and forwarders, learning wisdom from experience, are freely meeting the present demand, prompted, no doubt, by the prospect of a brilliant spring wheat harvest in the Northwestern States. Such a course is clearly for their best interests, as the incoming crops will be raised upon cheaper labor and cheaper supplies than for many years past, so that they can sell their products at comparatively low prices and still make more money than upon preceding harvests."

The receipts of the leading articles of produce since our last are as follows:

Flour, bbls	1,291	Cheese, bxs	259
Corn, bus	1,200	Wheat, bus	1,983
Rye, bus	133	Oats, bus	3,330
Butter, pkgs	54	Bacon, tcs	137
Potatoes, bus	229	Hay, bales	325

The receipts of the leading articles of produce for the week ending Saturday, July 17, compared with the corresponding receipts for the three preceding weeks, are as follows:

Week ending.	June 26.	July 3.	July 10.	July 17.
Flour, bbls	8,805	9,840	4,652	9,821
Apples, bbls	195	174	91	178
Cheese, bxs	1,166	661	2,756	2,841
Corn, bus	2,000	2,013	3,777	5,600
Wheat, bus	5,232	6,217	6,154	8,527
Barley, bus	540	......	950	450
Rye, bus	422	940	512	133
Oats, bus	19,457	20,798	17,611	14,256
Butter, pkgs	230	243	216	199
Bacon, pcs	12,572	896	3,972	1,063
Bacon, tcs	596	589	530	693
Potatoes, bus	9,218	10,840	5,418	11,755
Hay, bales	2,338	2,518	2,992	2,229

The quotations given in the following reports are prices realized in wholesale transactions, unless otherwise specified. On small sales, dealers will charge an advance. Prices of grain, unless stated to the contrary, are free of elevator:

Breadstuffs and Produce.

GRAIN—The market continues quiet and rather dull, with increased receipts of corn and wheat, and light receipts of oats. Values are quotably unchanged. *Wheat* was steady and the upward movement in the West may establish higher prices here. We quote choice Kentucky and Michigan white winter wheat at $1 35@1 38 per bushel; Ohio and Illinois do $1 30@1 33; Ohio and Illinois amber $1 26@1 29; Ohio and Pennsylvania red winter $1 23@1 25; spring wheat is higher, No. 2 Chicago selling at $1 25@1 28. *Corn* is very quiet, unchanged and rather nominal. We quote ear at 75@77c for prime yellow; 71@74c for mixed and white. Shelled was dull and in little request at 75@76c per bushel for yellow; 73@74c for high-mixed; 70@72c for low-mixed and white. *Oats* were quiet and rather weak: receipts are light and the stock in first hands is not large. We quote at 60@61c per bushel for white; mixed 58@59c. *Rye* was quiet at $1 08@1 10, with a jobbing lot sold at $1 12 in sacks. Jobbing prices of corn and oats ruled 3@4c above these quotations.

FLOUR—The market is active, with a strong jobbing demand and firmer prices. We quote the wholesale prices of the local millers as follows: No. 1 white wheat flour $7 50 ⅌ bbl; No. 1 amber do $6 80; red wheat flour $6 40; in sacks 30c off ⅌ bbl. The jobbing prices of the leading dealers are as follows: Choice brands of white winter wheat flour $7 00@7 50; Wisconsin $6 00; Minnesota $6 25@6 50; red winter wheat flour $6 50@6 75; rye flour $6 00; Graham flour $6 50@6 75; self-raising flour, in 6 ℔ packages, $3 25 ⅌ dozen packages; cornmeal $3 75; oatmeal $8 50@9 00.

APPLES—The market is quiet with only a light jobbing trade. Choice new sell readily at $3 00@4 00; medium $2 00@3 00 per barrel.

BUTTER—There is still a steady demand for choice fresh with the lower grades neglected. Fresh lots of choice sell readily at 18@20c per pound; fair to good 14@16c; common 10@12c.

CHEESE—The market is steady with an active demand. We quote at 10¼@11½c per ℔ for prime Ohio factory; New York Goshen 12@13c; Sweitzer 16@18c: Limberger 14@16c. Receipts for the week 2841 boxes.

EGGS—There is a fair supply and transactions were moderately active at 19c per dozen for strictly fresh.

FRESH FRUITS—The supply of fresh fruits is not varied, but there is a moderately active trade in what are in market. Raspberries are in plentiful supply and move freely at 12@15c per quart. Tennessee plums are quoted at $12 00 per stand; $6 00 per bushel. Watermelons are quoted at $30 00@40 00 per hundred.

POTATOES—The receipts of new potatoes during the past week have been extremely large, aggregating 11,755 bushels. The market was very easy to-day with active transactions at $2 50@3 00 ⅌ barrel.

SEEDS—We quote seed buckwheat steady at $1 75 ⅌ bushel; flaxseed firm at $1 95@2 00; timothy seed is in a little inquiry at $3 00 per bushel.

VEGETABLES—The demand is fair with a liberal supply, and prices easy. Bermuda onions in boxes are jobbing at $1 00@1 25 ⅌ box. Tomatoes ruled at $2 75@3 00 ⅌ box. Cucumbers $1 75@2 25 ⅌ crate. Cabbages $2 00@2 50 ⅌ barrel.

Groceries.

The movement among the wholesale and jobbing houses to-day was rather slow but steady. Quotations are unchanged as follows:

Green Coffees. ⅌ ℔.		*Sugars.*	
Fancy Rio	25 c	Standard A	10¾@10⅞c
Choice Rio	24 c	Standard B	10⅝@10¾c
Prime Rio	22½c	Do. extra C	10½@10⅝c
Good Rio	20½c	Extra C—yellow	9¾c
Java	33½c	Extra B—yellow	9⅝c
Roasted Coffees.		New Orleans	8½@9¼c
Rio, in papers	28 c	Cut loaf	12⅝@12⅞c
Rio, in bulk	27½c	Crushed	12 @12½c
Java, in papers	40 c	Powdered	12 @12½c
Java, in bulk	39½c	Granulated	11¾@11⅞c
Teas.		*Molasses.* ⅌ gall.	
Young Hyson	50c@$1 00	Str'ly ch'c N. O.	72@75c
Gunpowder	50c@1 25	Prime	70c
Imperial	50c@1 00	Good	68c
Japan	55c@1 00	*Syrups.* ⅌ ℔.	
Oolong	25c@ 85	Ex. white drips	65c
Fancy	1 00	Sugar drips	55c
Souchong	25c@ 85	Lower grades	35@50c
Rice.		*Starch.*	
Choice Carol'a	8½c	Pearl	5 c
Patna	7½@8 c	Silver gloss	9¾c
Rangoon	7¼@7½c	Corn	10½c
Spices.		*Soaps.*	
Cloves	55 c	Irish soap ⅌ bx	$4 50
Allspice	17½@18½c	Babbitt's best ⅌ bx	7 00
Cassia	33 @35 c	Do. N. Y. City ⅌	9¼c
Nutmegs	$1 35@1 40	German mottled	7½c
Pepper	25 c	*Soda.*	
Candles.		Bi-carb, in 10-℔ pkgs	6c
Star, full weight	18 c	Bi-carb, in ℔ papers	7c
Stearine	16 c		

FOREIGN FRUITS—Trade continues active at firm prices. We quote: Raisins—layers, ⅌ box, $2 75; London layers do, $4 25; Valencias 11½c ⅌ ℔; Sultanas 18c. Dates 8¼@9c ⅌ ℔. Currants—new 7½c. Citron 35c. Prunes 8¾c. Almonds—Languedoc 25c; do shelled 38c; do Princess 37c; do Jordan 50c; do Ivica 23c. Walnuts—Naples 16c; French do 14c. Sicily filberts 15c. Smyrna figs 18@20c. Brazil nuts 10c. Maccaroni 15@18c. Tapioca 7@8c. Lemons—Messina, ⅌ box, $9 00. Oranges—Messina, ⅌ box, $8 50. Cocoanuts $6 to ⅌ hundred.

FISH—There is a fair trade. We repeat our quotations as follows:

No. 1 extra mess mackerel, ⅌ bbl	$20 00	Round herr'g	$6 25@6 75
No. 1 mess	19 00	White fish, ⅌ half bbl	$6 00
Extra No. 1 shore	17 00	Lake herring, ⅌ half bbl	4 50@4 75
Extra No. 1 bay	13 00	Lake trout, do	5 75
No. 1 shore	13 00	Labrador herring, ⅌ bbl	$7 00@7 50
New No. 2	9 50	Potomac do, ⅌ bbl	7 75
New No. 3	8 00		
Boneless codfish ⅌ ℔	7@7½		

Provisions.

There is an active market, with a considerably firmer tone. We note an advance of ¼c on breakfast bacon and sugar-cured shoulders. Hams are also stronger, though not quotably higher. Receipts for the week were liberal, amounting to 326,264 ℔s.

BACON—We quote shoulders at 10c ⅌ ℔; rib sides are quoted at 13c; clear rib sides 13¼c; clear sides 13¾c.

HAMS—We quote plain sugar-cured at 13¼c ⅌ ℔; canvassed do 13¾c. Sugar-cured shoulders at 10¾c ⅌ ℔; do canvassed 11¼c; breakfast bacon is quoted at 14¼c; do canvassed 14¾c; dried beef, sugar-cured, 15c; canvassed 15c; beef tongues, ⅌ dozen, $6 50; ham sausage, 10c.

MESS PORK—There is an steady feeling. We quote at $21 75@22 00 ⅌ bbl.

LARD—We quote prime lard, refined, in tierces, ⅌ ℔, 14¼c; half bbls do 15¼c; in buckets, 15¾c; in 3-℔ caddies, 17c; in 5-℔ caddies do, 16¾c; in 3-lb pails do 17¼c; in 5-℔ do, 17¼c; in 6-℔ do, 17c.

LARD OIL—We quote extra No. 1 lard oil, current make, $1 00 ⅌ gallon; No. 1 do 90c; No. 2, 80c.

TALLOW—Sales at 8¾c ⅌ ℔ for choice, and 8c for medium.

The Cincinnati *Price Current* reviews the week's provision market as follows:

"There has been no improvement in the market during the week, and the transactions have been unusually light in meats for current consumption and for future delivery, although there was temporarily some activity in the latter at a little lower prices. The decline in gold of 3 per cent. within two weeks reduces the export currency value of provisions, while the liberal receipts of hogs at Chicago assist the depression, for these hogs yield enough product to supply the current consumption, and thus prevent much reduction in the general supply of the country. The supply of Summer hogs has already exceeded the estimate which was generally accepted as the probable number for the whole season, and it is apparent that the price has stimulated the fattening of the porcine animal not only in the Northwest but in our more immediate vicinity. There is a disposition on the part of holders to meet the views of buyers, although by so doing they may not be getting the first cost of the articles, and as regards hams especially there is a positive and pretty heavy loss. The foreign exports from the seaboard ports for the week ending last Saturday were more favorable, the total exceeding the corresponding week last year 1,750,000 pounds, there being an increase in lard as well as meats. It is not improbable that the decline in prices of provisions which has already taken place may lead to a continued good export demand, but if the surplus stock of the country does not find an outlet at current prices there is a point at which Europe will take it and to that it must eventually come. Current make of lard is taken quite freely now, and the production at current rates will be large while the yield of meats will be reduced to its minimum."

Petroleum—Weekly Review.

July 19.—The following are the receipts of crude for the past week, with a comparison table for previous years; also the exports of refined eastward by the various railroads, including the Allegheny Valley, West Penn, Pennsylvania, and Pittsburgh and Connellsville:

	Rects crude Bbls.	Exp's P.R.R Bbls.	Exps' A.V. R.R. Bbls.	Exp's P.&C. R.R. Bbls.
Monday, July 12	4,715	......	3,351	1,012
Tuesday, July 13	2,896	......	1,867	2,752
Wednesday, July 14	1,716	......	1,338	725
Thursday, July 15	4,926	......	957	1,472
Friday July 16	6,278	......	3,755	1,753
Saturday, July 17	4,878	......	1,635	733
Totals for week	25,409	......	12,903	8,447
Since Jan. 1	512,084	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
To July 17, 1875	537,493	[illegible]	113,092	[illegible]
Same time 1874	1,125,201	79,784	449,085	
Same time 1873	1,020,574	30,846	403,503	
Same time 1872	609,800	85,652	297,841	
Same time 1871	595,527	57,494	283,916	
Same time 1870	608,941	86,320	270,544	
Same time 1869	453,441	63,918	202,795	
Same time 1868	636,996	86,417	242,313	

BUSINESS—The week has been a blue one for holders in the oil interest, as the market has undergone a decline of 15@20c on crude, and a corresponding fall in refined since the opening. The causes of weakness seem to be manifold—principally superabundant stocks and production and insufficient demand. The principal break was on Tuesday, when the price of crude declined about 12½c. Otherwise the decline was steady throughout the week, followed on Saturday by a slight reaction and a stiffening up of prices of about 5c per barrel. The sales of the week were somewhat limited, as the following table shows:

	Parkers.	Other points.
Monday	16,500	1,55[illegible]
Tuesday	23,500	1,75[illegible]
Wednesday	13,500	95[illegible]
Thursday	24,500	2,00[illegible]
Friday	8,000	70[illegible]
Saturday	40,000	1,50[illegible]
Total	126,000	8,4[illegible]0
Last week	88,000	8,39[illegible]

We take from *Stowell's Petroleum Reporter* the following comparative synopsis of the statistics of crude oil production for the months of May and June:

	May, 31 days.	June, 30 days.
Stock on hand at the wells	146,706	133,525
Production for the month	696,508	69[illegible]
Daily production	22,468	23,20[illegible]
Producing wells	3,052	3,0[illegible]8
Drilling wells	127	16[illegible]
Stock in iron tanks and pipe lines	4,182,764	4,179,02[illegible]
Stock held by refiners	223,202	190,34[illegible]
Total stock	4,552,672	4,502,8[illegible]
Total shipments	681,679	745,9[illegible]

The course of the refined market during the early part of the week was steady, and indeed a scarcity of spot lots in New York caused higher prices to be paid for prompt delivery in that market. On Thursday, however, the market felt the influence of the break in crude, and fell off ¼@⅜c, which was followed by a similar decline on Friday and Saturday, that the week closed on a loss of ¾@1c. It is stated that the Cleveland influence in the market is on the short side, and that the members of that ring have been bearing the market to cover their short contracts.

CRUDE RECEIPTS—The following are the receipts from all parts by rail and river for the past two weeks:

	Last week.	This week.
Crude received, bbls	24,472	25,409

The following are the crude receipts from all parts by river and rail for the past eleven years from—

	Barrels.
January 1st to July 17th, 1875	537,403
Same time 1874	1,125,201
Same time 1873	1,020,574
Same time 1872	609,800
Same time 1871	595,527
Same time 1870	608,941
Same time 1869	453,441
Same time 1868	636,996
Same time 1867	642,680
Same time 1866	666,873
Same time 1865	205,866

EXPORTS OF REFINED.—The following are the exports of refined oil East by the various railroads for the past two weeks:

	Last week.	This week.
Allegheny Valley R. R.	6,181	12,903
Pgh. and Connellsville R. R.	8,435	8,447
Total	14,616	21,350

The following are the exports of refined oil East by the various railroads for the past five years from January 1 to July 17:

	1871.	1872.	1873.	1874.	1875.
Penn'a. R. R.	57,404	85,652	30,846	79,784	1,05[illegible]
A. V. R. R.	283,916	297,841	403,503	449,085	113,09[illegible]
P. & C. R. R.					195,88[illegible]
Total	341,320	383,493	434,349	528,869	311,02[illegible]

SATURDAY.

CRUDE—The market is somewhat stronger and firmer. We quote Conduit pipe at wells 85@87½c: United do 75@76¼c; immediate shipment $1 00@1 02½. The transactions were tolerably active, sales being reported of 25,000 barrels in the river district and 2,300 barrels at other points.

REFINED—The market was weak and lower, Eastern deliveries being about ¼c below previous quotations. We quote standard white on the cars at 8¼@8¾c as to location. New York delivery is quoted at 11¼c for prompt; 11c for early August. Philadelphia rules at 10¾c for spot; 10⅝@11c for August. Baltimore rules at 10⅞@11c.

OIL BARRELS—Are dull and unchanged at $1 25@1 30 for citys; $1 10@1 20 for countries; 70@80c for second-hand.

[By Western Union Telegraph.]

TITUSVILLE, July 17.—The *Courier* says: Prices fluctuated considerably, but not so much as might have been expected. Offerings on the whole were lighter, but values were held rather above the views of buyers, and the transactions were consequently more limited. Sales:

2,000 bbls, Upper creek, spot	$1 02¼
500 bbls, Lower creek, spot	1 02½
800 bbls, Oil City, spot	1 02¼
1,000 bbls, United, at wells	75
2,000 bbls, United, at wells	73¾
2,000 bbls, United, at wells	72¾
51,000 bbls, United, at wells	70
1,000 bbls, United, at wells	71¼
1,000 bbls, Union, at wells	72¼
1,000 bbls, Pennsylvania, at well	72½
1,000 bbls, Karns, at wells	71½
1,500 bbls, Karns, at wells	72½
1,500 bbls, Relief, at wells	71¼
5,000 bbls, immediate shipment	1 00
3,000 bbls, immediate shipment	1 02¼
3,500 bbls, immediate shipment	1 01¼
1,000 bbls, immediate shipment	99¾

NEW YORK, July 17, closing 16.—The market is very much unsettled and decidedly lower, with a depressed creek market. Sales are 2,500 barrels refined. August 1st to 10th delivery, at 11½c; 2,500 barrels do for July and August delivery at 11@11¼c; 2,500 barrels crude in bulk at 5c; 1,000 barrels do at 5c on the spot, and 5¼c remainder of the month, and 5,000 barrels refined in Philadelphia, late August delivery, at 10¾c. The closing prices are as follows: Crude in bulk 5c for prompt, and 5¼c for August 15th; do in shipping order 8¼@8¾c; refined 11¼c for prompt, and 11c for August 15th; cases 16@17½c; naptha 8¾c. For Philadelphia delivery, refined is quoted at 10⅝@11c for spot, and 10¾c for August 15th. At Baltimore, refined is quoted at 10⅞@11c bid.

PHILADELPHIA, July 17.—Market quiet; standard white 10¾c; crude 4¾c; cases 16c; sales none and futures none offering.

TITUSVILLE, July 17.—Market quiet at $1 00.

OIL CITY, July 17.—Market quoted at 98¾c@$1 00 and quiet.

ROUSEVILLE, July 17.—Market dull and quiet; quoted at 97½c with no business.

TIDIOUTE, July 17.—Market quiet at about $1 00.

PARKERS, July 17.—Market dull but steadier; United at wells 72½c; shipment $1 00. *Later*—1:30 P. M.—United 96¼c; shipment $1 02¼.

CRUDE OIL RECEIVED BY ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.

Shipper.	Consignee.	Bbls.
J Bushnell	Standard O W	1,067
O J Greer	Citizens O W	948
N W Stevenson	Liberty O W	480
N W Stevenson	Peerless O W	474
H W McKelvy	Vesta O W	320
Jos Bushnell	Crystal O W	235
O J Greer	Sunbeam O W	149
Total		3,640

REFINED OIL SHIPPED EAST BY A. V. R. R.

Shipper.	Consignee.	Bbls.
Standard Oil Co.	Warden, F & Co, Phila	457
Livingston Bros.	Warden, F & Co, Phila	450
National O W	Warden, F & Co, Phila	312
Central Ref Co	John P Logan, Phila	413
J A McKee & Sons	John P Logan, Phila	250
Total		1,882

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

Central Drove Yards, East Liberty.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL,
SATURDAY, July 17, 1875.

The yards to-day, like yesterday, were barren of live stock, and but little business was transacted and that little at unchanged prices.

Stock was arriving, and by Monday there will be a fair supply, more, perhaps, than the wants of the market will require. Present prices are shaky, and much depends on the run as to whether they stand as they are or come down. To go any higher just now is out of the question.

The market at the Union Drove Yards, Allegheny, on Monday, will give a pretty fair index of what may be looked for here during the incoming week.

The week's market closed at the following quotations:

Cattle—Extra, 1,400 to 1,500 ℔s, $7 00@7 40; prime, 1,200 to 1,300 ℔s, $6 50@7 00; good, 1,100 to 1,200 ℔s, $5 75@6 50; fair, 1,000 to 1,100 ℔s, $5 00@5 50; common, 900 to 1,000 ℔s, $4 50@4 75; bulls, stags and cows, $2 50@3 50; stockers, $2 50@3 50; Texans, $3 25@4 25.

Hogs—Philadelphias, $7 70@7 85; light Yorkers, $7 50@7 65; heavy Yorkers, $7 40@7 55; roughs and inferior, $6 00@6 50.

Sheep—Extra, 95 to 100 ℔s, $5 20@5 40; good, 85 to 90 ℔s, $4 75@5 00; fair, 75 to 80 ℔s, $4 25@4 50; common, 70 to 75 ℔s, $3 50@4 00; lambs, $5 50@6 50.

[By Associated Press.]

Chicago.

CHICAGO, July 17.—Cattle—Receipts 1,000 head. Market steady with full prices bid; shipping steers $4 50@6 75; stockers and butchers' $2 50@4 50; through Texans $2 00@3 85. Shipments 3,300 head.

Hogs—Receipts 8,000 head. Market active; firm and a shade higher; light $7 30@7 55; heavy $6 80@7 50, chiefly $6 90@7 45. Shipments 6,300 head.

Sheep—Receipts 200 head. Market unchanged.

St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, July 17.—Hogs firm; shippers $6 60@6 85; bacon $6 75@7 00; butchers' $7 00@7 30. Cattle quiet; good natives $5 90@6 25; fair $5 25@5 90; medium $3 75@4 60.

Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, July 17.—Hogs active and higher; good to choice extra $7 15@7 25.

IRON MARKETS.

NEW YORK.

July 17.—Scotch pig—In view of the moderate stocks on hands and steadiness of holders, prices are pretty well supported. Trade, however, is light, and the only business quoted is 50 tons Gartsherrie at a price we did not learn. Late cables are: Eglinton 62s; Gartsherrie 68s 6d; Coltness 68s, and Glengarnock 67s 6d.

American pig—A number of the large consumers in Massachusetts and Connecticut have come to a standstill till the excessive hot weather is past, and although there is a lull in the demand, strong hopes are entertained of a good business in the early future. No. 1 Allentown is reported as having been offered from second hands at $26 50, and not from the Company as we incorrectly reported in our last. We make this correction, as we have since learned that the company have not abated their prices of No. 1 brands from $28 00 for a long time past. We only hear of a lot of 100 tons of this brand, deliverable at Hoboken at a private price.

Rails—The stock of new English is very light, and the few here are mostly quoted in bond for a Canada market. New American are quiet and quoted about $50 00 currency at tidewater. Old are slow of sale—about 100 tons T sold at or about $25 50.

Scrap—There has been a considerable movement, comprising some 1,500 tons No. 1 wrought, said to be all from yard, but we could learn no positive particulars. We quote from dealers' hands in a jobbing way, $30 00@31 00, with rumors of sales of 300 to 400 tons at something under quotations.

Manufactured—Store prices are nominally unchanged, but the business is light and unsatisfactory. Russia sheet is quiet.

Hardware—The market continues dull, with but few changes to report. Borden's horse and mule shoes have been advanced 12½c—the former are now quoted $5 00 and the latter $6 00 ⅌ keg; the Rhode Island Horse Shoe Company have issued a circular making the Perkins pattern the same price. Winsted "toe calks" have been reduced, the quotation being now 10 and 10 ⅌ cent. discount. The Wiebusch & Hilger Hardware Company have issued a new catalogue of the goods manufactured by them, and also of the goods for which they are agents. The have now a well assorted stock and are prepared to fill all orders promptly. The Russell & Erwin Manufacturing Company have reduced the price of Hale's meat cutters to 35 ⅌ cent.; they also quote iron and brass head shovels and tongs, and polished fire irons and coal tongs 50 and 10 ⅌ cent. discount. The Bradford Lock Company has issued a revised list, with 40 and 5 ⅌ cent. discount, but the net price is about as before.—*Shipping List.*

[By Associated Press.]

July 17.—Manufactured copper steady; new sheathing 30@48½c. Iron—Scotch pig firm at $29 50@32 00; American dull at $22 00@28 00. Russia sheeting 14½c, gold. Nails quiet and unchanged; horseshoe quiet at $20 00@26 00.

BOSTON.

July 17.—Pig had a ripple of business towards the last of the week, when three or four prominent foundrymen came in, asking bottom prices on fifty-ton lots. They each found they could buy here cheaper than order from primary points, and quote purchases No. 1 X f. o. b. at $28 50, one party naming one of the most prominent brands. The "slumps" to the prices of cast scrap of nearly twenty per cent. this week, noticed in the junk market, would suggest that foundrymen generally were buying at lower prices, although our quotations are nominally unchanged. On wharf here No. 1 $29 00@31 00; No. 2, $24 00@27 00, and grey forge $21 00@24 00. New York advices quote a trifle lower, being $26 00@29 00, No. 1; $22 00@27 00, No. 2, and $21 50@26 00, grey forge.

Bar has been very quiet all the week, seeming to have struck the usual summer dullness. The receipts have not been so large, the supplies for this market having about all reached us. There is no change in quotations, nor any anxiety amongst holders as to values, the range $5 00 to $60 00 covering the run of lots and sizes the buyers are likely to call for. Common iron is listless and easy, quoting at 52 00@56 as to size.

Steel is very dull in all excepting small machine sizes, in which a small inquiry has been shown this week. We quote American tool 15@15½c; American machinery 9½@10c; do cash tires 8½@12½c; Sweet's excelsior tire, 7@7½c; English tool, 16@17c.

Copper, although quoting at 23c, is said to be offering amongst the stock operators at 22¾c without buyers. The rumor is that one or two parties are controlling the market, which accounts for the quotations remaining so long stationary in face of the fact that manufacturers are not buying nor making inquiry. For manufactured, we quote new sheathing 30c; bolts and braziers 31c; yellow metal bolts 26@29c.

PHILADELPHIA.

July 17.—Pig is without change, but there is nothing doing. Sales at $27 00 for No. 1 foundry, $26 00 for No. 2 do, and $24 00@25 00 for grey forge.

Manufactured iron—Bars have declined, and will not bring over 2.6@2.7c per ℔.

Nails—Are quoted at $3 50 per keg.

CINCINNATI.

[By L. R. Hull & Co.]

July 17.—We are able to report an improved demand at this time as predicted in our former report. Considerable mill and foundry iron has been moved during the past week, but not sufficient as yet to secure a scarcity or make an immediate impression on current quotations. It is hoped, however, that an improvement will be realized as the season advances. A few of the best furnaces have withdrawn entirely from the market.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

PRODUCE.

Chicago.

CHICAGO, July 17, 1875.

FLOUR—Quiet at $4 75@5 25.

GRAIN—Wheat—Demand active and prices advanced; No. 2 spring Chicago $1 14 cash; $1 13¼ seller August; $1 10¼ seller September; No 3, $1 07½. Corn steady with a moderate demand; 70⅝@70½c seller August; 71⅜@71¼c seller September. Oats—Demand fair and market firm: No. 2, 49½c cash; 38⅞c seller August; 36⅞c seller September. Rye firmer with a fair demand; No. 1, 75c seller August or September; nothing doing in cash. Barley strong and higher; $1 01 seller September.

SEEDS—Dull but unchanged.

PROVISIONS—Quiet. Pork steady with a moderate demand: $19 50 seller August: $19 65 seller September. Lard—Demand fair and market firm; 13¼c seller August; 13.40c seller September. Bulkmeats quiet but firm; shoulders 8¼@8¼c; short rib 11¼c; short clear nominally 11½c.

WHISKY—Demand fair and market firm at $1 17.

LATEST.—On Call Board this afternoon wheat was $1 13¼@1 13¾ July; $1 12¾ August. Corn easy; 70⅞c August; 71½c September. Oats 49¾c July; 38¾c August. Pork and lard firm and unchanged.

New York.

NEW YORK, July 17.—Flour less active; receipts 10,000 barrels; superfine Western and State $4 95@5 25; common to good $5 60@5 95; good to choice $6 00@6 40; white wheat extra $6 45@7 00; extra Ohio $6 70@7 25; St. Louis $5 80@8 60. Wheat firm; receipts 83,000 bushels: No. 2 Chicago spring $1 28@1 29; winter red Western $1 37@1 38; amber $1 38@1 40; white $1 40@1 43. Rye quiet at 90c. Barley firm. Malt unchanged. Corn quiet; receipts 100,000 bushels: Western mixed, steamer, 81@84c; do sail 84½@86c. Oats steady; receipts 36,000 bushels: Western mixed 60@61½c; white 63@61½c. Coffee firm at 17½@19½c. Sugar firm; fair to good refining 7¾@8⅛c; prime 8⅛@8¼c. Petroleum steady: refined 11½c; crude 5¼c. Rosin steady at $1 67@1 75. Turpentine quiet at 31½c. Pork firmer at $20 25. Beef unchanged. Cutmeats quiet. Middles firm; long clear middles, city, 12¾@12½c; short clear 13¼c. Butter unchanged. Cheese heavy at 5@11c. Whisky firm at $1 22.

Toledo.

TOLEDO, July 17.—Flour firm and unchanged. Wheat—Demand fair and market firm; No. 2 white Wabash $1 36; No. 1 white Michigan $1 34; extra $1 35; amber, cash and seller July, $1 29; seller August $1 30; seller September $1 30; No. 2 Dayton and Michigan red $1 28. Corn quiet but steady; high mixed, cash and seller August, 74½c; seller September 75½c; low mixed 73½c; no grade 74½c. Oats steady with a moderate demand; No. 2 54c; seller August 39¼c; seller September 33¾@36c; Michigan 53@54c.

Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, July 17.—Flour firm; Western family $6 50. Wheat—Amber Western $1 42; No. 2 do $1 40; No. 1 red $1 40. Corn quiet; Western mixed 83½@84c. Oats firm; Western mixed 62c; white 63c. Hay firm at $21 00@31 00. Bulkmeats—Shoulders 9c; sides 12@12½c. Pork firm at $21 00. Hams 14@14½c. Butter steady; Western extras 22@24c; do firsts 19@21c. Coffee firm at 17½@19½c. Petroleum nominally lower; refined 11¼@11½c; crude 4¾@5c. Whisky steady at $1 21.

Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, July 17.—Cotton quiet at 14¾c. Flour firm and unchanged. Grain quiet but steady and unchanged. Oils quiet and unchanged. Butter, eggs, and cheese—Demand fair and market firm. Provisions firm. Pork $19 75. Bulkmeats steady with a moderate demand; shoulders 9⅜c; clear rib 12⅞@13c; clear 12¾@13¼c. Bacon firm and unchanged. Lard steady at 13¾@14¼c. Whisky steady at $1 16.

Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, July 17.—Cotton firm at 14¾c. Corn and wheat quiet and unchanged. Rye nominal. Provisions—Demand fair and market firm. Pork $20 50. Bulk meats 8⅝@11⅞@12¼c. Bacon 9¼@12⅞@13¼c. Hams 12⅞@13½c. Lard—Tierce 14¼@14½c; keg 15¼c. Whisky $1 16.

Milwaukee.

MILWAUKEE, July 17.—Flour—Demand fair and market firm. Wheat steady and firm; No. 1 Milwaukee $1 21¼; No. 2 $1 19½. Oats active; No. 2 48½c. Corn steady with a moderate demand; No. 1 mixed 58c. Barley firm; No 2 spring 97c. Rye quiet but steady; No. 1 95c.

Boston.

BOSTON, July 17.—Flour very firm; superfine Western $4 50@5 00; common extras $5 25@5 75; Wisconsin and Minnesota $5 50@6 75; white wheat Ohio, Indiana and Michigan $6 00@6 75; Illinois $6 50@7 50. Corn quiet; mixed and yellow 87@88½c. Oats dull; mixed and white 67@75c.

Nashville.

NASHVILLE, July 17.—Cotton quiet at 12¼@12¾c. Flour firm at $4 00@6 00. Wheat steady at $1 00@1 05. Corn quiet at 62½c. Bulkmeats—Shoulders 9c; sides 12¼@12½c. Bacon firm; shoulders 10c; sides 13¼@13¾c. Sugar cured hams 13½c. Whisky firm at $1 21.

St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, July 17.—Cotton, flour and grain quiet and unchanged. Provisions firm. Pork dull and nominally unchanged. Dry salt meats quiet with nothing doing. Bacon firm at 9@12@12⅝@12¾@12⅞c. Lard quiet at 12¼c.

New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, July 17.—Pork dull; Chicago mess $20 50@20 75; Louisville and Cincinnati heavy at $21 25. Oats firmer at 68@69c. Others unchanged. Gold 113⅝. Sight ⅜ premium. Sterling 553@555.

Detroit.

DETROIT, July 17.—Flour quiet but steady at $6 25@6 40. Wheat—Demand fair and market firm at $1 32@1 33. Corn quiet but firm at 69⅞c bid, 71½c asked. Oats quiet but steady at 54½c.

Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, July 17.—Wheat firm; No. 1 red $1 30; No. 2 $1 25. Corn unchanged. Oats quiet but steady; No. 1 58c; No. 2 55c. Petroleum quiet; standard white 9¼c; Ohio State test 10¼c.

Indianapolis.

INDIANAPOLIS, July 17.—Flour quiet but firm at $5 50@6 50. Wheat, corn and oats quiet and unchanged.

WOOL.

Boston.

BOSTON, July 17.—The transactions in wool for the week were the largest for some time, including upwards of 2,000,000 pounds of domestic, a good portion of which was old fleece. A few of the leading manufacturers have been in the market and made almost a clean sweep of old fleece wool on hand, including choice lots of extra and double extra Ohio and Pennsylvania principally at 50c. Transactions in fleece wool, including unwashed and combing and delaine, have been the largest for some months, comprising 1,332,000 pounds of all kinds. Prices have again settled down for fine fleeces, and were it not for the stoppage of machinery the trade might be congratulated on the fact that prices had probably touched the lowest point. Sales of Pennsylvania and Ohio fleeces have been 598,500 pounds, prices ranging from 47½@50c for new, and 48@52c for old. New double extra Ohio and Pennsylvania could not be sold over 47½@48c. Good medium and No. 1 are as high as 50c, and Michigan and Wisconsin fleeces may be quoted at 45@48c; extra and medium, with an occasional lot of choice medium Wisconsin light and handsome, as high as 50c; good average lots Michigan and Wisconsin cannot, however, be quoted over 46@47c. Pulled wools continue quiet and are likely to remain so for the present. A very choice Maine super has been sold as high as 56c, but this is a fancy price; choice extra and super cannot be quoted over 45@50c.

COTTON.

New York.

NEW YORK, July 17.—Cotton quiet at 15¾@15⅞c. Futures closed steady; July, 14 29-32@14 15-16c; August, 14 15-16@14 31-32c; September, 14 21-32@14 11-16c; October, 14 5-16c; November, 14 3-16c; December, 14 13-16c; January, 14 5-16@14 11-32c; February, 14 12-32c; March, 14 23-32@14¾c.

Savannah.

SAVANNAH, July 17.—Market dull and nominal; middling 14c; low middling 13⅝c; good ordinary 13½c. Net receipts 27 bales. Sales 87 bales.

Galveston.

GALVESTON, July 17.—Demand fair; middling 14½c; low middling 13½c; good ordinary 12⅝c. Net receipts 31 bales; gross 33 bales. Exports—Great Britain 225 bales; coastwise, 1 bale. Sales 463 bales. Two bales of new cotton received from Cuerco, Texas, classed middling, sold at 15 cents, and was shipped to Sloan & Sons, Philadelphia; one classed middling was shipped to George Haynes & Co., Boston.

Mobile.

MOBILE, July 17.—Market unchanged; middling 14⅝c; low middling 14⅛c; good ordinary 13⅛c. Net receipts 26 bales.

Charleston.

CHARLESTON, July 17.—Market more steady; middling 14⅝c; low middling 14¼c; good ordinary 13⅝c. Net receipts 50 bales; gross 101 bales. Sales 100 bales.

DRY GOODS.

New York.

NEW YORK, July 17.—Business was slow with commission houses, and dull with importers and jobbers. Low priced chocolate prints active but 8 and 9c makes dull. Cotton flannels moving more freely in low grades, and cheviots in moderate request. Shirts and drawers and Cardigan jackets more active. Paper cambrics up to 7c.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN STEAMERS

DATE OF DEPARTURE FROM NEW YORK.

Idaho	July 20	Liverpool.
State of Nevada	July 20	Antwerp.
Algeria	July 21	Liverpool.
Arragon	July 22	Bristol.
P. Caland	July 22	Rotterdam
Frisica	July 22	Hamburg.
California	July 24	Glasgow.
Amerique	July 24	Havre.
City of Berlin	July 24	Liverpool.
Celtic	July 24	Liverpool.
Erin	July 24	Liverpool.
Donau	July 24	Bremen.
Montana	July 27	Liverpool.
State of Georgia	July 28	Glasgow.
State of Nevada	July 28	Antwerp.
Scythia	July 28	Liverpool.
China	July 31	Liverpool.
Victoria	July 31	Glasgow.
City of Richmond	July 31	Liverpool.
Republic	July 31	Liverpool.
FROM PHILADELPHIA.		
Illinois	July 22	Liverpool.
Kenilworth	July 29	Liverpool.
Nederland	July 31	Antwerp.
FROM BOSTON.		
Marathon	July 24	Liverpool.
FROM BALTIMORE.		
Hibernian	July 21	Liverpool
Braunschweig	July 24	Liverpool

RIVER TELEGRAMS.

OFFICE OF THE OBSERVER,
UNITED STATES SIGNAL SERVICE,
PITTSBURGH, PA., July 18, 1875.

The following is the daily report of the stage of water, with changes in the twenty-four hours ending 3 P. M.:

STATIONS.	ABOVE L'W W'R Ft.	ABOVE L'W W'R In.	CHANGE —or † Ft.	CHANGE —or † In.	DIRECTION OF WIND.	STATE OF WEATHER
Cairo	38	9	†0	9	E.	Fair.
Cincinnati	33	11	—2	3	N. E.	Cloudy.
Davenport	4	7	—0	3	E.	Fair.
Dubuque	5	9	—0	4	S.	Clear.
Keokuk	10	1	†1	0	N. E.	Fair.
La Crosse	0	6	—0	2	N. W.	Fair.
Leavenw'th	14	0	—0	4	N. E.	Cloudy.
Louisville	13	3	†1	1	N. W.	Cloudy.
Memphis	29	6	†0	6	W.	Fair.
Nashville	29	4	†1	10	W.	Clear.
Omaha	9	7	—0	3	E.	Fair.
Pittsburgh	4	4	—0	1	N.	Cloudy.
Shreveport	12	3	—0	7	S.	Clearing
St. Louis	26	5	—0	5	N. E.	Cloudy.
St. Paul	4	4	—0	2	S.	Fair.
Vicksburg	34	11	†0	6	S.	Fair.
Yankton	11	2	—0	1	S. E.	Fair.

Greensboro.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.
GREENSBORO, PA., July 18, 1875.

River 5 feet and stationary. Weather cloudy.

Oil City.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.
OIL CITY, PA., July 18, 1875.

River 16¾ inches and falling.

Wheeling.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.
WHEELING, W. VA., July 18, 1875.

River 6 feet 3 inches and stationary. Weather cloudy and pleasant.

EVANSVILLE, July 18.—River rising; 31 feet on gauge. Weather clear and hot. Regular packets all on time. Up—Ella Hughes, from Arkansas river, and Shannon, from New Orleans. The Bowling Green, on the down trip, jumped all the dams but one on Green river. No business.

MEMPHIS, July 18.—River rising steadily. Weather generally clear; mercury 94; light shower this evening. Arrived—Cons Millar, Cincinnati. Departed—City of Helena, St. Louis.

CAIRO, July 18.—Arrived—Capitol City, Vicksburg; City of Vicksburg, St. Louis; Arkansas Belle, Evansville. Departed—Idlewild and Arkansas Belle, Evansville; Capitol City, St. Louis; City of Vicksburg, Vicksburg. River 38 feet 9 inches and rising. Weather cooler and rainy: mercury 86.

CINCINNATI, July 18.—River 33 feet and falling. Weather fair and cooler. Passed down—Raven and tow, Middleport to St. Louis; Brilliant and tow, Pomeroy to Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, July 18.—River falling, with 13 feet 4 inches in canal and 11 feet 4 inches in Indian chute. Arrived—Charles Morgan, Cincinnati; Tom Means, Pomeroy. Departed—Morgan, New Orleans; Means, St. Louis. Weather clear and pleasant.

For Additional Dispatches see Fourth Page

RIVER NEWS.

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES.

Arrived.

Elector	Abrams	Geneva.
E. Bennett	Donaldson	Brownsville.
Elizabeth	Boyd	Elizabeth.
Salt Valley	Sanford	Ironton.

Departed.

E. Bennett	Donaldson	Geneva.
Elector	Abrams	Brownsville.
Elizabeth	Boyd	Elizabeth.
A. J. Baker	Poe	St. Louis.

MONONGAHELA—4 feet 4 inches and falling.

Boats Advertised for This Day.

Brownsville and Geneva			8 A. M. and 4 P. M.
Cincinnati	Salt Valley	Sanford	4 P. M.
Cincinnati	Exchange	Shuman	4 P. M.

THE marks last evening indicated four feet four inches and falling slowly. We had heavy rains on Sunday morning which lasted for some time; it would be reasonable to expect a few inches of a rise.

THE Cincinnati papers complain of the scarcity of Southern freights.

THE towboat A. J. Baker, Captain Poe, left for St. Louis with a good trip.

THE steamer Utah, at St. Louis, has postponed her Pittsburgh trip for the present.

BACK water extends 100 miles up the Illinois, and that river is reported rising at headwaters.

THE Frank Williard takes the place of the Billy Collins in the Ironton and Gallipolis trade.

THE Fannie Tatum brought up a big load on this water. The pilots are Albert Williamson and W. Oaks.

CAPTAIN FRANK HICKS expects to launch the Mary Bell and have her at St. Louis in four weeks from this date.

CAPTAIN THOMAS BOWMAN has retired from the command of the Osceola, which steamer has been plying in the St. Francis river trade.

THE Grand Lake No. 2 left New Orleans for St. Louis with 48 hhds of sugar, 1,100 boxes of tin, 33 casks of soda ash and 70 barrels of soda crystals.

THE popular steamer Andes, Captain Muhleman, leaves Bellaire on Tuesday at 6 P. M. for Cincinnati and way points. This boat is A No. 1 in all respects.

THE steamer John L. Rhoads, Captain Vandergrift, is announced to leave St. Louis for this port on Tuesday. That's right, Captain, keep her running.

THE steamer Granite State, Captain Kerr, has been fitted up as good as new. She leaves Portsmouth this morning for this city. She will return on her regular advertised day.

AS WE have remarked on a previous occasion, the mail packets on the slackwater, between Pittsburgh and Geneva, leave daily at 8 A. M. and 4 P. M. That stream is in excellent order for a quick run.

THE popular packet Fannie Tatum, Captain Williams, is announced for Evansville, Cairo and St. Louis. Passengers and shippers can bear this in mind. Mr. James Greenough, an old Pittsburgher, will be found in the office.

IN the office of the Chas. Morgan is a life-like picture of the magnificent steamer, painted in water colors, by Mr. B. J. Hackett, of Albany, New York. It is a fine specimen of work, and a correct drawing of the steamer.

CAPTAIN S. W. DROKE, who has been Wharfmaster at Higginsport for the past ten years, and had never been up the river above Manchester, made a round trip on the Telegraph last Monday. The Captain was highly pleased with the fine river.

THE Vicksburg mail troubles are likely to continue for some time. The old contract was for $30,000 per annum, and now the packet line want $45,000. The Postoffice Department imagine they have some rights, and decline to give the amount asked.

THE punctual packet Salt Valley, Captain Sanford, takes her departure this day for Wheeling, Marietta, Ironton and Cincinnati. Passengers will be certain to receive the best of treatment. Our attentive friend, E. F. Maddy, will be found in the office.

THE favorite passenger steamer Exchange, Captain Shuman, is announced for Cincinnati and Louisville. This boat has undergone thorough and complete repair, and is in splendid condition for the summer trade. Her new dress fits and looks well. The clerks are Messrs. Harbison and Dales, who will see that passengers have the best of attention.

THE Memphis *Avalanche* says: A number of planters, fearing that the water yet to come from the upper rivers will soak their unleveed cotton patches, have gone earnestly to work to erect temporary embankments around their growing fields. It is only low places that are in danger, but on some of these are the richest and most promising cotton patches.

ST. LOUIS.—The Belle of Shreveport will be taken out on the docks or ways and have her buts calked; her hull is not injured.

Commodore David Campbell, President of the Carondelet marine ways, returned from Cincinnati. He brought with him a large force of mechanics who will at once commence work on the new hull for the Great Republic.

VERY GOOD.—The St. Louis *Globe*, in speaking of the pleasure trip of the Mary Houston to St. Paul, says: Captain Miller is satisfied that he has a bonanza, and that the Mary Houston will leave Louisville on the 20th inst., for St. Paul, with a splendid trip of beautiful Kentucky girls and brave men. She will remain here one day on her up trip, and we would advise all of the young men to obtain a passage on the boat. They may be able to beat those Kentucky boys out of the ring.

THE Dubuque *Herald* of the 13th says: Weather dry and hot; water falling fast—12 inches in two days. At this rate low water will be here in a week or so, and light draught packets brought out to take the place of the larger ones.

The Lake Superior went up stream Sunday, crowded with passengers. Her second mate was accidentally shot in the thigh, with a half cocked pistol which he carried in his pocket discharging itself, producing a wound six inches long. The ball was extracted in this city by Dr. Staples, the wounded man continuing work as usual, apparently but little concerned over the accident.

THE Sioux City *Times* of the 11th inst. says: The river was rising at Yankton on Friday.

The Meade will leave to-morrow for Fort Benton.

A Fort Sully dispatch of the 9th says: The steamer Fontenelle passed here at 6 o'clock last evening, going down. Another steamer, probably the Benton, passed this morning, going down. River rising slowly at this point.

A Bismarck dispatch of the 7th reports: The steamer Fontenelle, from Benton, passed down to-day. The May Lowry, from Berthold, arrived to-day. The Key West arrived from Carroll to-day—round trip in twelve days.

Boating from Pittsburgh in 1851.

We have before us a Pittsburgh *Commercial Journal*, dated December, 1851, from which we extract the following:

Pittsburgh and Cincinnati Packet Line.—Buckeye State, Captain S. Dean, Sunday; Keystone State, Captain C. Stone, Monday; Hibernia No. 2, Captain C. W. Batchelor, Tuesday; Cincinnati, Captain John Broughen, Wednesday; Brilliant, Captain R. J. Grace, Thursday; Pittsburgh, Captain W. J. Kountz, Friday; Messenger No. 2, Captain John Klinefelter, Saturday.

Pittsburgh and Wellsville Packets.—Forest City, Captain A. Murdock; Beaver, John Gordon, Master.

Wheeling and Pittsburgh Packets.—Winchester, Captain G. D. Moore; Clipper No. 2, Captain Thomas Moore; Diamond, Captain W. G. Conwell. Fare reduced: cabin, 50c; deck 25c.

For Louisville.—Navigator, Captain Wm. Dean.

Zanesville and Pittsburgh Packets.—Julia Dean, Captain Joseph McVay; Empress, Captain Cox.

Nashville Packets.—Asia, Captain James Boyd; Washington, Captain J. Hazlep.

For New Orleans.—Susquehanna, Captain C. Israel.

Pittsburgh and Hockingport Packet.—Pilot No. 2, Captain A. S. Crane.

Youghiogheny Route—23 miles—shortest route to Baltimore and Philadelphia—new steamer Thomas Shriver, Captain M. Baily: C. A. Dravo, clerk.

Steamboat Agents.—J. Newton Jones, J. Flack, Armstrong & Crozier, Thomas Campbell, G. B. Miltenberger, W. B. Wheeler, Nimick & Co., G. M. Harton.

The above is rather a formidable list, as compared with boating at the present day. It will be observed that although we had a daily line of first-class boats to Cincinnati, we had lines also to almost every city of note that bordered on the river. We hope the day is not far distant when our people will wake up to the importance of paying some little attention to our river interest. The fact is, with suitable boats in charge of live men, trade could be brought back to the river, and our citizens would soon be independent of the railroad monopolies. What about the Packet Line? Why don't somebody make a move in that direction?

RECEIPTS OF MERCHANDISE.

Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne and Chicago Railway.

National Tube Works, 5 cars bar iron; W Baker, 1 car stone; Wm Flaccus & Son, 51 hides, 27 bdls skins, 28 sks scrap; I Leisey, 17 beer kegs; Gallinger & Co, 20 bdls glassware; A O'Leary, 12 do; J H Lippincott, 8 do; Wm P Townsend & Co, 33 kegs rivets; Lewis, O & P, 1 machine, 3 casks hinges; Haworth & Dewhurst, 1 box snuff, 10 empty boxes; Walker, Cooper & Co, 8 oil barrels; David Aiken, Jr, 3 cars stone; Braden & Peabody, 270 bxs cheese; M McWhinney & Co, 20 bdls shafts; Fahnestock White Lead Co, 10 large kegs; A Bahmer & Co, 24 sks barley; Lyle, Barchfield & McCance, 50 springs; Wilbert & Wallace, 3 bbls eggs; D J Rex, 50 bdls lumber; John White, Jr, & Son, 150 bags oats; Hussey, Binns & Co, 218 dozen handles; George Davis, 1 box mdse; J R & A Murdock, 1 lawn mower, 1 nail puller; Summer King Stove Co, 13 bxs mdse, 13 bdls heaters; C Schulze, 18 step ladders; J W Morrison, 1 bx frames; D Kinzer, 1 bbl lasts; J H Rankin, 5 spice chests; Moorhead & Co, 15 plats spelter; T C Jenkins, 200 bbls flour; Wm B Hays & Son, 50 do hams; F W Jenkins & Bro, 337 do flour; Hostetter & Smith, 150 do spirits; John McCullough, 10 do; B L Fahnestock & Co, 1 do 1 root; A J Nellis & Co, 1 bdl hh forks; Park Bros & Co, lot scrap steel; J P Smith Son & Co, 3 bxs fruit jars, 3 do head; Haworth & D, 10 pails tobc; Reese Owens & Co, 10 bbls mess pork; Henry Evart, 15 do spts; J H Parker & Co, 10 tcs lard, 26 bkts do; W B Hays & Son, 10 cases do; Schomaker & Co, 10 tcs do, 10 hf bbls do; Rea, Hill & Kerr, 10 tcs do.

ELEVATOR.—Marshall, Kennedy & Co, 1 car wheat.

Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad.

Heath & Speer, 1 car lumber; Alcott & Beman, 1 do; R & W Jenkinson, 10 pails tobacco; S Hamilton, 1 organ; J H Henderson 10 bxs mdse; Henderson & Bros, 10 bbls oil; A H Steadman, 3 organs; W E Schmertz & Co, 1 box mdse; Head, C & Co, 4 bbls eggs; Geo Schellhose, 6 bbls o meal; J S Dilworth, 20 cases matches; Arbuckle & Co, 15 do do; Haworth & Dewhurst, 15 do do, 25 bxs pipes; B D Moore, 153 oil bbls; H Rea, Jr, 11 bbls potatoes; J H Loh & Co, 8 pkgs eggs and butter; Voigt, M & Co, 13 do do; Schlegel & Z, 4 tubs cheese; Jas Milliken, 2 wardrobes; J N Davis, 2 bbls oil; W G Evans, 5 do do; Whittinger, 2 cars wheat; Fleming, Agnew & Co, 25 bdls wire.

Pittsburgh, Cincinnati & St. Louis Railway.

Reese, Owens & Co, 10 tcs bacon; J H Parker, 10 bxs bacon; T S Wallace, 2 bbls tobacco; Van Gordon & Co, 5 crates cabbage; Walker C & Co, 1,222 shoulders; Pittsburgh Book & News Co, 12 reels paper; E Smith, 4 qr-bbls herring, 1 do eggs; A & J A Dickey, 1 bdl rope and blocks; John Wilson & Son, 25 bbls flour; Head, Carson & Co, 8 do eggs; Jas H Lah & Co, 3 bbls do, 3 bxs do, 6 sks rags; Arbuckles & Co, 100 bxs soap; Sam'l Hare & Son, 1 car reapers; Houck, McC & Co, 1 do bran and ear corn; Jas H Parker, 50 tcs hams; Van Gorder & Co, 120 bbls potatoes; Maul & Grote, 5 cases 1 tobacco; Voigt & DeGraw, 10 bbls whisky; J W Craig, 29 bxs starch, 1 do samples; Van Gorder & Co, 8 bbls beets; Pgh Steel Casting Works, 1 bx castings; C Chittle & Co, 23 bdls bent chair stuff; Close, S & Co, 18 bdls t slides; Whitmore, W L & Co, 2 bxs h ware; J H Lippincott, 2 bxs c goods; J M Miller, 10 beer kegs; McKee & Bro, 2 bbls g ware; Wilbert & Wallace, 4 bbls eggs; Lappe & Hax, 4 beef hides, 1 sheep pelts, 1 keg tallow; C Atwell & Co, 1 bbl eggs; W J Steel, 10 bbls potatoes; F W Jenkins & Bro, 109 bbls flour; 400 sacks flour; J L Dunseath & Co, 12 tcs hams; R Owens & Co, 25 bbls oil; Keifer & Co, 6 bdls leather; Pier, D & Co, 1 bx empty bottles; G A Kelly, 8 bbls oil; J H Parker, 5 do do; R Bruce, 1 keg wine; E H Myers, 15 tcs beef; A B Binlman, 1 bbl hams and tongues; T W Myers & Co, 100 bxs soap; McHenry & H, 143 sks oats, Wilbert & W, 3 bbls eggs; Voigt, M & Co, 1 do hams; Caskey, B & Co, 10 do eggs; A Bahmer & Co, 5 cases do; E Hauch, 42 sks oats; McHenry & H, 38 do wheat; Whitmyer & Co, 25 do do; West & V, 45 bdls wheels, 1 do spokes; F Sellers & Co, 10 tcs hams; R & W Jenkinson, 10 pails tobac; L G Graff & Co, 1 car baled hay; Hall's Safe and Lock Company, 2 iron safes; Lyle, B & McC, 21 steel skeins; M Steel & Son, 100 sks cornmeal; Frazier, M & Co, 6 sks rags; H J McCracken & Bro, 2 bbls eggs; T C Jenkins, 24 bags oats; John Porterfield, 5 tcs hams; W A Martin, 25 boxes starch; M Seibert & Co, 1 box veneers; C A Warmcastle, 1 car staves; Geo A Kelley, 7 carboys; F Sellers & Co, 19 tcs hams, 4 tcs breakfast bacon; John A Renshaw, 5 tcs bacon, 1 box breakfast bacon; S Klinordlinger, 5 bbls whisky; Dilworth Bros, 1 bbl molasses; Frauenheim & V, 21 beer kegs; Geo Stewart, 75 bbls flour; Laing & McKallip, 11 cars cement.

Allegheny Valley Railroad Company.

J H Walters, 6 cars stone; Shoenberger, Blair & Co, 5 cars do; Isabella Fce Co, 3 cars do; Banner, Figle & Co, 1 car lumber; W B Barton, 1 car do; Reid & Bros, 1 car do; Lappe & Hax, 1 car bark; Harbeson & W, 2 cars clay; Chautauqua Lake Ice Co, 2 cars ice; W J Baughman, 1 car lime; Phillips, Nimick & Co, 1 car fire brick; Vesta Oil Co, 1 car oil vit; O Hatterton, 1 car hay; Hutchinson & Co, 2 b shears; Reisick & Bro, 1 bx h d ware; A C Bakewell & Co, 1 bx mchy, 1 cratr do; Arbuckles & Co, 150 bxs starch; Dilworth Bros, 50 do; J S Dilworth & Co, 35 do; Curry & M, 30 do; Cochran & F, 5 calves; Wm McCully & Co, 17 bgs e corn; McCullough & S, 7 sks rags; J J Fetzer & Bro, 11 bgs oats; Isaac Lehman & Bro, 11 do; Siebert & B, 4 calves; W Hoffman, 21 do; Geyer & M, 5 bus potatoes; J Laub, 1 coop chickens; A Spear & Sons, 1 lot old plow metal; Stevenson & Co, 1 lot old stove metal; Godfrey & C, 9 sks rags.

Cincinnati.

PER STEAMER SALT VALLEY.—Lomis & Co, 31¼ tons pig iron; J A Finney & Co, 136 bdls kgs hoops, 36 bbls flour; J H Rankin, 6 safes; R Dickey & Co, 140 bdl keg hoops; J Seifert, 5 bxs eggs; J C Bidwell, 1 bdl castings; S R & W J Patterson, 40 bxs bromine, 21¼ do; J S Clarke & Co, 4 bbls vinegar; S R & W J Patterson, 2 do oil; C Chisholm, 1 horse & wagon; B D Moore, 312 o bbls; Head C, & Co, 15 bbls potatoes, 2 do eggs; P Duff & Son, 9 pkgs eggs and butter; J H Loh & Co, 6 do; Lewis, Oliver & P, 105 packing bbls; voigt, Mahood & Co, 6 pkgs butter and eggs; A Buckmore, 20 bxs cigars; Jas Irwin & Co, 28 empty carboys; Hish Bros, 1 bx cigars; Fairbanks, M & Co, 1 pair scales; Heinz, Noble & Co, 323 whisky bbls; J M Diehl & Co, 1 case cigars; National Oil Works, 31 oil bbls; Arbuckle & Co, 35 empty boxes; H Huckmeister, 100 center pile; Bissell & Co, 2,000 fire brick, 40 pairs grate tile; Thos Wilson, 1 cask e ware; Whartmaster, 1 skiff and oars; For sale, 15 bbls potatoes. Registered, 60 passengers.

Receipts of Pig Metal, Blooms and Ore.

The following are the receipts of pig metal, blooms and ore for the past twenty-four hours:

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILWAY.

	Cars.		Cars.
Nimick & Co, m	7	Nimick & Co, m i	1
Caughy & H, m	1	Wm Mullins, s i	1
W McKinney & S, s i	1	W Springer, s i	1
Laughlin & Co, o	6	Zug & Co, s i	1
Total			20

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD.

	Cars.		Cars.
Shoenb'g'r, B & Co, o	1	Jones & Laughlin, o	2
Mullins & M, s i	1		
Total			4

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

	Cars.
W J Hammond, s i	9

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILWAY.

	Cars.
Maloney & Lanahan, s i	1

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.

	Cars.		Cars.
A V R R, s i	3	Miller, B & P, m i	2
Total			5

Coal and Coke Receipts.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.

	Cars.		Cars.
N Y & C G C Co, coal	17	Armstr'g, D & Co, c'l	20
Sable Coal Co, coal	20		
Total			57

PLAESURE EXCURSION.

Grand Pleasure Excursion
TO
LAKE SUPERIOR.
THE SPLENDID PASSENGER STEAMER
ANNIE L. CRAIG,
Of Ward's Central and Pacific Lake Co.,

Will give a Grand Excursion around the Lakes, leaving Cleveland WEDNESDAY, July 21st, at 8 o'clock P. M., touching at all the points of interest on the South Shore of Lake Superior, and returning via the North Shore, Silver Islet and Isle Royale, affording excursionists the finest opportunity of the season of visiting the celebrated copper and iron regions of northwest, and the silver regions of the North Shore of Lake Superior. Excursion rates will be given and staterooms can be secured by applying at the office.

L. L. DAVIS & CO.,
171 River street, foot of St. Clair street.

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LEAVES DAILY AT 8 A. M. and 4 P. M.
LEAVES BROWNSVILLE AT 5 A. M. and 12 M
For all Points on the Monongahela River.
The 8 A. M. Packet from Pittsburgh will connect at Monongahela City with the 11:15 train from Pittsburgh, on Pittsburgh, Virginia and Charleston Railroad. The 5:00 A. M. Packet from Brownsville connects at Monongahela City with 8:30 A. M. train, reaching Pittsburgh at 10:40 A. M.
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CHARLES MUHLEMAN.....Commander.
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For Freight or Passage apply on Board, or to
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ON MONDAY, JULY 19—4 P. M.
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WM. HARBISON.....Clerk
Will leave as announced above.
Giving through receipts to all points South and West.
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JOHN A. WILLIAMS.....Master
JAMES GREENOUGH.....Clerk
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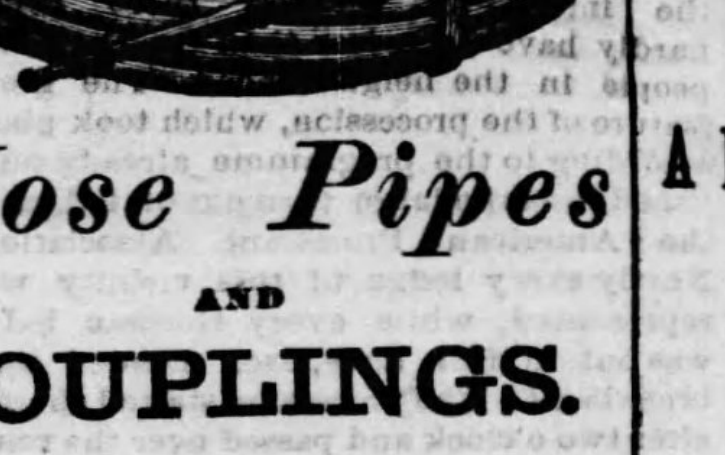

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THE EDITORIAL DEPARTMENT
Of the COMMERCIAL will contain, from day to day, contributions from able writers upon all subjects—Political, Literary, Scientific, Legal, Commercial, Foreign and Local—in which its views will be set forth plainly and independently, keeping in view the prime aim of the paper, which is the advancement of the best interests of all sections of the country.

THE MARKETS
Will, as heretofore, receive careful attention. Full telegraphic reports of the State of Business, with Prices Current, will be received daily from the Trade Centers of this country and Europe. The Pittsburgh Market, in all its branches, will be reported fully and accurately. As a commercial journal the COMMERCIAL stands second to no paper in the country. The Financial Column will give daily the ruling rates for money, and the prices of Stocks and Bonds at all the great trading points, with much interesting statistical matter.

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Embracing Poems, Sketches, Incidents of Travel, etc., will find a place in the columns of the COMMERCIAL, furnishing abundance of instruction and amusement for the family circle.

ITS NEWS DEPARTMENTS
Will always contain brief but accurate reports of all the occurrences of the day. Liberal expenditures will be made in securing special telegrams and correspondence from the great news centers of the country, so that readers of the COMMERCIAL can always rely on being served with early and reliable news.
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Will contain in condensed form all the
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CITY MATTERS.

For eighty-five cents per month the DAILY COMMERCIAL will be mailed daily to travelers or to subscribers who are temporarily absent from Pittsburgh. The address of the paper will be changed as often as is desired.

Local Observations.

OFFICE OF THE OBSERVER, U. S. SIG. SERV., }
Room 23, First National Bank, }
PITTSBURGH, PA., July 18, 1875. }

Time.	Bar.	Th'r.	Hum	Wind. Dir.	Wind. Force.	Weath.
7 A. M..	29.679	75	72	S. W.	Fresh.	Fair.
2 P. M..	29.854	75	64	N.	Fresh.	Cloudy.
9 P. M..	30.002	66	73	N.	Light.	Clear.

Mean barometer..29.884 Highest thermom...79
Mean thermometer..70 Lowest thermom....65
Rainfall...............05

United American Mechanics.

The semi-annual session of the State Council, Junior Order United American Mechanics, will convene at Mauch Chunk on Tuesday, the 20th inst. Representatives from every section of the State will be present, and the day will be signalized by a grand procession.

Surface vs. Mining Rights.

An application for an injunction was made in the Common Pleas No. 2 on Saturday, before Judge Ewing, by Mary A. Armstrong against Farrow and others. She represents that she is the tenant of certain land in the Thirteenth ward, and that the defendants own the coal under it; that the defendants have taken out nearly all the coal and now threaten to take out the ribs, which will destroy the complainant's home. A preliminary injunction was granted.

Attention, Street Commissioners!

The continued heavy rains of the past week have washed much dirt and rubbish into the sewer drops throughout the city, filling the "basins" contained therein. In some instances drops are choked up and the passage of water into the sewers is retarded. The Street Commissioners should be prompt in cleaning out the drops. The rains have cleaned the streets better than the scrapers are in the habit of doing it, and the services of the scavengers should be engaged as stated.

Wedding Anniversary.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Harper celebrated their crystal or fifteenth wedding anniversary on Friday evening last at their residence, Mount Washington, Thirty-second ward. A large number of friends attended on the interesting occasion and the happy couple were the recipients of warm congratulations and good wishes. Numerous handsome and valuable gifts were presented to them. The Great Western Band furnished music during the evening and a most enjoyable time was had.

Admitted to the Bar.

On Saturday, on motion of S. A. McClung, Esq., Messrs. James A. Reed, Geo. H. Woods and John C. Haymaker were duly qualified and admitted to practice in the several courts of Allegheny county. Mr. Reed is a son of Dr. Reed, of Dixmont, and has been reading in the office of the United States District Attorney. Mr. Woods is a son of Dr. Woods, Chancellor of the University, is a graduate of the Albany Law School, is a member of the New York bar and has been reading recently with Mr. C. B. Penrose, in Philadelphia. Mr. Haymaker is a brother of Capt. J. S. Haymaker, in whose office he has been reading. The young practitioners passed a very creditable examination and enter upon their professional career under favorable auspices.

Burglary on Smithfield Street.

Saturday night a burglar entered a room in the third story of the house on Smithfield street, near Diamond alley, in the lower part of which is Bedillions jewelry store, and stole clothing valued at about five hundred dollars. The room is occupied by a Mr. Schmidt and his wife, who rented the adjoining apartment to a lodger. In the Schmidts' room was a wardrobe in which was kept the lodgers clothes as well as their own. Mrs. Schmidt is absent from town, and the robbery was not discovered till yesterday morning, when the lodger was about to dress up in his Sunday habiliments. He found the doors of the wardrobe burst open and its contents of clothing carried away. Among the articles stolen were two of Mrs. Schmidts silk dresses, worth $100 each, a full suit belonging to the lodger besides various garments, the whole valued at about $500.

Dr. Scovel's Sermon on Health.

To the Editor of the Pittsburgh Commercial:

Last evening Rev. Dr. Scovel, pastor of the First Presbyterian church, delivered a discourse upon the preservation of the bodily health as a Christian duty, that was in every respect most admirable.

It is well worth publishing and should not be lost to those who were unable to hear it. The reverend gentleman advanced strong arguments in favor of a more thorough physical development, not in anywise, however, to the neglect of mental culture which he went on to show was highly conducive to longevity. One of the most practical points made was the propriety of the Young Mens' Christian Associations projecting and putting into operation gymnasiums for young men where physical training could be carried on under Christian influences; the same to apply also to boat clubs, base ball clubs and such like. Give us more such sermons.

J. H. M.

To the Workhouse.

The following persons were yesterday sent to the Workhouse for thirty days by Mayor McCarthy:

Charley Webster, William Crooks and John Kelley. These men were picked up by Lieutenant Johnson as suspicious persons.

William Fenton and Oscar Sloan were arrested about eight o'clock Saturday evening by Lieutenant Tyre, while attempting to break open a show case on Fifth avenue, near Wood street. They were sent up as suspicious persons.

James Donnovan knocked a man down on Wood street about 11 o'clock Saturday night, and Lieutenant Johnson took him in. He was sent up for disorderly conduct.

Deputy Hoerr yesterday sent Pat Maloy and Andrew Hays to the Workhouse, thirty and twenty days respectively, for disorderly conduct.

Deputy Mayor King, of East Liberty, sent John Kelly to Claremont for ninety days, in default of a fine of $50, for gross disorderly conduct.

Nearly a Riot.

Saturday night four members of Knap's Battery went to the Union Depot for the purpose of taking passage on the train for Chautauqua Lake. When they reached the gate through which passengers must pass in order to reach the trains, and at which, by the rules of the railroad company, tickets must be shown to the gate keeper before any one can pass through, the "soldiers" attempted to force their way through without complying with the rules. The man at the gate attempted to stop them, when one of the quartet, named Munden, drew his saber and struck the gate keeper on the forehead, inflicting a severe wound near the right eye. Depot officer Cotton promptly arrested Munden, when another of the party, Chris. Schrader, unsheathed his sword and was about to make an attack upon Cotton. His game was blocked, however, by officer Sol. Coulson, who happened to be on the ground. The valiant warriors were placed in the Central Station, and yesterday morning Mayor McCarthy fined them $25 and costs each.

Bidding for Controller Warner's Influence.

We have already stated that the contracts for copying the registry lists had been awarded by the County Commissioners, to a lady, at eight cents per one hundred words. The lady declined the job, however. A. H. Mulford, of Natrona, one of the bidders, soon after addressed a letter to County Controller Warner, asking who had received the contract. He was informed that the lady, whose bid was the lowest, had declined to do the work, and there was as yet no award. Mulford then addressed Warner a letter, in which he proposed to give him $50 for his influence in securing the contract at his bid, twelve and a half cents per hundred words. The Controller, quite indignant at the conduct of Mulford, sent him a reply, spurning his offer, and telling him that he would consider whether he (Mulford) was not a fit subject for prosecution. Mr. Warner states that in an official career of fifteen years, in various places of trust, this is the first time an attempt had been made to bribe him. Mr. Mulford will probably explain.

A Wide Difference in Accounts.

In the Common Pleas No. 1, on Saturday, a bill in equity was filed by Samuel Dyer, administrator of William Owens, deceased, against the Allegheny Trust Company and the New York Mutual Life Insurance Company. It is represented that the deceased kept an account with the banking company, and as collateral security for loans and balances due the company, assigned to it a policy of insurance on his life, issued to him by the New York company mentioned, for $3,000; that since the death of Mr. Owens, the banking company has furnished the administrator with a statement of the account of the deceased with the company, claiming a balance due the company of $5,737 37; that the administrator, from information received, believes that there are numerous errors in the statement, one of which is that the company has failed to credit the deceased with the value of a house and lot conveyed by him to the company, worth $5,000 and also with $2,800, the value of another house and lot conveyed, and that he further believes that if the errors were corrected, he would be entitled to a reassignment of the policy. A preliminary injunction was granted, restraining the Trust Company from lifting the $3,000 from the insurance company and requiring the defendants to give security in the sum of $5,000. Thursday next was fixed for a hearing.

INTERESTING CEREMONIES.

The New German Evangelical Church—Laying of the Corner Stone—Immense Demonstration—Large Turnout of Protestant Association Lodges—Address of Rev. S. F. Scovel.

The ceremonies attending the laying of the corner stone of the new edifice being erected at the corner of Sixth avenue and Smithfield street, for the German Evangelical congregation, were held yesterday, and attracted one of the largest assemblages ever gathered together in this city. During the interesting services there could hardly have been less than ten thousand people in the neighborhood. The great feature of the procession, which took place according to the programme already published, was the large turn out of lodges of the American Protestant Association. Nearly every lodge of this vicinity was represented, while every German lodge was out in full force, each headed by a brass band. The procession started shortly after two o'clock and passed over the route already published in the following order, the marshals being mounted:

Chief Marshal—Peter Dressler.
Assistants—John Seiferth, Frederick Wilhelm, Henry Ommerst and Henry Colwes.
Silver Cornet Band.
Pastors of German Congregations and Building Committee in carriages.
Mt. Washington Cornet Band.
Luther Lodge A. P. A. No. 3.
Sons of Joshua Lodge A. P. A. No. 11.
Washington Cornet Band.
Sons of Jacob Lodge A. P. A. No. 12.
John Haas Lodge A. P. A. No. 24.
Temperanceville Cornet Band.
Temperanceville Organizations, headed by Edward Sprung and J. P. Vierheller, Marshals.
School Children.
Centennial Band.
Gustavus Adolphus Lodge A. P. A. No. 3.
Iron City Lodge A. P. A. No. 36.
John Calvin Lodge A. P. A. No. 42.
Allegheny Lodge A. P. A. No. 54.
Teutonia Lodge A. P. A. No. 57.
Keystone Lodge A. P. A. No. 72.
Lincoln Lodge A. P. A. No. 80.

All along the route of procession the sidewalks were crowded with spectators notwithstanding the threatened rain. Arriving at the church site the members of the procession gathered upon the temporary floor laid upon the joist. Upon the streets and sidewalks an immense throng had assembled and passenger cars and other vehicles were compelled to stand or turn away by some other route.

THE CEREMONIES

were conducted under the direction of the Pastor Rev. Weil and among those noted in attendance was the venerable Rev. Kaemmerer former pastor, who laid the corner stone of the former edifice on the same spot, July 2d, 1833. After the singing of the opening Hymn, Rev. Weil introduced Rev. Mueller who addressed the throng from the stand, in German. The choir then sang in the same language

"A Strong Fortress is our God."

Rev. Weber then uttered prayer after which in a few suitable remarks Rev. Weil introduced the former pastor the venerable Rev. Kaemmerer who delivered an interesting address in German.

Rev. S. F. Scovel of the Second Presbyterian church was next introduced and delivered the English address which was listened to very attentively.

ADDRESS OF REV. S. F. SCOVEL.

Rev. Scovel spoke in substance as follows:

Respected Fellow-Citizens and Christian Brethren: I count myself happy in having the opportunity of saying words of welcome and hearty good will. I personally rejoice in the opportunity because we are neighbors, not only in the proximity by streets, but neighbors in the religious history of our city. Your society, I find upon investigation, began life in 1783, while that to which I have the honor to belong was organized but two years later, in 1785. We have received in common, grants of land from the heirs of William Penn, and now, through these long years, approach our centennial in the work of the Lord. Beyond personal feeling, I rejoice to know that you are Christ's people, and I bid you God speed in your enterprise. We understand your desire to have an address in English; it is based upon the desire to be recognized by the English speaking church people as fellow Christians. It enables us also to recognize in you the Protestant portion of the German people. We have the same worship and are both followers of Luther and Melancthon. May God continue to give the world rich fruits from German Protestantism and German culture. It is no difference what language we use so that we praise God. I do not wonder that you prefer to sing and praised the Lord in the language with which you were born, and it will continue to be the privilege of sons of the Fatherland who may come to abide in free America. I trust your children, however, will learn to praise God in our tongue. As you love unity of Protestantism, and as long as you agree with us against the common foe, Romanism; so long as Ultramontanism is the same in this as in the Fatherland, so long must Protestantism go shoulder to shoulder, heart to heart and hand to hand, to battle to the death. God forbid that I should disparage the worship of any true Christian in whatever form. But Ultramontanism, political scheming we must battle to the end. We want no Cardinals, no sovereigns in this land. Equally must we guard against and battle with Rationalism. German culture is deeply tinctured with Rationalism. But the true Protestant doctrine in life has been also gathered from the same source. Social Democracy, as it is called in Germany, is far worse and ten times more to be feared in our free country, than Romanism.

This occasion presents the opportunity to signalize the great truths in which we agreed. Differences there are which it would be unwise to conceal and unmanly to deny. Your Sabbath is our Sabbath, at least in some methods of observance, and you still believe the Fourth Commandment which says: Remember the Sabbath day, to keep it holy. Your custom may differ from ours as to the use and sale of intoxicating liquors, but you still believe that "no drunkard shall inherit the Kingdom of Heaven." Your creed may not be so articulate or particular as ours, but you still hold the Apostles creed and the central truth of Protestantism. In regard to these differences we may little by little grow to see eye to eye.

Standing on these truths we are upon the same foundations built upon the rock of ages. Cling to the truth as already beautifully expressed by our venerable and respected friend Rev. Kaemmerer. "The word, the whole word and nothing but the word; Christ, the whole Christ and nothing but Christ."

At the conclusion of Rev. Scovel's address the choir sang a hymn and then the ceremonies of laying the corner stone proceeded.

The formal laying of the corner stone was done by Pastor Weil. After a short address in German the Rev. gentleman placed each separate article, book, pamphlet, plate, &c., in the box, which, after being sealed, was placed in its receptacle. The stone was then lowered to its place, and after a short prayer and benediction the audience dispersed.

NOTES ON EDUCATION.

THE salaries of teachers in Chicago are larger than in Pittsburgh.

SPEAKING of the increase of the endowment of the University of Pennsylvania the New York *Tribune* says: Another Pennsylvania college has shown evidences of material prosperity—Washington and Jefferson College at Washington Pennsylvania, where a new college edifice has been erected.

THE object of the orginzation of the Kirtland school of Natural History is thus described: "Our school are paying more attention now than formerly to scientific objects, and we wish to educate the teachers especially so that they may instruct the young minds under their charge. The time is coming when schools will demand such instruction of their teachers. The public are right when they say that science has not formerly been well taught in our schools, but a more propitious day is dawning."

IN discussing the philosophy and methods of primary instruction, *The Brooklyn Journal of Education* says: "It is most earnestly recommended that so soon as some facility is acquired in the art of reading, the 'made-up' text book may largely give place to lessons in reading from the geography, history, or other topics of real interest; even the arithmetic or grammar will be better than many of the selections that pass current in our daily routine of school reading. The ordinary school course, in city schools, assigns from six to ten years to the mysteries of numbers as contained in the common school arithmetic; and wise critics speak of this as a part of that 'system of cramming' they so much deplore. The difficulty is not in the matter, but in the method. Surely, learning to count, and its extension in the process of adding, subtracting, multiplying and dividing does not involve such a world of labor that it should stand at the threshold of the child's progress and forbid his advance."

The *New England Journal of Education* thinks that it is time the line of demarcation between a common school and a high school education should be readjusted and sharply drawn. "Every one," it adds, "knows that, however adverse it may be to our democratic theories of society, and however repugnant to our feelings as patriots, there is among us a growing sharpness of distinction between the higher and the lower classes. Every one knows, too, that either from a greater love of accumulation, or the increased pressure of the necessities of living, education among the masses is becoming altogether subordinate to work or trade. Children are withdrawn from school just so soon as their labor can be made profitable; young men abandon study at any moment for a paying position. The principal now is not the school and education because they are the best, not even because they are necessary to the something better, but the school and education, if you cannot do anything better, if, in fact, you cannot find anything else to do. As the result of all this, it is notorious, that of the masses who are enrolled in the common school, the vast majority never get beyond it, never in fact get properly through it. But a mere fraction ever push on to the high school, and among those who get there, there is much the same proportional falling off before graduation is reached."

ILLEGAL INTEREST.

An Excess Over the Legal Rate Can be Deducted From the Debt.

His Honor Judge Pearson of the Twelfth Judicial District, has filed the annexed opinion in the case of Rutherford vs. Boyer, on a rule to show cause why $120, paid as illegal interest, should not be credited:

In this case the defendant has asked a credit of $120, money paid to the agent of the deceased plaintiff in his life time, in order to obtain an extension of time on the judgment for six months, being an additional amount of interest to that collected by law, so as to bring it up to twelve per centum, the sum agreed on at the time of the agreement. The judgment was afterward revived without taking into consideration the money thus paid as increased interest. The property of the defendant was since extended and several rentals paid. The defendant now demands a credit for the $120 paid in December, 1872. The evidence shows clearly that the money was given at the time stated. It is not denied. Must the court direct the credit? A large portion of the judgment remains open undischarged. It is very clear that this money could not be sued for and recovered back at this time, more than six months having elapsed since the day of payment; but the act of May 18, 1858, provides that "when a rate of interest exceeding six per cent. shall have been received or contracted for the borrower or debtor shall not be required to pay the excess over the legal rate, and it shall be lawful for such borrower or debtor, at his option, to retain and deduct such excess from the amount of such debt." The law then provides that if the whole debt has been paid off the excessive rate of interest must be sued for within six months.

In the present case, as a portion of the judgment remains unpaid the debtor has a right to retain and deduct the $120 thus illegally paid from the amount still due, although more than six months have expired since the day of payment. In the language of Justice Agnew, in Heath vs. Page, 13 Smith, 121: "The money in excess of the interest belongs to the debtor, which when received by the creditor he cannot retain, but holds for the use of the debtor." We are, therefore, clearly of the opinion that the defendant in this judgment can claim and is entitled to receive credit for the $120. This he can demand before setting off the judgment. Can the court order the credit to be entered? We think not. We have no power to order satisfaction until the whole debt is paid, but we can make an order at any time suspending the collection of the $120 of the judgment if the plaintiff attempts to issue an execution therefor. This we will feel ourselves obliged to do should an execution be issued for that sum. If the plaintiff demands it he can have an issue to try the facts in the case, not whether the credit is proper but whether the money was paid as additional interest as that allowed by law. If such is the case it must be deducted from this judgment.

FATALITIES YESTERDAY.

Man Drowned—Another Killed by a Street Car.

About three o'clock yesterday morning a young man named Jacob Ochse, son of Mr. John Ochse, of the Third ward, was drowned in the Monongahela river, near the Clipper boat house, which lies a short distance below the railroad bridge. Deceased had been out in a skiff with some women, and jumped into the river to take a bath. He was probably seized with cramps, as he sank and was drowned before assistance could reach him. Parties were engaged for several hours in searching for the body, and finally succeeded in finding it, when it was conveyed to the family residence on Miltenberger's alley. An inquest was held, and the jury returned a verdict of accidental drowning. Deceased was a paper hanger and was aged about thirty years.

Yesterday afternoon a man named Philip Hawley was fatally injured by being struck by one of the wheels of a street car, at the corner of Penn avenue and Twenty-seventh street. The deceased, it is stated, was on the front platform and jumped off while the car was in motion. His foot caught on the steps in some way and he was thrown upon the track, one of the front wheels striking him in the side. The man was carried into a house near the scene of the accident, where he died in a few minutes.

Deceased was a single man and boarded at No. 98 Rebecca street, Allegheny. He was out of work, and a few days ago went to New Castle to look for employment at his trade, that of an iron worker, and not succeeding there he returned to the city last Saturday.

The body was taken in charge by the Coroner and conveyed to Williams' coffin rooms on Fifth avenue. An inquest will be held to-day.

COURT PROCEEDINGS.

U. S. Circuit Court—Judge McKennan.

In the case of E. A. L. Roberts vs. S. O. Gotharn, the hearing of a motion for attachment was concluded. Decision reserved.

E. M. Broomal vs. Edmund Alber *et al.*; bill for an injunction was argued and held under advisement.

In the case of Adams, Hare *et al.* vs the steamtug Baltic, a motion was entered to dismiss the appeal. Hearing next Saturday week.

U. S. District Court—Judge McCandless.

William H. Horn, Washington county, bankrupt; exceptions filed to the Register's report, same overruled and the report approved.

Andrew & Jones, Allegheny City, bankrupts; Henry C. Jones discharged from all his debts.

Boneheler, Bonbright & Co. vs. Brady & Logan, Warren county; leave granted to discontinue proceedings.

Waring Bros. & Co., debtors, Pittsburgh; modification of order in relation to examination allowed.

James Duncan and R. B. Duncan, bankrupts, and Robert B. Edgar, bankrupt, Beaver county; death of William Henry, assignee, reported, and Thomas Henry appointed.

George H. Anderson, bankrupt, Pittsburgh; petition for final discharge referred to Register Harper.

Common Pleas No. 1—Judges Sterrett and Collier.

In the divorce case of Albert G. Boley vs. Martha E. Boley, the Court dismissed the petition on the ground that the testimony did not show sufficient proof of the marriage of the parties.

In the divorce case of Johns vs. Johns, John C. Graham, Esq., was appointed Commissioner to take testimony.

A libel in divorce was filed by Emma Bertha Weis against Fred. Weis, on the ground of cruel treatment. A subpœna was awarded.

James G. Hunter, Esq., was appointed election assessor of the Second district of the First ward.

Alice E. Bressman presented a libel in divorce against Wm. H. Bressman, and a subpœna was awarded.

In the divorce case of Moses Anderson vs. Ann Bell Anderson, Winfield S. Wilson, Esq., was appointed Commissioner.

The South Side Fire Insurance Company presented an application for a decree of dissolution, and Saturday, August 7th, was fixed for a hearing.

In the case of James L. Murray *et al.* vs. Lindley Murray & Co., James S. Young, Esq., was appointed Auditor.

H. A. Collier, Esq., was appointed Auditor in the case of Elizabeth Meyerhoffer vs. John Meyerhoffer.

In the matter of the voluntary assignment of Nicholas Paul to Thos. Jamison, Gustavus Schleiter and F. Disque were appointed appraisers.

Jerry Hembold was discharged from custody under the insolvent laws; bond having been approved.

C. W. McCord was appointed Commissioner in the case of W. A. Springer vs. Rachel Springer.

The Pennsylvania Company operating the Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad, asked leave to sell certain unclaimed goods, which was granted and publication ordered.

In the case of Fred. Carothers *et al.* vs. the borough of Braddocks, S. C. Milligan, Esq., was appointed Commissioner.

Orphans' Court—Judge Hawkins.

Estate of James Ingles, deceased. Decree made *nunc pro tunc*, as of date November 2, 1874, under decision of the Supreme Court.

James A. Geier, minor. Charles E. Reed, guardian, discharged.

Julia Hauley, deceased. Petition of administrator for leave to mortgage real estate of decedent, bond to be given, etc.

Estate of Joseph Sutton, deceased. Decree of distribution made.

Robert Hood, deceased. Widow's appraisement presented and approved *nisi*.

Elizabeth Ramsey, minor. Upon choice of minor, Henry Elkin appointed guardian.

Susan Ramsey, minor—same party appointed guardian.

Charles Asche, deceased. Widow's appraisement presented and approved *nisi*.

Charles M. Short, deceased. Bond of George Y. McKee, as guardian, presented and approved.

Henry A. Herdt, minor. Adam Weiman appointed guardian, upon choice of minor. Bond filed and approved.

Estate of Henry Greismer, deceased. Decree in partition made.

Estate of Hugh Roberts, deceased. In partition. Suggestion of the death of Lucy Roberts filed.

Hatty Throop, minor. In re private sale of interest of minor; bond of guardian presented and approved. Report of sale presented and approved. Deed of guardian to Fred. Briggs acknowledged in open court.

On motion of Mr. McClung, Messrs. James H. Reed, George H. Woods and John C. Haymaker were duly admitted and qualified to practice in this court.

Quarter Sessions—Judge Stowe.

Harry McClure, convicted of *fornix et cet.*, charged by Mary Atkinson, was sentenced to pay a fine of $50 to the Guardians of the Poor and to pay the costs.

Lucy Gibson, convicted of receiving stolen goods, charged by James W. Thompson, was sentenced sixty days to the Workhouse, and John Young indicted jointly and convicted, was sentenced four months to the same place.

In the case of John Frazier, convicted of larceny on the oath of Edward Richter, a new trial was granted and a *nolle pros.* allowed on payment of costs.

BASE BALL NOTES.

THE Pittock and Surprise clubs will play a game this week.

THE D. Sullivan defeated the Relief second nine by a score of 10 to 4.

THE A. Zimmermans beat the Grand Centrals on Thursday. Score—28 to 13.

THE Michael Hokley Club defeated the Lawrence Sullivan on Friday by a score of 25 to 5.

THE Independents, of Sewickley, last Friday beat a picked nine from Pittsburgh and Allegheny—31 to 0.

THE Pittsburgh B. B. C. accepts the challenge of the Robert Liddell club to play on Friday, July 23d.

THE Mutuals, of Meadville, Pa., defeated the Unions, of Newark, New Jersey, the other day, at the latter place—7 to 5.

THE Juniatas challenge the J. Close to play them a game on the grounds at the foot of Thirty-seventh street, on Wednesday, July 21st.

THE Legal Tenders and National Currencies (bank clerks of the two cities) will have a contest at Union Park to-morrow afternoon.

THE J. W. Pittocks, of the East End, are willing to play any junior club in the country. Address H. Logan, East End, Pittsburgh.

THE Independents, of Sewickley, and the Neshannocks, of New Castle, will play a return match at Union Park, Allegheny, at an early day.

THE Thomas H. Hunter Club was organized Saturday evening, and are anxious to be challenged. Address, Tobie Ennis, 335 Webster avenue.

THE Chris. Seitz Club would like to hear from the J. Close as soon as possible. The captain can be found at corner of Forbes and Stevenson streets this evening.

A MATCH game was played Friday between the William Reed and Lightfoot clubs. Score—Reeds 34, Lightfoots 0. The Reeds would like to hear from the Walls club.

THE O'Hara Club organized Saturday, and are now ready for challenges, to be directed to the O'Hara glass house. C. W. Marshall is captain and F. McCall secretary.

THE Yankee Blades, learning that the Frank X. Burns are spoiling for a match, will be happy to accommodate them at Smoky Island, this evening at three o'clock sharp.

THE Orientals defeated the Sylvans by a score of 38 to 5, and now they are ready to play any club the members of which are under thirteen years of age. Address J. J. Schade, 3706 Butler street.

THE Reliance, a new club now organizing in Allegheny, would like to have two more good players from fifteen to eighteen years of age. Apply to or address Reliance B. B. C., 87 East Ohio street.

THE old Philo Club has disbanded and a new club has been organized, called the East End. This club laid out the Brushton nine last Friday—18 to 3. They are anxious to make a match with the Independents, of Sewickley.

THE members of the Marietta Club are very anxious to play the Xanthas and the J. Stroups, and hereby challenge them, either or both. Would play the Xanthas in Union Park on Wednesday afternoon at three o'clock, if agreeable.

THE Active, of the Fifteenth ward, having organized, with some of the best players in either city, are anxious to hear from any amateur nine in Western Pennsylvania. Address all communications to J. J. Schade, 3706 Butler street.

The Union, of Mercer, and Oil City clubs played a match game at Oil City Friday, the Unions winning the game by a score of 26 to 10. Mr. S. B. Griffith, Secretary of the Union Club, writes: "The Unions have not been beaten this season. They challenged the Xanthe Club, of Pittsburgh, but have not as yet had an answer from them. We are waiting for it."

THE Xantha's challenge to the Neshannocks, of New Castle, has been accepted. The following was received from the Directors of the latter club last Saturday: "The Neshannock Base Ball Club accept your challenge and will play you on your grounds on July 29 or 30, (we cannot fix the exact date to-day, but will let you know which day early next week). We will take one-half gross receipts, and give you one-half gross receipts when you play us return game."

SATURDAY—Lightfoots, 5; Pat Kearneys, 18. E. P. Loughridge, 13; Neversweats, 7. J. O'Neills, 6; Blooomingstars, 4. D. K. Ramseys, 22; Young Knowns, 15. Michael Conroys, 13; Alex. Aikens, 10. W. Barrys, 30; D. O'Leary's, 28. Paddy Whites, 17; J. O'Hanlons, 12. Orientals, 35; Sylvans, 4. Wilsons, 49; Pier Dannells, 28. Dan Downers, 9; Youghioghenys, 7. S. P. Conners, 28; Unions, 20. Marietta, 3; Active, 2. H. B. Millers, 19; Philos, 7. Well Knowns, 11; Resolutes, of Sharpsburg, 8.

THE game between the Youghioghenys, of Connellsville, and the Dan Downers, of this city, played at Connellsville last Saturday, was quite interesting. The score stood 9 for the Downers to 7 for their opponents. This is the first defeat the Youghioghenys have met with this season. The Downers caught fourteen flys, not one having been missed by them. The Connellsville cornet band was in attendance, and discoursed some very fine music, both before and after the game. James McCoy, of the Youghiogheny Club, umpired.

THE LATE GRAND JURY.

A Chance to Get Out Some Facts.

It is about time that the allegations against the late Grand Jury, and the Assistant District Attorney, to the effect that prosecutors in liquor cases did not have a "fair shake" before that body, and were mulct in costs upon bills which should not have been ignored, should receive a careful sifting at the hands of the Court. We have no definite knowledge on the subject, but rumors affecting the purity of the very fountain of justice ought not to be passed lightly by. An opportunity has been offered in which the facts, in one case at least, can be brought out.

On Saturday, J. W. Over, Esq., in the Court of Quarter Sessions, made a motion in arrest of judgment in the case of Mrs. Matilda Plannett, wife of Rev. J. W. Plannett, who had been assessed the costs in the case of the Commonwealth vs. Patrick Keeney, the bill against whom for selling liquor had been ignored. In support of the motion, counsel for Mrs. Plannett submitted the affidavit of the latter. She set forth that she had been informed that the defendant was selling liquor on Sunday, and she notified the constable of the borough of Etna. The constable returned the case to the Grand Jury, and gave Mrs. Plannett's name as one of the witnesses, although no information was made against Keeney. Mrs. Plannett, however, was not subpœnaed to testify before the Grand Jury, and the first intimation she had that the case had been before that body was when an officer came with a process to collect the costs.

After hearing this affidavit the Court granted a rule to show cause on the District Attorney, and the facts in the case will be fully investigated.

There are other cases which it would be well to have cleared up, to set at rest many grave charges.

The Duquesne Greys.

Over two hundred of the Duquesne Greys left by the Allegheny Valley Railroad Saturday evening for Mayville, N. Y., near which they opened their summer encampment yesterday. The boys go well prepared with equipments, stores, &c., and are certain to have a lively time in their pleasant quarters. Doubtless many of our citizens will visit them at Chautauqua during their stay.

CITY MATTERS IN BRIEF.

JUDGE MCCANDLESS *et al.* start for Erie to-day.

JUSTICE STRONG, of the Supreme Court, is in the city.

MR. JOHN SHIPTON left for California, on Friday, on a pleasure excursion.

HON. MILES S. HUMPHREY, ex-State Senator, has taken unto himself a wife.

THE Nineteenth Regiment, N. G. P., will have a battalion drill in Union Park, Allegheny, next Thursday evening.

THE miners in the employ of the Castle Shannon Coal Company are on a strike against a proposed reduction to two and a half cents.

JOSEPH BUSHA, of the Pittsburgh Fire Department, has applied for a patent for his Alarm Recorder which is now being put up in all the engine houses.

THE members of the old Sixty-first Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteers will meet at Gerst's Hall, corner of Second and Madison streets, Allegheny, next Friday evening.

THE Grand Army of the Republic posts of this city are talking about erecting a monument in Allegheny Cemetery in memory of the unknown Union soldiers buried there.

PROBABLY ten thousand people were gathered about the scene of the laying of the corner stone of the new German church, corner of Sixth avenue and Smithfield street, yesterday afternoon.

OFFICER COULSON took Mike Paradine to the Central Station last night. He found the prisoner at the corner of Penn avenue and Fourteenth street, about nine o'clock, acting in a very disorderly manner.

JOHN GOGGINS, one of the prisoners who escaped from the workhouse at the time of the fire there, was recaptured on Friday evening last and returned to the institution on Saturday by officer Roger O'Mara.

A SINGLE SCULL three mile race took place at Wheeling Saturday afternoon between James Manton and James Corcoran, for a purse of $200. Manton won in 24:23. Frank Denmarsh and other Pittsburgh oarsmen were present.

SEVERAL policemen were before Mayor McCarthy on Saturday, on charges of dereliction of duty. Solomon Lamb was allowed to resign under fine. Officers Philip O'Reilly and Allen were before the Mayor for failing to appear at the hearing of cases in which they were the arresting officers. They were each fined five dollars.

THE New York correspondent of the Louisville *Courier-Journal* writes thus of a well-known gentleman: "The small man to whom the fairies gave amiability and took it out of him in beauty is John Ellsler, of Cleveland and Pittsburgh. He has the immortal satisfaction of having put Clara Morris on to the stage. John is tenacious, and can stand more bad luck, and pay salaries on it, than any man in America. He is generally liked. He was born that way."

Ninth Reserves Reunion.

The people of McKeesport are making extensive preparations for the reunion of the Ninth Pennsylvania Reserves at that place on the 28th inst. The Citizens' Committee appointed to look after the subsistence of the guests made arrangements for quartering the visitors at the houses of citizens. The soldier element favored the idea of getting up an army dinner of beans, hard tack, corned beef, etc., the same to be served in tin vessels, on rough tables, in the Diamond. So the Citizens' Committee suspended operations and a Soldiers' Committee was appointed to carry out the idea mentioned. The citizens will be asked to contribute money toward getting up the camp dinner, and no doubt they will respond liberally.

The Fifth Avenue Trouble.

F. M. Magee, Esq., filed a bill in equity, on Saturday, in Common Pleas No. 2, on behalf of certain property owners on Fifth avenue, to restrain General Barton, contractor, from proceeding with his illegal paving project. Messrs. Hamilton and Acheson are counsel for defendant. By agreement of counsel, Thursday next was fixed for hearing the argument upon the motion for an injunction.

THE Duquesne Greys and Knap's Battery left for Chautauqua lake Saturday night, where they expect to remain in camp about ten days.

For Sale.

At Emsworth, six miles down the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway, a beautiful residence, consisting of an eight roomed frame house, with finished attic, marble mantles, furnace, bath rooms, water closet, range, hot and cold water, ample porches, one 30x9 feet, all finished in the most elaborate style. House only two years old, newly papered and painted. About half an acre of ground attached. The situation is picturesque in the extreme. Abundance of forest, shade trees, magnificent view, and within two minutes walk of the railroad station. Also easily accessible by West End avenue. Is the property of a professional man, whose business will not permit his living in the country. Cost him nine thousand five hundred dollars ($9,500). Eight thousand dollars will purchase it. Four thousand dollars cash, and balance in 6 annual payments, with interest. For further information call on

R. W. McCONNELL, 61 Fourth avenue.

ALSO

Two of the most desirable lots in Allegheny city. 49 feet 7 inches fronting on Western avenue, near the corner of Allegheny avenue, immediately in front of the residences of Dr. Hostetter, Mr. Shoenberger and Mr. Byers. This is the most desirable and pleasant location in the two cities. For further particulars call or address,

G. W. SPENCER, 254 Penn avenue.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Schenck's Sea Weed Tonic.

In the atmosphere experienced here during the summer months, the lethargy produced by the heat takes away the desire for wholesome food, and frequent perspirations reduce bodily energy, particularly those suffering from the effects of debilitating diseases. In order to keep a natural, healthful activity of the system, we must resort to artificial means. For this purpose Schenck's Sea Weed Tonic is very effectual. A few doses will create an appetite and give fresh vigor to the enervated body. For dyspepsia, it is invaluable. Many eminent physicians have doubted whether dyspepsia can be permanently cured by the drugs which are generally employed for that purpose. The Sea Weed Tonic in its nature is totally different from such drugs. It contains no corrosive minerals or acids; in fact it assists the regular operations of nature, and supplies her deficiencies. The tonic in its nature so much resembles the gastric juice that it is almost identical with that fluid. The gastric juice is the natural solvent which, in a healthy condition of the body, causes the food to be digested; and when this juice is not excreted in sufficient quantities, indigestion, with all its distressing symptoms, follows. The Sea Weed Tonic performs the duty of the gastric juice when the latter is deficient. Schenck's Sea Weed Tonic sold by all druggists.

A Valuable Discovery.

Dr. C. W. Benson, a practicing physician, at 106 North Eutaw street, Baltimore, Md., (who has paid much attention to nervous diseases), has discovered that extract of celery and chamomile, combined in a certain proportion, invariably cures headache, either bilious, dyspeptic, nervous or sick headache, neuralgia and nervousness. This is a triumph in medical chemistry, and sufferers all over the country are ordering by mail. He prepares it in pills, at fifty cents per box. The doctor is largely known and highly respected in Baltimore.—*Episcopal Methodist.* Sold by all druggists. Harris & Ewing agents for Pittsburgh. TTHS

CROP NOTES.

PENNSYLVANIA.

Our farmers have been busy cutting and storing wheat during the past week, and the crop is now generally housed. From all parts of the county we have favorable reports, both as to quality and quantity.—*Gettysburg Star and Sentinel.*

Farmers are busy harvesting. Grain and grass are rather light crops in this county, except where grain was sheltered from the winter, or on new ground. However, the crops are by no means a general failure. The recent showers have improved the oats and corn wonderfully, and vegetables are growing rapidly.—*Clarion Democrat.*

The farmers in this section should be happy this year. Never before in a good many years have the crop prospects, with the exception of corn and fruit, been better. The hay, wheat and oats were never better, and we confidently look for good times this fall.—*Cambridge Index.* True every word of it. In this section we hear no grumbling whatever. The farmers appear well pleased with the prospect—thanks to Providence always for bountiful showers and plenty of sunshine.—*Titusville Courier.*

Some of our farmers have already entered the field to cut their wheat crop, and in a day or two harvesting will have commenced in earnest and the farmes busily engaged securing this important crop. The general opinion is that the yield will be much better than was at first anticipated, and the quality of the grain excellent. All the untoward circumstances taken into consideration, we have great reason to be thankful for the fine crop with which a kind Providence has blessed us this season.—*Bloomsburg Republican.*

The wheat crop in this country has been harvested and housed, and may be said to be fully up in quality and quantity, in many localities, to the average of past years. The first crop of grass, which was light, has been secured, and the second will be much better, owing to the late rains. The oats crop is short. Corn promises a heavy yield, not inferior to last year, which was all our farmers desired. The potato crop will be fair, where the bug has been carefully watched; and vegetables of all kind are growing luxuriously. Apples, peaches and grapes will be abundant.—*Chester Republican.*

Some four weeks ago our farmers were in rather a desponding mood, occasioned by the then dry weather and the poor appearance of spring crops. Since then, however, we have had numerous showers of rain and the crops, especially oats, corn, potatoes and grass give as fair promise for a good yield as could be expected. Rye will be a fair average, but the wheat will not exceed more than half a crop, and yet in many places where it was thought there would be none at all, it exceeds all expectations for a fair yield. In the spring it was thought the potato crop would be a failure because of the ravage of the bugs, but we have now the assurance that the yield will be even more than in former years. If the season continues favorable and the buckwheat gets a fair start, sufficient to shade the ground and thus retain moisture, we shall have abundance. Let us all be thankful.—*Butler Herald.*

A correspondent, writing from Harrisburg, says: The crops of this and most of the surrounding counties will be exceptionally good this year. The farmers are jubilant, and their boasting is really refreshing to one who has had to listen to the complaints of farmers during the past spring and summer. In Perry county the grain of all kinds is better than it has been for many years. In Cumberland the yield is only slightly inferior. In York the wheat and rye are exceptionally good, while the oats and grass are somewhat short. The corn crop is everywhere promising. Lancaster county alone is an exception to the general luxuriousness of the grain yield; for, although that county is nearly always sure, the crops this year, except the corn, will be worse than they have been for many years. The people are now in the midst of their harvesting, which gives the county an active appearance, but makes it somewhat dull in the towns.

OHIO.

Vinton county potatoes never promised better.

There will be a fine potato crop in Logan county.

Hay will be more abundant in Union county than for three years.

Oats in Adams county will thresh out double what they did last year.

The potato yield of Adams county is the largest ever known there.

Spring barley is good in Montgomery county. Wheat is injured by rust.

Wheat in Athens county proves to be much better than was anticipated.

In Monroe and Noble counties an unusually large area of tobacco has been planted.

Tobacco in Guernsey county will not be as good as last year on account of the cutworm.

Wheat harvest has been in progress throughout Southern and Central Ohio during the past week.

The Logan county potato crop will be large, hay good, wheat hardly average, oats the best for years.

In Ross county the rust has damaged the wheat greatly, and not more than a third of a crop will be gathered.

A medium tobacco crop has been planted in Belmont county, and much has been destroyed by cutworms and must be replanted.

The peach crop in Hancock county, as well as apples, plums and cherries, will be a failure. Corn is backward, but stands even and has a good color. Oats, flax and potatoes are looking well.

ADDITIONAL RIVER DISPATCHES

ST. LOUIS, July 18.—Arrived—Grand Lake and barges and Commonwealth, New Orleans; Northwestern, St. Paul; Dugan, Jefferson City; Rob Roy, Keokuk; City of Chester, Memphis. Departed—Dugan, Jefferson City. River falling slowly. Weather cloudy and cooler.

STATE NEWS.

A Reading man has a coin which is 1,568 years old.

There is an extensive Indian burying ground four miles from Reading.

A man in this State was mean enough to hang himself with his wife's silk apron.

They talk, in Reading, of turning their fair ground into a public park. Good idea.

George Fry died in Robinson township, Berks county, last week, at the age of ninety-two years.

A Reading brewer has just put into his establishment a copper kettle which will contain 250 barrels.

A church fair in Bethlehem made over $1,000 last week. The times can't be so hard over there.

A cat in Bethlehem turned a coal oil lamp over and the result was the total destruction of a good dwelling house.

Mrs. Martha Ehler, a lady noted for her benevolent works, died in Lancaster on Friday morning, 16th inst., after a long illness.

Thomas Riggs, a boy, was kicked by a horse in Le Roy township, Bradford county, last week, and so badly hurt as to cause his death.

The corner-stone of the new building of the Y. M. C. A. of Philadelphia was laid on Friday. The structure promises to be quite imposing.

A Pennsylvania man captured a rattlesnake and set about teaching it some tricks. He was on the high road to success when they had to bury him.

The insane department of the Montgomery county poor house is described as in a terrible condition. Where are the Board of Public Charities?

Four Pottstown gentlemen recently drove 108 miles in one day. The team used has been wagered to travel 500 miles in five consecutive days.

Mrs. Hostetter, aged seventy-eight years, fell down stairs in Warwick township, Lancaster county, on the evening of the 16th inst., and broke her neck.

The *Eagle* says the chicken cholera has been very prevalent at Reading and throughout the county, several breeders of fancy stock having lost largely by it.

Henry Slaybaugh, an old and respected citizen of Newville, while engaged in roofing a small shed fell off the roof and was killed by having his neck broken.

Coatesville is organizing a "society for the protection of property from thieves." The numerous burglaries in that vicinity, recently, has prompted this movement.

A new horse disease is said to have made its appearance in Reading. The animals discharge pale yellow matter from their eyes. The application of cold water is used as a cure.

The average amount paid to the military companies of the State is about $800, which includes the State appropriation of $400, transportation expenses, and armory rent, etc., allowed.

A party of Scranton fishermen returned home the other day after a week's fishing, having succeeded in capturing a single perch weighing half a pound, which cost them fifty dollars.

J. W. McCrea, of Mauch Chunk, stepped on a nail, which penetrated his foot. He suffered terribly, having many of the symptoms of hydrophobia, until death relieved him.

The officers of the Miners and Laborers' Benevolent Association, of Schuylkill county, have instituted proceedings for libel against Colonel Ramsey, of the Pottsville *Miners' Journal.*

Mr. John Egel, aged sixty years, of Conemaugh township, Cambria county, was thrown from his wagon on Saturday, 17th inst., and received injuries which, it is feared, will prove fatal.

The Williamsport *Gazette and Bulletin* says: "There are a less number of low liquor saloons open in this city now under the license law than there used to be at times under the local option act."

Mrs. Susan Grier, colored, fainted from the effects of the heat, while picking cherries in Lancaster, on Friday, and fell to the ground, a distance of twenty feet, receiving injuries likely to prove fatal.

The safe of the Pottstown Gas and Water Company will have to be broken open. The record of the combination was in the possession of Joseph Potts, Jr., and since his death his friends have searched for it in vain.

The Pottstown *Ledger* says that a move will shortly be made in the matter of enlarging the borough limits of Pottstown. By taking in the built up suburbs, the population of the town will be increased, it is thought, to 7,500 or 8,000.

A milk dealer, fifty years old, committed suicide recently by jumping off a ferry boat into the Delaware river at Philadelphia. Milkmen are proverbially fond of water, but this one allowed his fondness to run away with his judgment.

Barney McCue, who is to be hung at Williamsport August 9th, is something of a philosopher. When his death warrant was being read to him, for the second time, the other day, he calmly remarked: "Well, if they hang me I won't be drowned."

William Miller, a brakeman on the Reading Railroad, was killed on Wednesday at Swede's furnace, Berks county. In jumping from a train to recover his hat, he was thrown under the wheels and frightfully mangled. He lived in Tamaqua, Schuylkill county.

The Supreme Court of Pennsylvania has just reaffirmed an old decision that in the matter of the highways, a county, township, or municipality is liable for any damages resulting from neglect of duty in keeping the highways in a proper state of repair.

The house burned at Warren and mentioned a few days ago, was occupied by J. H. Browman who returned from Pittsburgh the evening before the fire with $1,100, which he placed in a closet containing $200 worth of silverware, as the banks were closed. The money and plate perished together.

The number of boys who have run away from their homes in Easton during the past month is about twelve, and it is all the result of too much dime novel reading. They usually clear out in parties of three or four and are gone two or three days on an average before they grow tired of tramping and learn to appreciate the comforts left at home.

When we look around and see the large number of able-bodied men who spend their money and their time at the beer saloons, while their wives are stitching at home, or go out washing to earn money to keep themselves and children from starving, we naturally wonder why more young men don't get married—and marvel more that so many young ladies do.—*Norristown Herald.*

The Danville *American* says: There are living in this county eight brothers whose aggregate height reaches forty-nine feet nine and a half inches, being a fraction less than six feet three inches to each man. We believe this to be a little the tallest family of boys in the State. Montour county doesn't spread out very far in surface acres, but she has a mighty high opinion of herself, nevertheless.

A blindfold rowing match, open to all boats, will take place on Saturday afternoon next at two o'clock. The distance will be from Hoovensworth to Barbadoes Island, starting from a set stake and ending at set stakes opposite. The money received as entrance fee will be awarded as prizes, two-thirds to the man coming nearest the stake and one-third to the next nearest. The most unlucky one will receive a tin quart mug of buttermilk.—*Norristown Herald.*

Mr. Musselman, residing in Shrewsbury township, York county, while in the woods loading bark, on Monday, was struck by a large rattlesnake in the middle finger of the left hand at the second joint, ripping it open to the nail, on the inside and outside of the finger, so terrible was the attack. Mr. M., who had left his axe sticking in a log close by, with remarkable presence of mind, stepped to his axe, and chopped his finger off close of his hand. He is getting well, though he suffered considerably.

Harry Bricker, son of Samuel Bricker, of Silver Spring, Cumberland county, left his home on the 11th inst., and nothing has been heard of him since. He had on when he left a black and white mixed suit and black hat. He took with him a horse and buggy; the horse is a dun color with white mane and tail, and the buggy a falling top, nearly new. Information furnished by telegraph or otherwise to the Mechanicsburg *Journal* will be gladly received and rewarded.

A married woman of Allentown got tired of her husband and home a week or ten days ago, and eloped with a young man. But her new-found happiness was of short duration. The other day she returned to her former home, repentant and destitute, and sought the forgiveness of the husband she had deserted. Instead of being received with joy and full forgiveness, that individual would have nothing to do with her, and turned her from the door of the home which she had disgraced. The partner of her guilt has not been heard from.

The receipts at the Philadelphia City Treasury during the month of June last were $1,181,539, which, with $4,417,208 of balance on hand at the beginning of the month, makes the aggregate resources for the month of June $5,598,747. Of this payments were made on account of interest on the city debt, $1,255,726; on account of city warrants, $328,910; interest on city warrants, $8,240; cash paid on mandamuses, $44,172, and on account of sinking fund, $166,957; making an aggregate of payments for the month of $1,799,007, and leaving a balance on hand to carry to the credit of July of $3,799,739.

The Gettysburg *Star and Sentinel* says: Last week we noticed the fact that Miss Mary Gulden, daughter of Levi Gulden, of Mountpleasant township, sustained fatal injuries by falling from a cherry tree. On Thursday of last week Mr. Gulden, the father, who had not been well, went to the field where the harvest hands were at work, having an umbrella hoisted over him to protect him from the heat of the sun. The horses seeing the umbrella took fright and started to run. Mr. Gulden, who was unable to get out of the way, was caught by the knives of the reaper, cutting and mangling his foot so as to cause his death on Saturday. He was sixty-two years of age.

The Bradford *Reporter* says: Mrs. R., of the first ward, has a pet dog of the rat-and-tan species, which has been taught among other tricks to sit up and beg in canine language for whatever it wants. The other day the little fellow saw a big Newfoundland dog passing by its master's residence, with a bone, and immediately fell on his haunches before the large brother, and commenced begging for it. The large animal for a moment surveyed the little mendicant, and then depositing the morsel before him, trotted along to find another for himself. In the light of such acts, who will say that dogs do not have reasoning faculties?

The Reading *Times* says: Mr. William H. Rhoads, who resides in Pottsgrove township, east of Pottstown, has been pretty severely poisoned by Paris green, which poisoning was done in rather a singular manner. He was crossing a potato field in this county a few days since, the owner whereof, it seems, had been dusting his vines with this bug-killing compound, and some of the Paris green adhered to the bottoms of his pantaloons. In the evening Mr. Rhoads got the stuff on his hands and wrists while removing his shoes, and the poison thus communicated commenced its work. His hands and wrists are very much swollen, and he suffers severe pain. Mr. Rhoads is obliged to carry one arm in a sling, and is prevented from following his work. It may be that dusting potato vines with this poison kills the Colorado bugs, but the operation is certainly attended with danger to humans, as well as to the insects.

"Aunt Sally Baynor" died at the Home for Aged and Infirm Colored Persons in Philadelphia, last week, at the age of 115. Her hair was white as the purest snow and very fine and silky, and though years had much bent her form, yet she was active, tripping up and down stairs like a much younger person. Her mind remained clear and sight good till near her close, and until within a few months she could thread a needle and hem and sew as in her earlier days, never having needed the use of spectacles. Born a slave in Cecil county, Md., she told one of the managers that her early life was one of hard labor, rising very early to attend to a large dairy, and then after a hasty breakfast to labor in the corn-field, adding, "hard work never hurt Aunt Sally." She was very industrious, would brush her room, and up to within a few months insisted on cleaning all the knives in the establishment, and when her feebleness prevented this seemed to feel that she was not attending to her duties, and appeared uncomfortable about it. She always enjoyed good health, even to the last, and gradually passed away without any ailment except old age.

Poverty, Disappointment and Suicide.

The suicides of Chatterton, and Haydon, the painter, the one a youthful and the other an aged victim of poverty and disappointment; and of Hugh Miller, driven to madness by too long protracted study, are familiar to all. Another instance of self-destruction has just occurred at Rome, which has plunged the Roman capital in grief and horror. Juvara, an engraver of the highest rank, a pupil of Toschi, engraver of the Madonna Della Regia of Naples and of Mancinelle's St. Charles Borromeo, and Director of the Regia Calcografia, or royal engraving house, committed suicide on the 29th ult. The fact that so distinguished a man, who had reached his sixty-seventh year, was happily married and in good circumstances generally, should put an end to his life, was surprising. It is true that there was a suicidal propensity in the family, but he seemed to have outlived it. Very likely he would have died peaceably on his bed, had not jealous rivals greatly worried him with abusive anonymous letters. As it was, he put an end to his life in the most horribly original manner. Locking himself in his studio at eight o'clock in the morning, he cut a vein in his foot, caught the blood in a dish, and dipping a brush in it, recorded a strange journal of his dying moments or rather hours, for death came slowly. The following are extracts:

8½ o'clock. With a serene and cheerful conscience I am awaiting my death.

10 o'clock. Death has not yet arrived. I now cut the vein in my arm.

At half-past ten he wrote:

How strange! The blood mounts to my head. God pardon me, for I pardon my enemies.

The loss of blood finally restored his mind in part. Under date of two o'clock we find:

I have recovered my reason. My God, what have I done! What a rash act! It is too late, however, to repair the evil. I will now put an end to myself at once.

He undoubtedly carried out his resolution, for when found, at four o'clock, a revolver was grasped in his hand, the weapon having been discharged into his mouth.

DIED:

SHIDLE—Saturday, July 17th, at 8 o'clock P. M., ANNIE G., only daughter of G. C. and Annie R. Shidle, aged three years, seven months and eleven days.

Friends of the family are respectfully invited to the funeral from the residence of her parents, 74 Congress street, THIS (Monday) AFTERNOON, at 2:30 o'clock.

WILLIAMS—On Friday evening, July 16th, at 11 o'clock, JOSHUA D. WILLIAMS, in the seventy-first year of his age.

The funeral will take place from his late residence, Herron avenue, Thirteenth ward, TO-DAY, July 19th, at 2:30 P. M. Carriages will leave H. Samson's undertaking rooms at 1:45 P. M.

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For Sale!
Wagons from $55 to $500.
PLAIN AND SPRING WAGONS.
DUQUESNE WAGON WORKS,
Two Squares Below Suspension Bridge, Allegheny River.
M. C. COLEMAN & SON.

PLANTS! FLOWERS!
Roses, Verbenas, Geraniums, Heliotropes, Fuchsias, Callas, &c.
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The Highest Price paid for CAST OFF CLOTHING.
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IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS IN
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NEW ADJUSTABLE
Window Screen
WILL FIT ANY WINDOW
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WEAR FOR YEARS.
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